## **TECHNICAL & SERVICE MANUAL**



**OUTDOOR UNIT: SAP-CMRV1426EH** 

SAP-CMRV1926EH SAP-CMRV1936EH

SAP-CMRV2446EH

SAP-CMRV3146EH

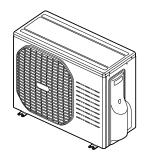
FILE NO.

**Destination: Europe** 

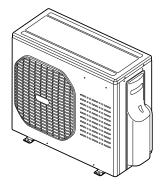
## DC INVERTER MULTI-SYSTEM AIR CONDITIONER

Capacity	Outdoor Model No.	Product Code No.
4.0kW	SAP-CMRV1426EH-F	1 852 355 43
5.6kW	SAP-CMRV1926EH-F	1 852 355 44
5.6kW	SAP-CMRV1936EH-F	1 852 355 45
6.8kW	SAP-CMRV2446EH-F	1 852 355 46
8.0kW	SAP-CMRV3146EH-F	1 852 355 47

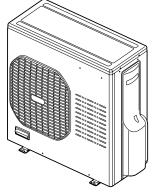
SAP-CMRV1426EH



SAP-CMRV1926EH SAP-CMRV1936EH SAP-CMRV2446EH



SAP-CMRV3146EH



#### < Applicable Indoor Units >

 Wall mounted type SAP-KRV96EHDSA SAP-KRV126EHDS

> SAP-KMRV76EH SAP-KMRV96EH SAP-KMRV126EH SAP-KRV186EH SAP-KRV246EH

#### NOTE

For details about the combination, refer to "Unit Combination Table" in the Appendix of this manual.

## **●** RoHS

• This product does not contain any hazardous substances prohibited by the RoHS Directive.

### **↑** WARNING

- You are requested to use **RoHS** compliant parts for maintenance or repair.
- · You are requested to use lead-free solder.



#### F-GAS REGULATION (EC) No 842 / 2006

Do not vent R410A into atmosphere: R410A is a fluorinated greenhouse gas, covered by Kyoto Protocol, with a Global Warming Potential (GWP) = 1975.

# Important! Please Read Before Starting

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards. As the installer or service person, it is an important part of your job to install or service the system so it operates safely and efficiently.

## For safe installation and trouble-free operation, you must:

- Carefully read this instruction booklet before beginning.
- Follow each installation or repair step exactly as shown.
- Observe all local, state, and national electrical codes.
- Pay close attention to all warning and caution notices given in this manual.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property damage.

#### If Necessary, Get Help

These instructions are all you need for most installation sites and maintenance conditions. If you require help for a special problem, contact our sales/service outlet or your certified dealer for additional instructions.

#### In Case of Improper Installation

The manufacturer shall in no way be responsible for improper installation or maintenance service, including failure to follow the instructions in this document.

#### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

WARNING

When Wiring



ELECTRICAL SHOCK CAN CAUSE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. ONLY A QUALIFIED, EXPERIENCED ELECTRICIAN SHOULD ATTEMPT TO WIRE THIS SYSTEM.

- Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system. Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring. Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury or death.
- · Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.
- Install a protective leakage breaker depending on the installation location (especially a damp or humid location). If a leakage breaker is not installed, electric shock can occur.

#### When Transporting

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminum fins on the air conditioner can cut your fingers.

#### When Installing

#### In a Ceiling or Wall

Make sure the ceiling/wall is strong enough to hold the unit's weight. It may be necessary to construct a strong wood or metal frame to provide added support.

#### In a Room

Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.

#### In Moist or Uneven Locations

Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks to provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.

#### In an Area with High Winds

Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.

In a Snowy Area (for Heat Pump-type Systems)
Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

#### When Connecting Refrigerant Tubing

- · Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them, then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak-free connection.
- Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

#### When Servicing

- Turn the power off at the main power box (mains) before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
- Clean up the site after you finish, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced.

#### **Others**



- Ventilate any enclosed areas when installing or testing the refrigeration system. Escaped refrigerant gas, on contact with fire or heat, can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- Confirm upon completing installation that no refrigerant gas is leaking. If escaped gas comes in contact with a stove, gas water heater, electric room heater or other heat source, it can produce dangerously toxic gas.

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## ■ APPLICABLE INDOOR UNITS

Multi-Outd	Indoor Unit	SAP- KRV96EHDSA	SAP- KRV126EHDS
2-Room	SAP-CMRV1426EH	YES	YES
2-Room	SAP-CMRV1926EH	YES	YES
3-Room	SAP-CMRV1936EH	YES	YES
4-Room	SAP-CMRV2446EH	YES	YES
4-Room	SAP-CMRV3146EH	YES	YES

Indoor Unit Multi-Outdoor Unit		SAP- KMRV76EH	SAP- KMRV96EH	SAP- KMRV126EH	SAP- KRV186EH	SAP- KRV246EH
2-Room	SAP-CMRV1426EH	YES	YES	YES	NO	NO
2-Room	SAP-CMRV1926EH	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO
3-Room	SAP-CMRV1936EH	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO
4-Room	SAP-CMRV2446EH	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES
4-Room	SAP-CMRV3146EH	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES

- **NOTE** 1. The table lists the wall-mounted type of indoor units as representative models.
  - 2. For details on the applicable indoor units other than the wall-mounted type, refer to the catalog.

## 1. OPERATING RANGE

Outdoor Unit: SAP-CMRV1426EH, SAP-CMRV1926EH, SAP-CMRV1936EH

SAP-CMRV2446EH, SAP-CMRV3146EH

Indoor Unit : SAP-KRV96EHDSA, SAP-KRV126EHDS

SAP-KMRV76EH, SAP-KMRV96EH, SAP-KMRV126EH

SAP-KRV186EH, SAP-KRV246EH

	Temperature	Indoor Air Intake Temp.	Outdoor Air Intake Temp.
Cooling	Maximum	32 °C D.B. / 23 °C W.B.	43 °C D.B.
Cooling	Minimum	19 °C D.B. / 14 °C W.B.	-5 °C W.B. (*1)
Heating	Maximum	27 °C D.B.	24 °C D.B. / 18 °C W.B.
Heating	Minimum	16 °C D.B.	— D.B. / <b>−</b> 15 °C W.B.

(\*1) 0 °C D.B. : When combined with SAP-KRV186EH or SAP-KRV246EH.

## 2. SPECIFICATIONS

## 2-1. Unit Specifications

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 2

Туре				2-Room Multi Outdoor Unit		
Number of Connectable Indoor Units			2			
Number of Operatable Indoor Units			2			
Max. Capacity of Opera	ting Indoor Units	kW		6.	15	
Power Source				220 to 240V Sir	ngle-Phase 50Hz	
Voltage Rating				23	80V	
Performance				Cooling	Heating	
Capacity		kW	4.0	( 2.0 to 5.0 )	4.5 (2.2 to 5.5)	
		BTU/h	13,600	,	15,400 (7,500 to 18,800)	
Air Circulation (High)		m³/h		1,900	1,900	
Electrical Rating				Cooling	Heating	
Available Voltage Ran	ge	V		1981	to 264	
Running Amperes		Α		4.1	4.1	
Power Input		W		925	925	
Power Factor		%		98	98	
E.E.R.		W/W		4.32	-	
C.O.P.	C.O.P.			-	4.86	
Compressor Locked R	otor Amperes	A	10.0			
Features (Outdoor Unit)						
Controls				Micropr	ocessor	
Fan Speeds			Auto (Hi, Me, Lo)			
Compressor				DC Twin Rotary (Inverter)		
Refrigerant / Amount of	harged at shipment	kg	R410A / 1.7			
Refrigerant Control			Electric Expansion Valve		ansion Valve	
Operation Sound	Hi	dB-A		47	48	
Refrigerant Tubing Co			Flare Type			
Max. allowable tubing		m			20	
Refrigerant	Narrow tube	mm (in.)			/4") × 2	
Tube Diameter	Wide tube	mm (in.)		9.52 (3	/8") × 2	
Dimensions & Weight (	Outdoor Unit)					
Unit Dimensions						
	Height × Width × Depth mm		569 × 790 × 285		90 × 285	
Package Dimensions						
Height × Width ×		mm			20 × 385	
Weight	Net	kg			2.0	
0.1.1.1.1	Shipping	kg			5.0	
Shipping Volume		m³		0.	22	

DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

#### Remarks:

The values shown in perfromance section and electrical rating section above are based on the following unit combination.
 For other combination unit, please refer to the "Unit Combination Table" in this manual.
 Indoor Unit: SAP-KMRV96EH 2units
 Outdoor Unit: SAP-CMRV1426EH 1unit

2. Rating conditions are: Cooling: Indoor air temp. 27°C D.B. / 19°C W.B. Heating: Indoor air temp. 20°C D.B. Outdoor air temp. 35°C D.B. / 24°C W.B. Outdoor air temp. 7°C D.B. / 6°C W.B.

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH

Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 1 + SAP-KRV186EH × 1

Туре			2-Room Multi Outdoor Unit		
Number of Connectable Inde	oor Units		2		
Number of Operatable Indoor Units			2		
Max. Capacity of Operating	Indoor Units	kW		8.65	
Power Source			220 to 240V	Single-Phase 50Hz	
Voltage Rating				230V	
Performance			Cooling	Heating	
Capacity		kW BTU/h	5.6 (2.1 to 6.8) 19,100 (7,200 to 23,200)	7.3 (2.4 to 8.4) 24,900 (8,200 to 28,700)	
Air Circulation (High)		m³/h	2,500	2,500	
Electrical Rating			Cooling	Heating	
Available Voltage Range		V		8 to 264	
Running Amperes		Α	7.52	7.70	
Power Input		W	1,695	1,735	
Power Factor		%	98	98	
E.E.R.		W/W	3.30	-	
C.O.P.		W/W	-	4.21	
Compressor Locked Rotor	Amperes	A	14.5		
Features (Outdoor Unit)					
Controls			Microprocessor		
Fan Speeds				Hi, Me, Lo)	
Compressor			DC Twin Rotary (Inverter)		
Refrigerant / Amount charg	ed at shipment	kg	R410A / 2.8		
Refrigerant Control			Electric Expansion Valve		
Operation Sound Hi		dB-A	46	47	
Refrigerant Tubing Connect			Flare Type		
Max. allowable tubing lengt	•	m	25		
	row tube	mm (in.)		(1/4") × 2	
Tube Diameter Wid	le tube	mm (in.)	9.52	(3/8") × 2	
Dimensions & Weight (Outd	oor Unit)				
Unit Dimensions					
Height × Width × Depth mm		740 ×	900 × 320		
Package Dimensions	Package Dimensions				
Height × Width × Dept		mm	868 ×	1,050 × 423	
Weight Net		kg		65.0	
	pping	kg	69.0		
Shipping Volume		m³	0.38		

#### DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

#### Remarks:

1. The values shown in perfromance section and electrical rating section above are based on the following unit combination. For other combination unit, please refer to the "Unit Combination Table" in this manual.

Indoor Unit: SAP-KMRV96EH 1unit + SAP-KRV186EH 1unit Out

Outdoor Unit: SAP-CMRV1926EH 1unit

2. Rating conditions are: Cooling: Indoor air temp. 27°C D.B. / 19°C W.B. Heating: Indoor air temp. 20°C D.B.

Outdoor air temp. 35°C D.B. / 24°C W.B.

Outdoor air temp. 7°C D.B. / 6°C W.B.

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 3

Туре		3-Room Multi Outdoor Unit		
Number of Connectable Indoor	Units	3		
Number of Operatable Indoor U	nits	3		
Max. Capacity of Operating Indo		10	).5	
Power Source		220 to 240V Sin	igle-Phase 50Hz	
Voltage Rating		23	0V	
Performance		Cooling	Heating	
Capacity	kW BTU/h	5.6 (2.9 to 6.8) 19,100 (9,900 to 23,200)	7.3 (3.4 to 8.4) 24,900 (11,600 to 28,700)	
Air Circulation (High)	m³/h	2,500	2,500	
Electrical Rating		Cooling	Heating	
Available Voltage Range	V		o 264	
Running Amperes	A	6.88	7.70	
Power Input	W	1,550	1,735	
Power Factor	%	98	98	
E.E.R.	W/W	3.61	-	
C.O.P.	W/W	-	4.21	
Compressor Locked Rotor Amp	eres A	14.5		
Features (Outdoor Unit)				
Controls			ocessor	
Fan Speeds		•	, Me, Lo)	
Compressor		DC Twin Rotary (Inverter)		
Refrigerant / Amount charged a	t shipment kg	R410A / 2.8		
Refrigerant Control			ansion Valve	
Operation Sound Hi	dB-A	46	47	
Refrigerant Tubing Connections		Flare Type		
Max. allowable tubing length pe		25		
Refrigerant Narrow	( )	·	/4") × 3	
Tube Diameter Wide tu	be mm (in.)	9.52 (3	/8") × 3	
Dimensions & Weight (Outdoor	Unit)			
Unit Dimensions				
Height × Width × Depth mm		740 × 900 × 320		
Package Dimensions				
Height × Width × Depth	mm	,	050 × 423	
Weight Net	kg		5.0	
Shippin		69.0		
Shipping Volume	m <sup>3</sup>		38	

#### DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

#### Remarks:

- The values shown in perfromance section and electrical rating section above are based on the following unit combination.
   For other combination unit, please refer to the "Unit Combination Table" in this manual.
   Indoor Unit: SAP-KMRV96EH 3units
   Outdoor Unit: SAP-CMRV1936EH 1unit
- 2. Rating conditions are: Cooling: Indoor air temp. 27°C D.B. / 19°C W.B. Heating: Indoor air temp. 20°C D.B. Outdoor air temp. 35°C D.B. / 24°C W.B. Outdoor air temp. 7°C D.B. / 6°C W.B.

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 4

Туре			4-Room Multi Outdoor Unit			
Number of Connectable	Indoor Units		4			
Number of Operatable Indoor Units			4			
Max. Capacity of Operat	ing Indoor Units	kW		13	3.1	
Power Source				220 to 240V Sin	gle-Phase 50Hz	
Voltage Rating				23	0V	
Performance				Cooling	Heating	
Capacity		kW	6.8	(2.9 to 8.1)	8.6 (3.4 to 9.0)	
Air Circulation (High)		BTU/h m³/h	23,200	( 9,900 to 27,600 ) 2,700	29,300 (11,600 to 30,700) 2,700	
Electrical Rating				Cooling	Heating	
Available Voltage Rang	ge	V			o 264	
Running Amperes		Α		8.87	8.87	
Power Input		W		2,000	2,000	
Power Factor		%		98	98	
E.E.R.		W/W		3.40	-	
C.O.P.		W/W		-	4.30	
Compressor Locked Re	otor Amperes	Α	14.5			
Features (Outdoor Unit)						
Controls				·	ocessor	
Fan Speeds				Auto (Hi, Me, Lo)		
Compressor				DC Twin Rot		
Refrigerant / Amount c	harged at shipment	kg	R410A / 2.8			
Refrigerant Control			Electric Expansion Valve			
	Hi	dB-A		47	49	
Refrigerant Tubing Cor			Flare Type			
Max. allowable tubing I	<u> </u>	m			5	
Refrigerant	Narrow tube	mm (in.)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/4") × 4	
Tube Diameter	Wide tube	mm (in.)		9.52 (3/8") × 3 +	+ 12.7 (1/2") × 1	
Dimensions & Weight (C	Outdoor Unit)					
Unit Dimensions						
Height × Width × Depth mm		740 × 900 × 320		00 × 320		
1 1	Package Dimensions					
Height × Width ×		mm			050 × 423	
Weight	Net	kg		65		
Objection 2 Male 12	Shipping	kg	69.0			
Shipping Volume		m <sup>3</sup>	0.38			

#### DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

#### Remarks:

The values shown in perfromance section and electrical rating section above are based on the following unit combination.
 For other combination unit, please refer to the "Unit Combination Table" in this manual.
 Indoor Unit: SAP-KMRV96EH 4units
 Outdoor Unit: SAP-CMRV2446EH 1unit

2. Rating conditions are: Cooling: Indoor air temp. 27°C D.B. / 19°C W.B. Heating: Indoor air temp. 20°C D.B. Outdoor air temp. 35°C D.B. / 24°C W.B. Outdoor air temp. 7°C D.B. / 6°C W.B.

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 4

Туре			4-Room Multi Outdoor Unit		
Number of Connectable Indoor Units			4		
Number of Operatable Indoor Units			4		
Max. Capacity of Operat	ing Indoor Units	kW		14	1.7
Power Source				220 to 240V Sin	gle-Phase 50Hz
Voltage Rating				23	0V
Performance				Cooling	Heating
Capacity		kW	8.0	( 2.9 to 9.2 )	9.4 (3.4 to 9.8)
		BTU/h		(9,900 to 31,400)	32,000 (11,600 to 33,400)
Air Circulation (High)		m³/h		3,030	3,030
Electrical Rating				Cooling	Heating
Available Voltage Rang	je	V		198 t	o 264
Running Amperes		Α		7.58	8.96
Power Input		W		1,725	2,040
Power Factor		%		99	99
E.E.R.		W/W		4.64	-
C.O.P.		W/W		-	4.61
Compressor Locked Ro	otor Amperes	A		17	7.0
Features (Outdoor Unit)					
Controls					ocessor
Fan Speeds				Auto (Hi,	•
Compressor			DC Twin Rotary (Inverter)		
Refrigerant / Amount cl	narged at shipment	kg	R410A / 3.8		
Refrigerant Control			Electric Expansion Valve		
	Hi	dB-A		48	50
Refrigerant Tubing Cor			Flare Type		
Max. allowable tubing I	<u> </u>	m .		3	
Refrigerant	Narrow tube	mm (in.)		·	/4") × 4
Tube Diameter	Wide tube	mm (in.)		9.52 (3/8") × 2 +	+ 12.7 (1/2") × 2
Dimensions & Weight (C	Outdoor Unit)				
Unit Dimensions					
	Height × Width × Depth mm			890 × 90	00 × 320
Package Dimensions	Package Dimensions				
Height × Width ×		mm			050 × 423
Weight	Net	kg		82	
	Shipping	kg	86.0		
Shipping Volume		m <sup>3</sup>	0.45		

#### DATA SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

#### Remarks:

The values shown in perfromance section and electrical rating section above are based on the following unit combination.
 For other combination unit, please refer to the "Unit Combination Table" in this manual.
 Indoor Unit: SAP-KMRV96EH 4units
 Outdoor Unit: SAP-CMRV3146EH 1unit

2. Rating conditions are: Cooling: Indoor air temp. 27°C D.B. / 19°C W.B. Heating: Indoor air temp. 20°C D.B.

Outdoor air temp. 35°C D.B. / 24°C W.B. Outdoor air temp. 7°C D.B. / 6°C W.B.

## 2-2. Major Component Specifications

## 2-2-1. Outdoor Unit

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH

Control PCB	
Part No.	CB-CMRV1426EH
Controls	Microprocessor
Control Circuit Fuse	250V 25A
Compressor	
Type	DC Twin Rotary (Hermetic)
Compressor Model / Nominal Output	C-6RVN93H0M / 1,000W
Compressor Oil Amount CC	FV50S 350
Coil Resistance (Ambient Temp. 20 °C) Ohm	R - S : 0.482
	S - T : 0.482
	T - R : 0.482
Safety Device	
CT (Peak current cut-off control)	Yes
Compressor Discharge Temp. Control	Yes
Operation cut-off control in abnormal ambient Temp.	Yes
Overload Relay Model	CS-7L115
Operation Temp.	Open : 115 °C, Close : 95 °C
Run Capacitor Micro F	-
VAC	-
Crankcase Heater	-
Fan	
Туре	Propeller
Q'ty Dia. mm	1 D420
Fan Motor	
Туре	DC Motor
Model Q'ty	DAJ12-55J71-CR 1
No. of Poles	8
Rough Measure RPM (Cool:Hi / Heat:Hi)	750 / 750
Nominal Output W	50
Coil Resistance Ohm	RED - WHT : 77.5
(Ambient Temp. 20 °C)	WHT - BLU : 77.5
	BLU - RED : 77.5
Safety Device	
Type	Internal Controller
Over- Current Protection	Yes
Run Capacitor Micro F	<u>•</u>
VAC	-
Heat Exchanger Coil	
Coil	Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube
Rows	2
Fin Pitch mm	1.3
Face Area m <sup>2</sup>	0.452
External Finish	Acrylic baked-on enamel finish

## Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH

Control PCB						
Part No.		CB-CMRV1926EH				
Controls		Microprocessor				
Control Circuit Fuse		250V 25A				
•		200 ¥ 2011				
Compressor		DOT : Date (Herrita)				
Туре		DC Twin Rotary (Hermetic)				
Compressor Model / Nominal Out		5KD240XAB21 / 1,700W				
Compressor Oil Amount	CC	FV50S 900				
Coil Resistance (Ambient Temp. 2	20 °C) Ohm	U - V : 0.720 V - W : 0.708				
Cofety Davies		W - U : 0.726				
Safety Device	t 1)	V				
CT (Peak current cut-off co		Yes				
Compressor Discharge Tell Operation cut-off control in ab		Yes Yes				
Operation cut-off control in ab	normai ambient Temp. Model	CS-7LN115				
Overload nelay		Open : 115 °C, Close : 100 °C				
Run Capacitor	Operation Temp.  Micro F	Open . 115 °C, Close : 100 °C				
null Capacitoi	VAC	-				
Crankcase Heater	VAC	230V 25W				
		230 V 23 V V				
Fan						
Type		Propeller				
Q'ty Dia.	mm	1 D460				
Fan Motor						
Туре		DC Motor				
Model Q'ty		SIC-71FW-D490-1 1				
No. of Poles		8				
Rough Measure RPM (Cool:Hi / H	•	650 / 650				
Nominal Output	W	90				
Coil Resistance	Ohm	-				
(Ambient Temp. 20 °C)						
Safety Device						
Type		Internal Controller				
Over- Current Protection	on	Yes				
Over- Heat Protection		Yes				
Run Capacitor	Micro F	-				
	VAC	-				
Heat Exchanger Coil		All at an Black Fit (2)				
Coil		Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube				
Rows		2				
Fin Pitch	mm	1.4				
Face Area	m <sup>2</sup>	0.595				
External Finish		Acrylic baked-on enamel finish				

## Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH

Part No.		CB-CMRV1935EHFA			
Controls		Microprocessor			
Control Circuit Fuse	Control Circuit Fuse 250V 25A				
ompressor					
Type		DC Twin Rotary (Hermetic)			
Compressor Model / Nominal Outp	out	5KD240XAB21 / 1,700W			
Compressor Oil Amount	CC	FV50S 900			
Coil Resistance (Ambient Temp. 2	0 °C) Ohm	U - V : 0.720			
		V - W : 0.708			
		W - U: 0.726			
Safety Device					
CT (Peak current cut-off co	ntrol)	Yes			
Compressor Discharge Ten	np. Control	Yes			
Operation cut-off control in abr	normal ambient Temp.	Yes			
Overload Relay	Model	CS-7LN115			
	Operation Temp.	Open: 115 °C, Close: 100 °C			
Run Capacitor	Micro F	-			
	VAC	-			
Crankcase Heater		230V 25W			
Type	mm	Propeller 1 D460			
Q'ty Dia.	mm	Т D400			
an Motor					
Туре		DC Motor			
Model Q'ty		SIC-71FW-D490-1 1			
No. of Poles		8			
Rough Measure RPM (Cool:Hi / H		650 / 650			
Nominal Output	W	90			
Coil Resistance	Ohm	<del>-</del>			
(Ambient Temp. 20 °C)					
Safety Device					
Type	_	Internal Controller			
Over- Current Protection Over- Heat Protection	П	Yes			
	\A: F	Yes			
Run Capacitor	Micro F	<del>-</del>			
	VAC	- -			
eat Exchanger Coil					
Coil		Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube			
Rows		2			
Fin Pitch	mm	1.4			
Face Area	m²	0.595			
		Acrylic baked-on enamel finish			

## Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH

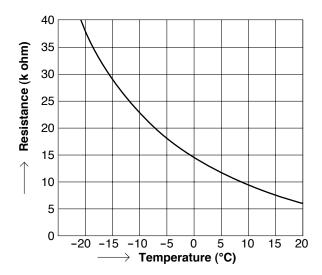
Control PCB						
Part No.		CB-CMRV2445EHFA				
Controls		Microprocessor				
Control Circuit Fuse		250V 25A				
•		250 ¥ 251 €				
Compressor		DOT: D. (1)				
Туре		DC Twin Rotary (Hermetic)				
Compressor Model / Nominal Out		5KD240XAB21 / 1,700W				
Compressor Oil Amount	CC	FV50S 900				
Coil Resistance (Ambient Temp. 2	20 °C) Ohm	U - V : 0.720 V - W : 0.708				
Cofety Davise		W - U : 0.726				
Safety Device	amtura ()	Vaa				
CT (Peak current cut-off co		Yes Yes				
Compressor Discharge Ter Operation cut-off control in ab		Yes				
Operation cut-oil control in ab	Model	CS-7LN115				
Overload helay	Operation Temp.	Open : 115 °C, Close : 100 °C				
Run Capacitor	Micro F	Open . 115 C, Close . 100 C				
Hull Capacitor	VAC	<u>-</u>				
Crankcase Heater	7710	230V 25W				
		2007 2077				
Fan						
Type		Propeller				
Q'ty Dia.	mm	1 D460				
Fan Motor						
Type		DC Motor				
Model Q'ty		SIC-71FW-D490-1 1				
No. of Poles		8				
Rough Measure RPM (Cool:Hi / F	•	700 / 700				
Nominal Output	W	90				
Coil Resistance	Ohm	-				
(Ambient Temp. 20 °C)						
Safety Device						
Type Over- Current Protectio	<u> </u>	Internal Controller				
Over- Heat Protection	)(1	Yes Yes				
Run Capacitor	Micro F					
null Capacitor	VAC	-				
Heat Exchanger Coil						
Coil		Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube				
Rows		2				
Fin Pitch	mm	1.4				
Face Area	m <sup>2</sup>	0.595				
External Finish						
LAIGHIGH FIIIISH		Acrylic baked-on enamel finish				

## Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH

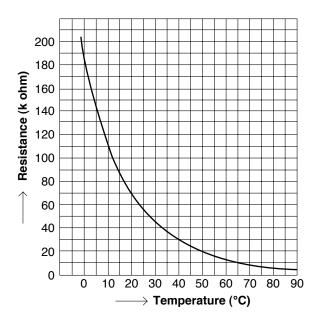
ontrol PCB				
Part No.	CB-CMRV3145EHFA			
Controls	Microprocessor			
Control Circuit Fuse	250V 25A			
ompressor				
Type	DC Twin Rotary (Hermetic)			
Compressor Model / Nominal Output	5JD420XAB22 / 3,000W			
Compressor Oil Amount CC	FV50S 1,200			
Coil Resistance (Ambient Temp. 20 °C) Ohm	U - V : 0.435			
	V - W: 0.441			
	W - U: 0.452			
Safety Device				
CT (Peak current cut-off control)	Yes			
Compressor Discharge Temp. Control	Yes			
Operation cut-off control in abnormal ambient Temp.	Yes			
Overload Relay Model	CS-7LN115			
Operation Temp.	Open : 115 °C, Close : 100 °C			
Run Capacitor Micro F	-			
VAC	-			
Crankcase Heater	230V 25W			
an				
Туре	Propeller			
Q'ty Dia. mm	1 D460			
an Motor				
Туре	DC Motor			
Model Q'ty	SIC-71FW-D490-1 1			
No. of Poles	8			
Rough Measure RPM (Cool:Hi / Heat:Hi)	750 / 750			
Nominal Output W	90			
Coil Resistance Ohm	-			
(Ambient Temp. 20 °C)				
Safety Device				
Туре	Internal Controller			
Over- Current Protection	Yes			
Over- Heat Protection	Yes			
Run Capacitor Micro F	-			
VAC	<del>-</del>			
eat Exchanger Coil				
Coil	Aluminum Plate Fin / Copper Tube			
Rows	2			
Fin Pitch mm	1.4			
Face Area m <sup>2</sup>	0.723			
xternal Finish	Acrylic baked-on enamel finish			

## 2-3. Other Component Specifications

Sensor Name	Model No. of sensor	Quantity of Sensor					
		SAP- CMRV1426EH	SAP- CMRV1926EH	SAP- CMRV1936EH	SAP- CMRV2446EH	SAP- CMRV3146EH	
Outdoor air temp sensor	TKS295B	1	1	1	1	1	
Outdoor heat exchanger sensor	TKS292B	1	1	1	1	1	
AW / AN sensor	TKS292B	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	
BW / BN sensor	TKS292B	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	1/1	
CW / CN sensor	TKS292B	0	0	1/1	1/1	1/1	
DW / DN sensor	TKS292B	0	0	0	1/1	1/1	

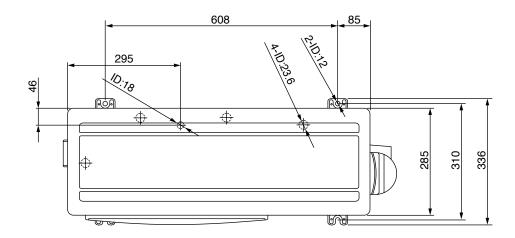


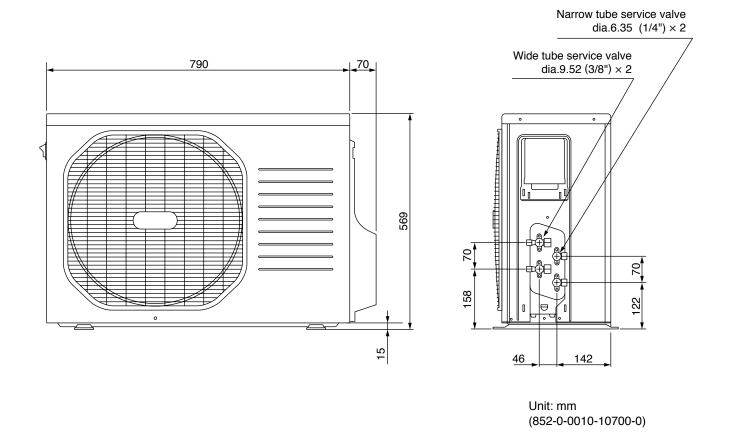
Sensor Name	Model No. of sensor	Quantity of Sensor					
		SAP- CMRV1426EH	SAP- CMRV1926EH	SAP- CMRV1936EH	SAP- CMRV2446EH	SAP- CMRV3146EH	
Compressor temp sensor	TKS293B	1	1	1	1	1	



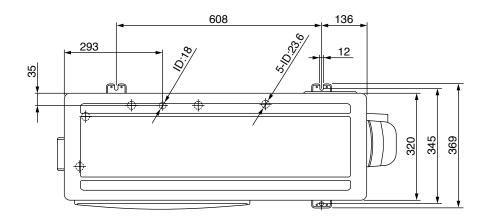
## 3. DIMENSIONAL DATA

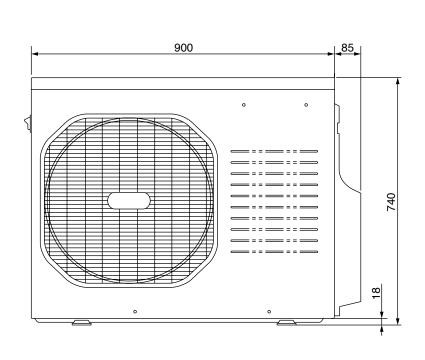
Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH

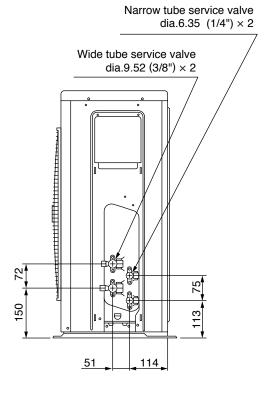




## Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH

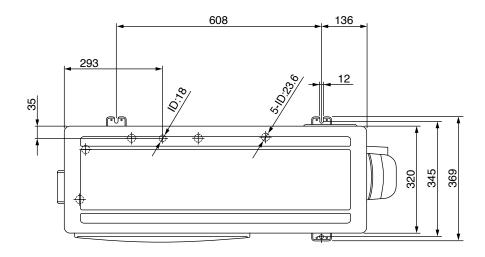


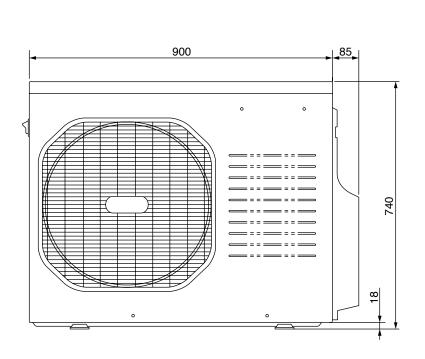


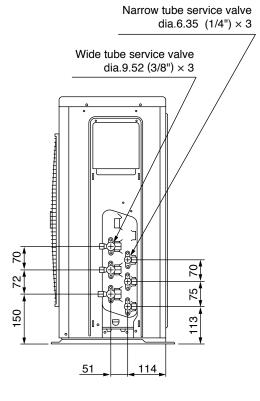


Unit: mm (852-0-0010-13400-0)

## Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH

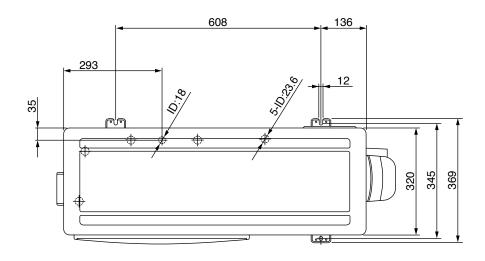






Unit: mm (852-0-0010-10900-0)

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH



Wide tube service valve dia.12.70 (1/2") × 1

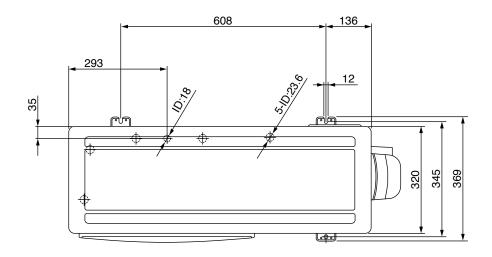
Narrow tube service valve dia.6.35 (1/4") × 4

Wide tube service valve dia.9.52 (3/8") × 3

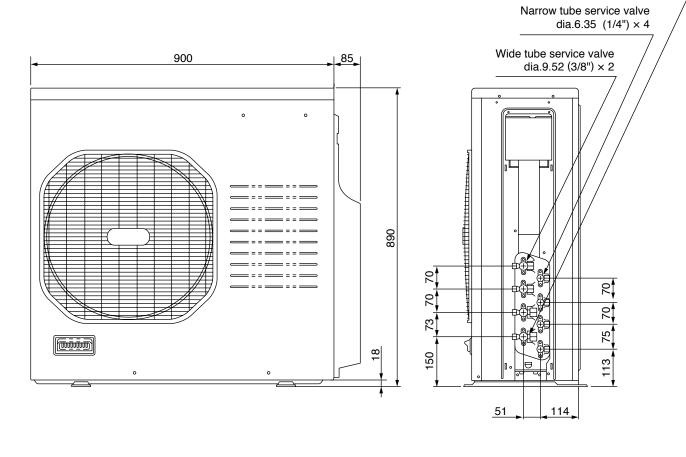
Unit: mm

(852-0-0010-11000-0)

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH



Wide tube service valve dia.12.70  $(1/2") \times 2$ 

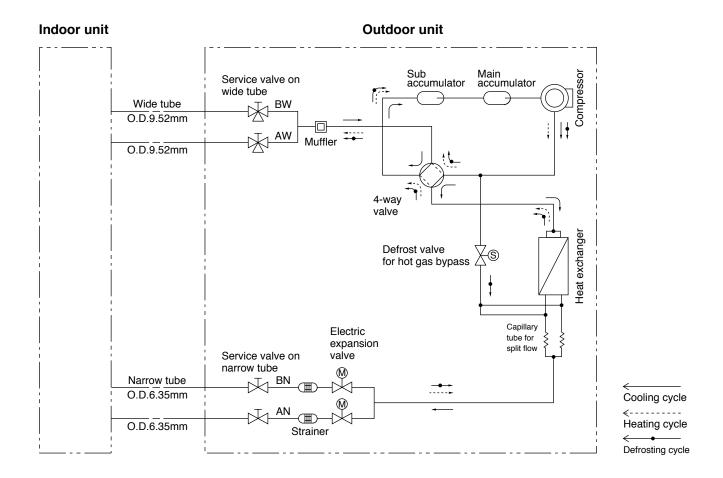


Unit: mm (852-0-0010-11100-0)

## 4. REFRIGERANT FLOW DIAGRAM

## 4-1. Refrigerant Flow Diagram

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH

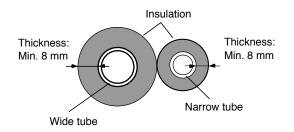


## **Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing**

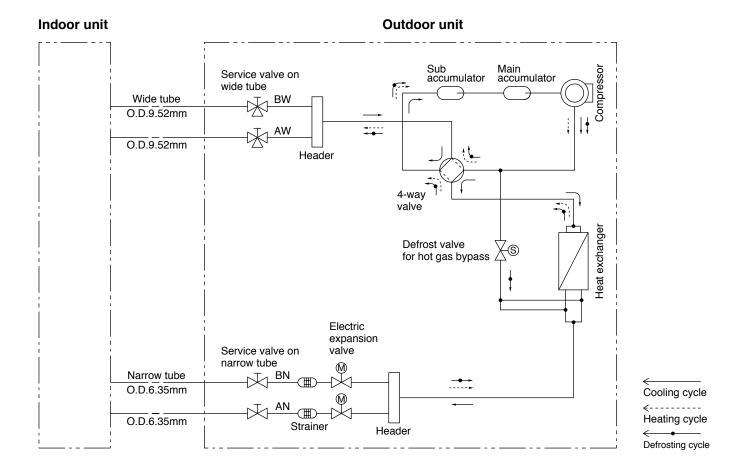
## IMPORTANT

Because capillary tubing is used in the outdoor unit, both the wide and narrow tubes of this air conditioner become cold. To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated** with a proper insulation material. The thickness of the insulation should be a min. 8 mm.





#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH

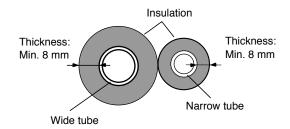


## **Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing**

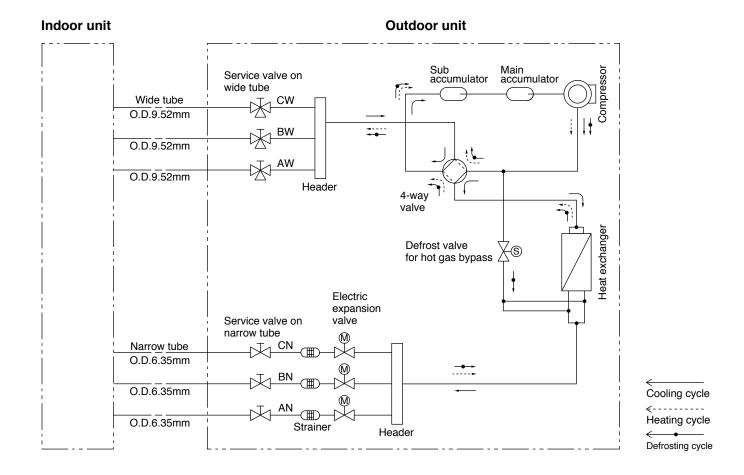
## IMPORTANT

Because capillary tubing is used in the outdoor unit, both the wide and narrow tubes of this air conditioner become cold. To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated** with a proper insulation material. The thickness of the insulation should be a min. 8 mm.





#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH

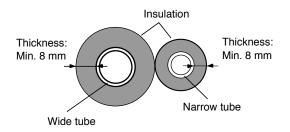


## **Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing**

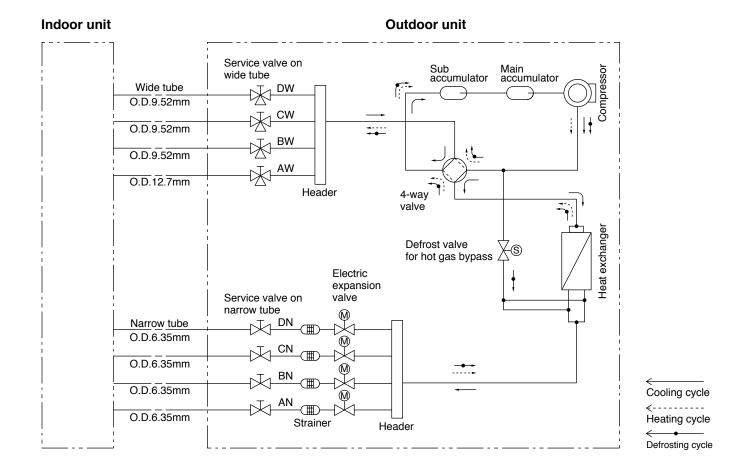
## IMPORTANT

Because capillary tubing is used in the outdoor unit, both the wide and narrow tubes of this air conditioner become cold. To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated** with a proper insulation material. The thickness of the insulation should be a min. 8 mm.





#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH

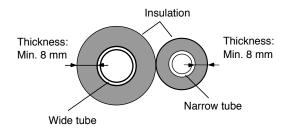


## **Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing**

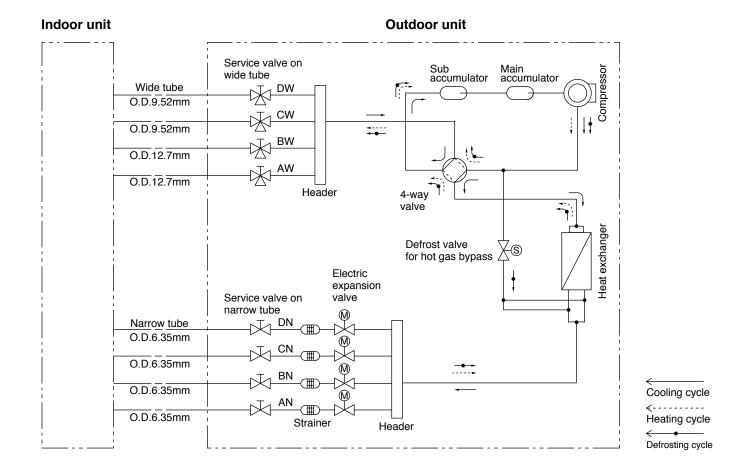
## IMPORTANT

Because capillary tubing is used in the outdoor unit, both the wide and narrow tubes of this air conditioner become cold. To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated** with a proper insulation material. The thickness of the insulation should be a min. 8 mm.





#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH

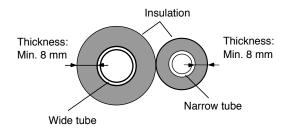


## **Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing**

## IMPORTANT

Because capillary tubing is used in the outdoor unit, both the wide and narrow tubes of this air conditioner become cold. To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated** with a proper insulation material. The thickness of the insulation should be a min. 8 mm.





## 5. PERFORMANCE DATA

## 5-1. Temperature Charts

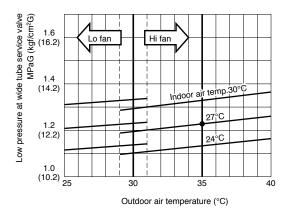
### 5-1-1. Temperature Charts (SAP-CMRV1426EH)

Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV76EH × 1

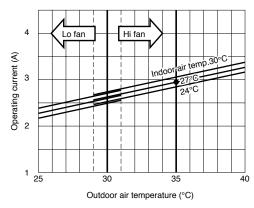
## Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

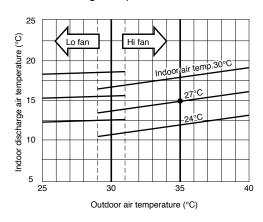
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



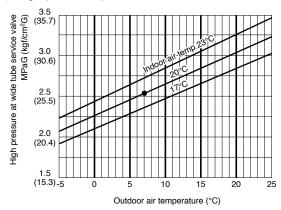
## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



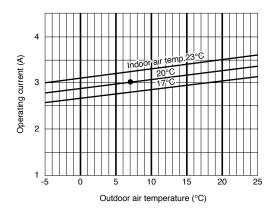
#### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

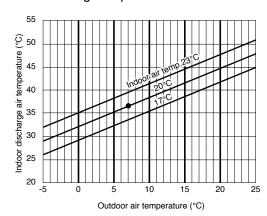
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



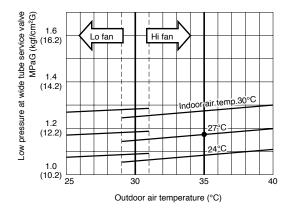
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 1

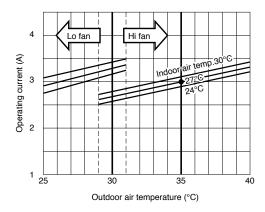
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

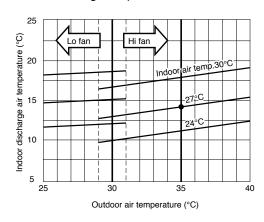
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



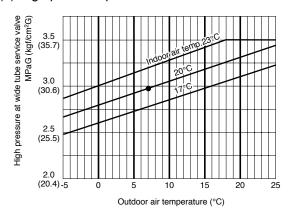
## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



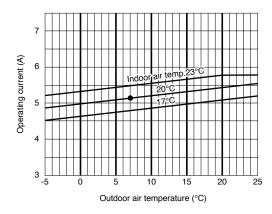
#### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

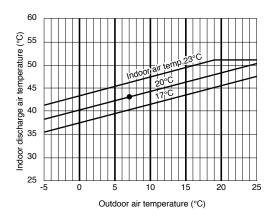
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



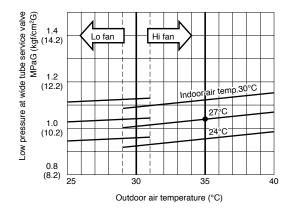
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV126EH × 1

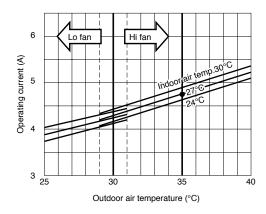
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

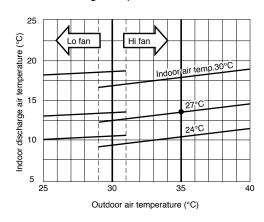
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



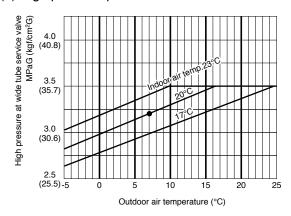
#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



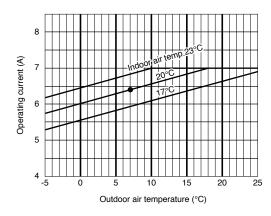
#### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

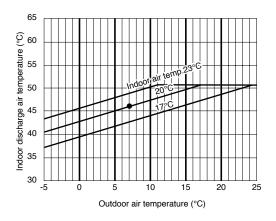
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



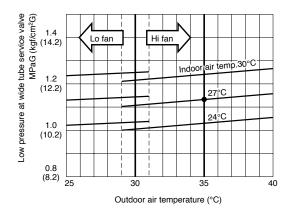
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV96EHDSA × 1

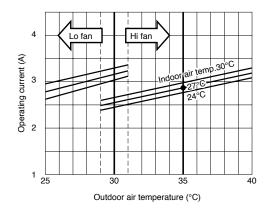
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

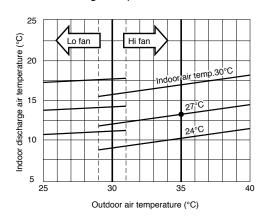
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



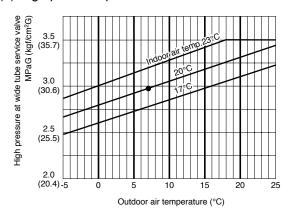
#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



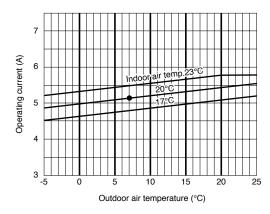
#### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

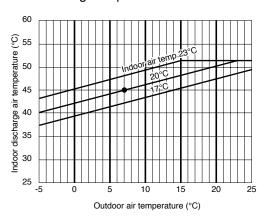
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



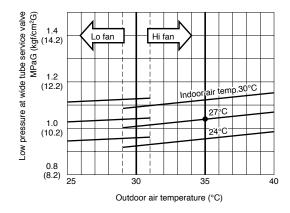
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV126EHDS × 1

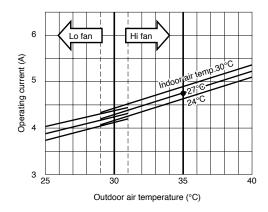
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

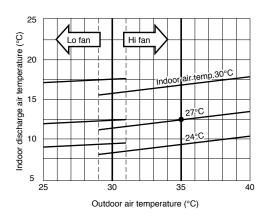
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



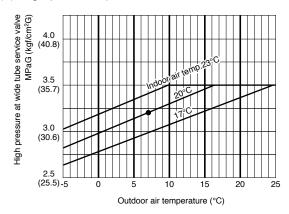
#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



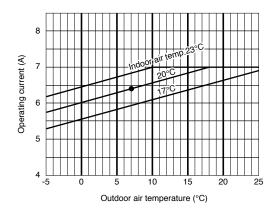
#### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

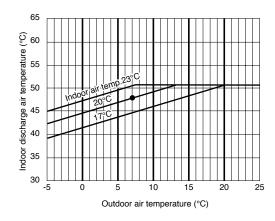
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

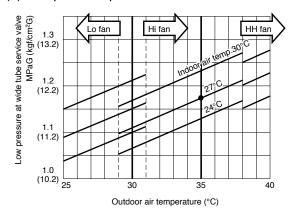
## 5-1-2. Temperature Charts (SAP-CMRV1926EH)

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV76EH × 1

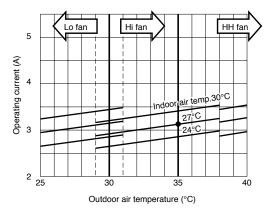
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH: 46%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

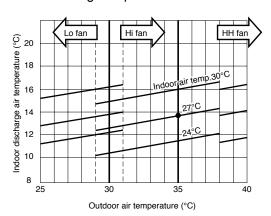
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



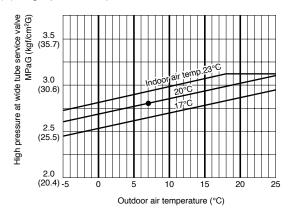
#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



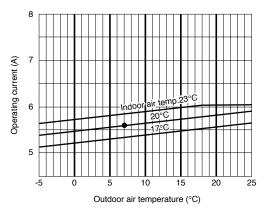
#### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

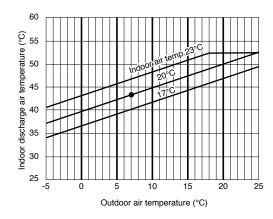
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



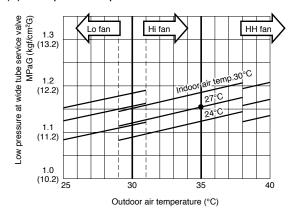
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 1

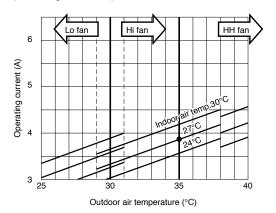
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

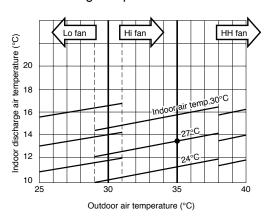
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



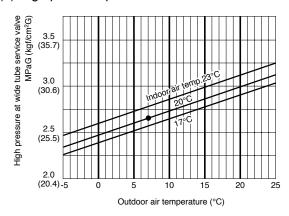
#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



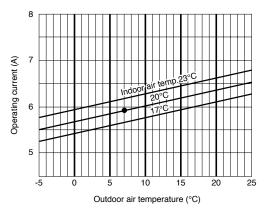
#### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

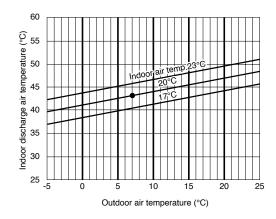
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



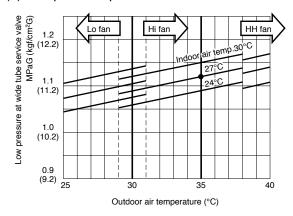
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV126EH × 1

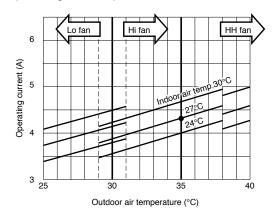
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

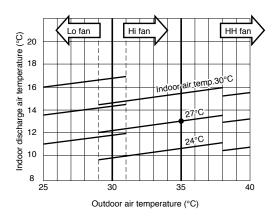
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



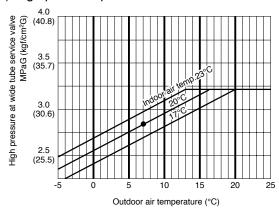
#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



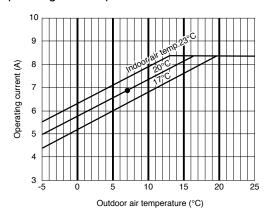
#### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

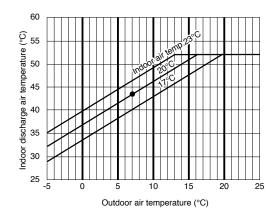
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



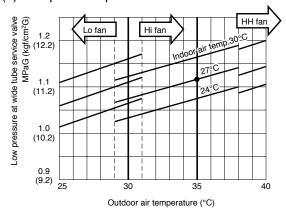
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

#### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV186EH × 1

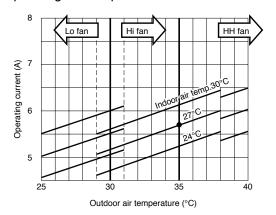
#### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

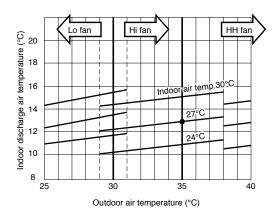
#### (1) Low pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



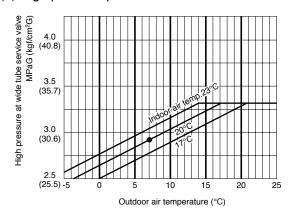
#### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



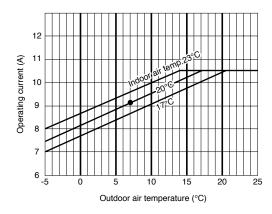
#### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

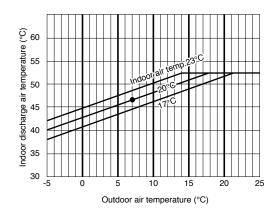
#### (1) High pressure performance chart



#### (2) Operating current performance chart



## (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



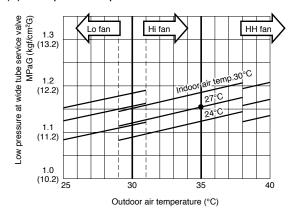
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV96EHDSA × 1

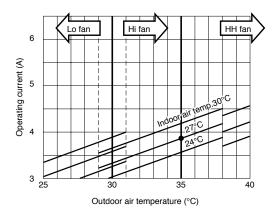
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

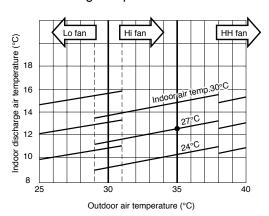
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



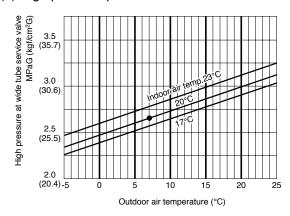
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



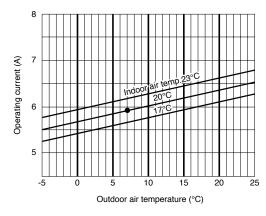
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

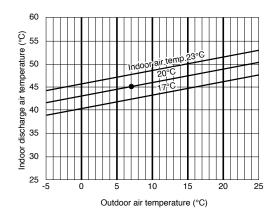
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



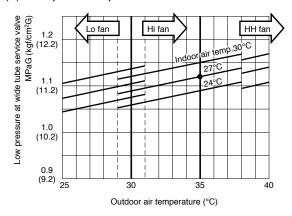
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1926EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV126EHDS × 1

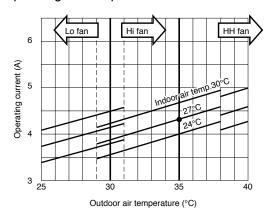
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

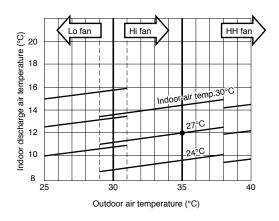
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



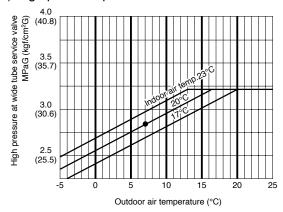
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



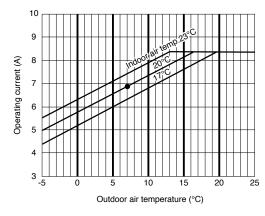
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

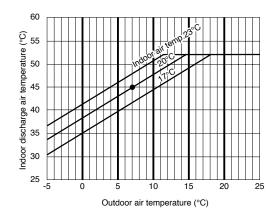
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

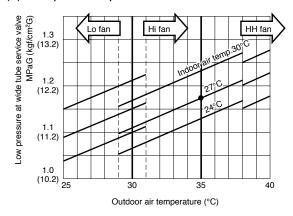
### 5-1-3. Temperature Charts (SAP-CMRV1936EH)

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV76EH × 1

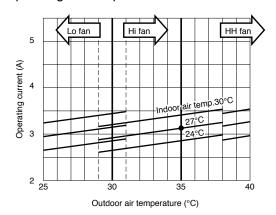
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH: 46%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

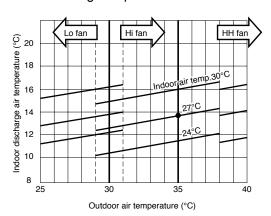
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



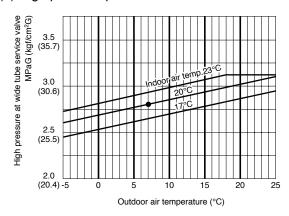
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



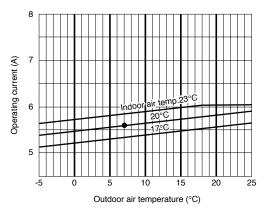
### Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

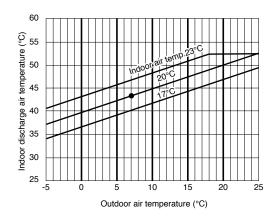
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



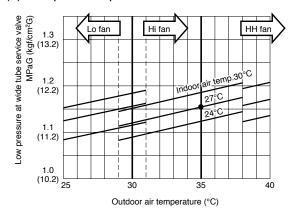
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 1

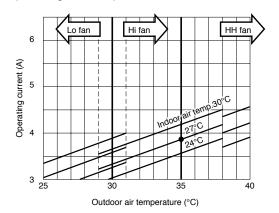
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

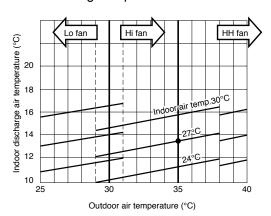
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



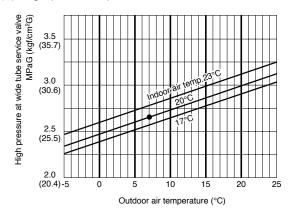
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



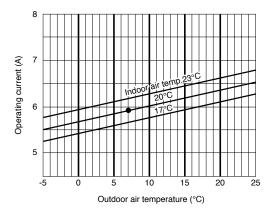
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

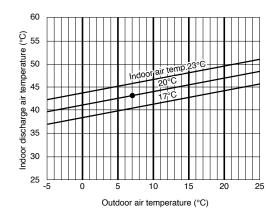
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



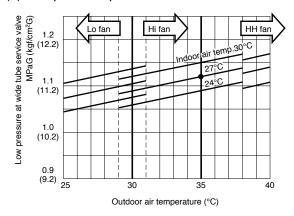
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV126EH × 1

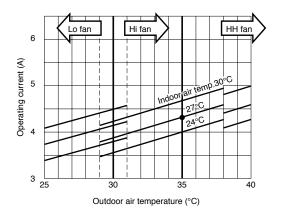
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

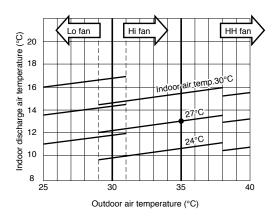
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



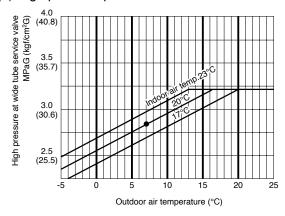
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



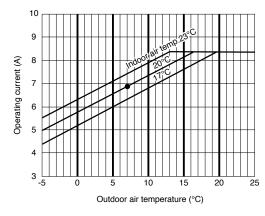
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

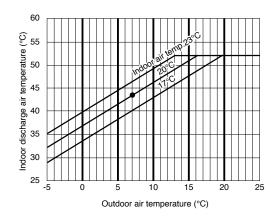
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



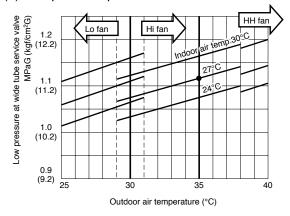
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV186EH × 1

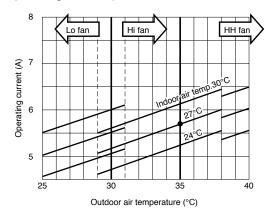
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

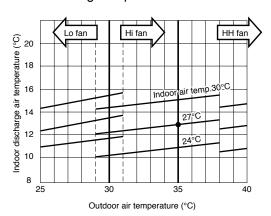
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



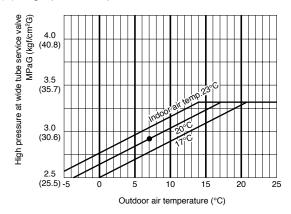
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



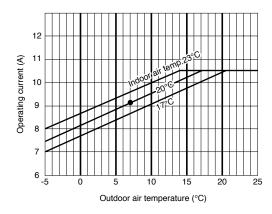
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

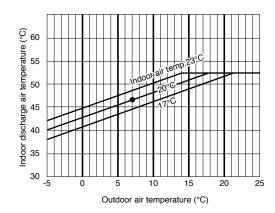
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



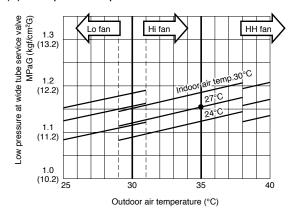
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV96EHDSA × 1

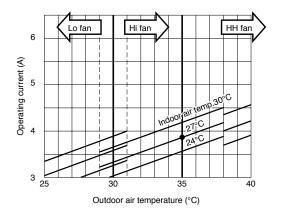
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

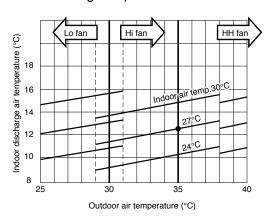
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



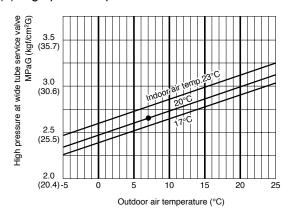
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



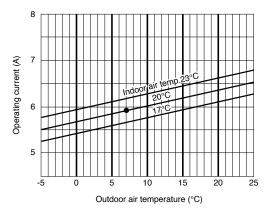
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

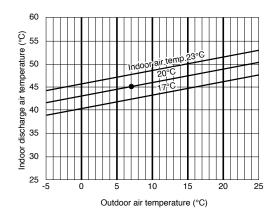
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



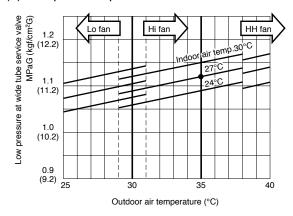
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1936EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV126EHDS × 1

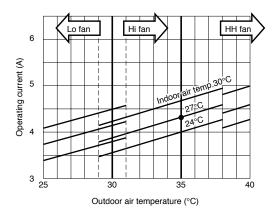
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

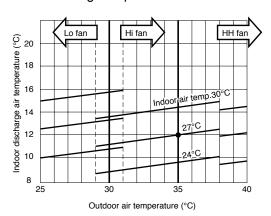
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



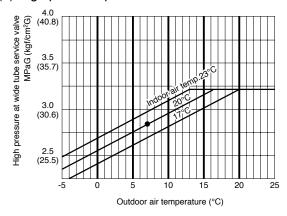
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



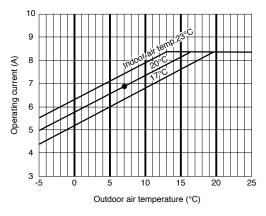
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

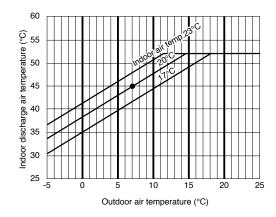
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

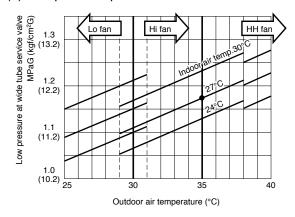
# 5-1-4. Temperature Charts (SAP-CMRV2446EH)

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV76EH × 1

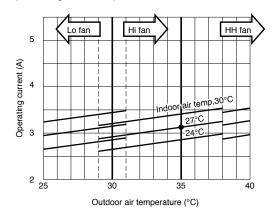
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH: 46%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

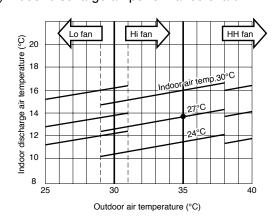
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



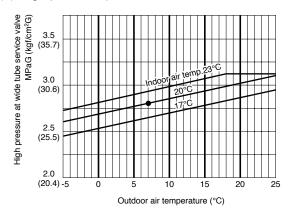
# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



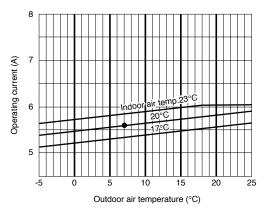
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

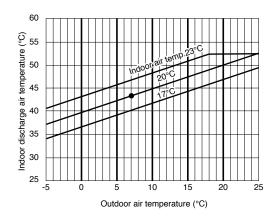
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



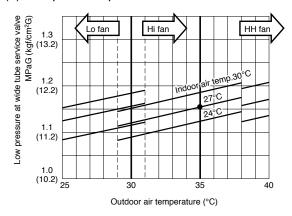
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 1

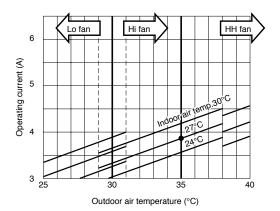
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

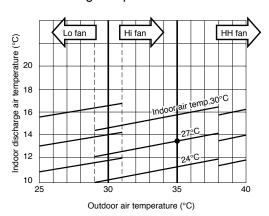
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



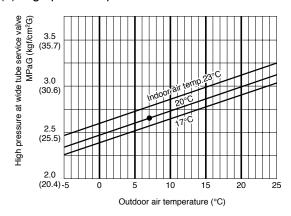
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



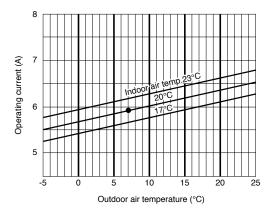
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

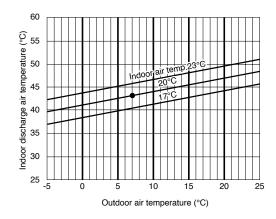
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



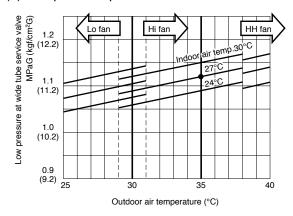
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV126EH × 1

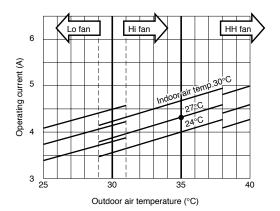
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

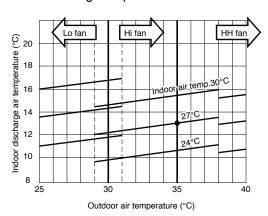
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



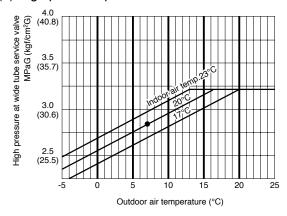
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



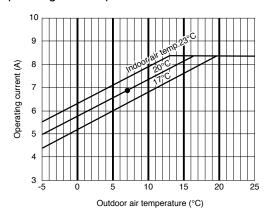
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

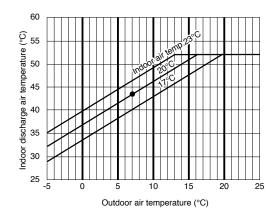
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



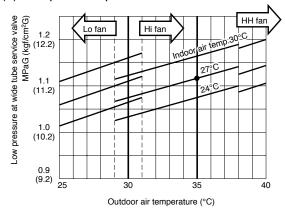
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV186EH × 1

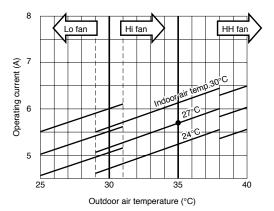
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

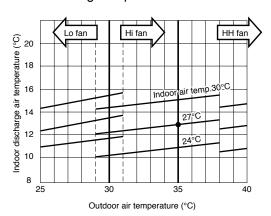
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



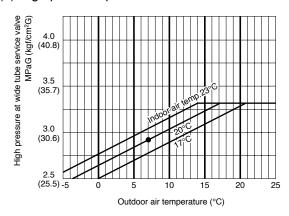
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



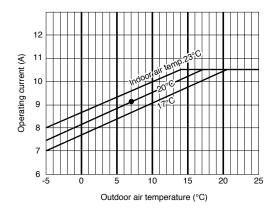
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

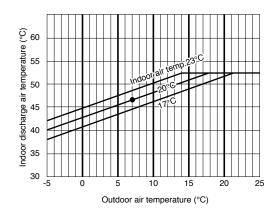
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



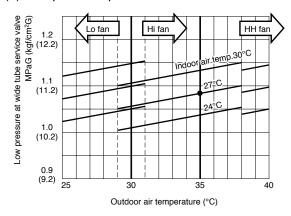
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV246EH × 1

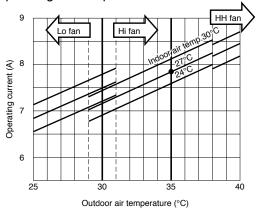
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

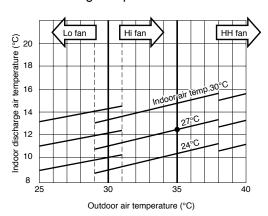
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



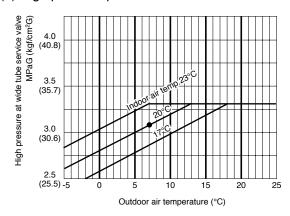
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



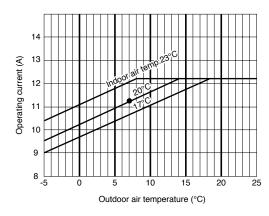
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

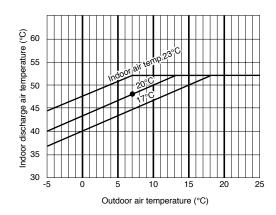
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



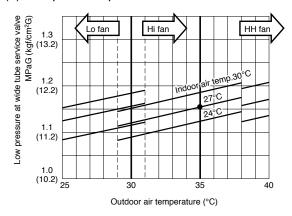
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV96EHDSA × 1

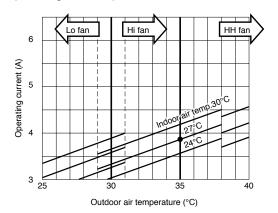
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

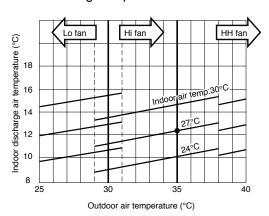
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



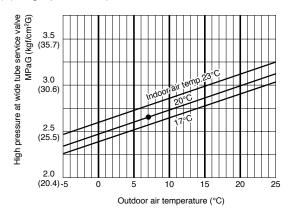
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



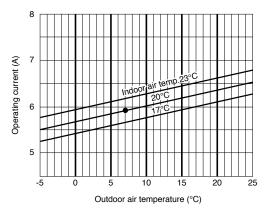
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

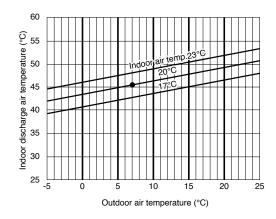
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



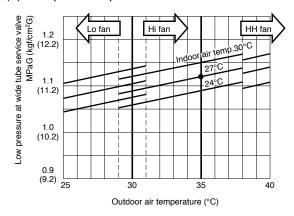
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV2446EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV126EHDS × 1

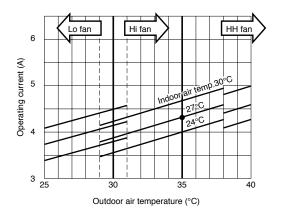
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

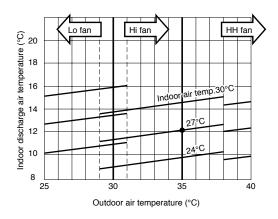
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



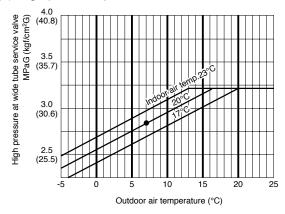
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



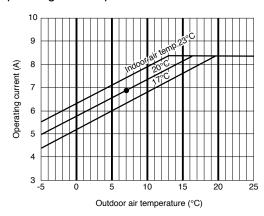
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

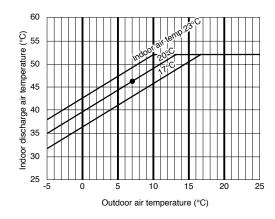
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

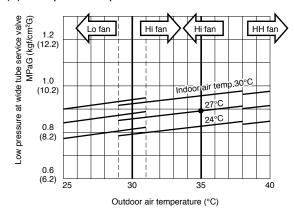
# 5-1-5. Temperature Charts (SAP-CMRV3146EH)

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV76EH × 1

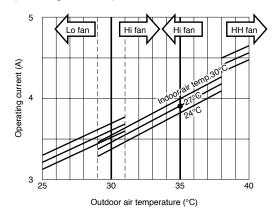
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

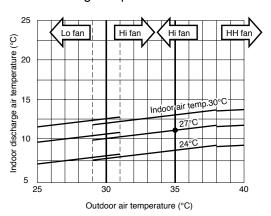
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



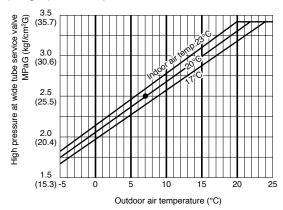
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



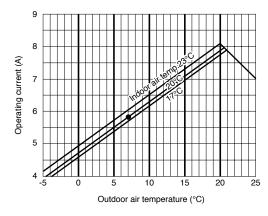
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

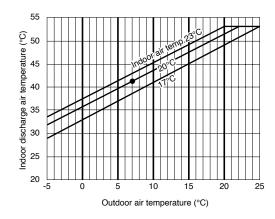
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



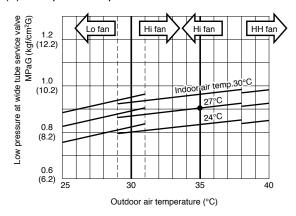
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV96EH × 1

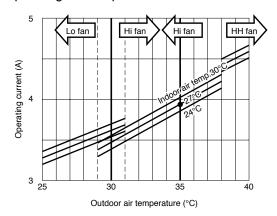
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

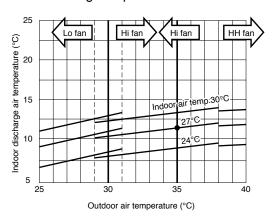
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



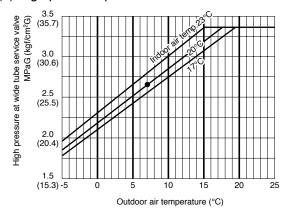
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



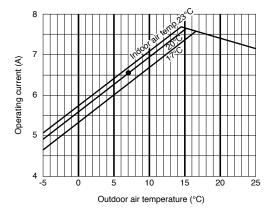
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

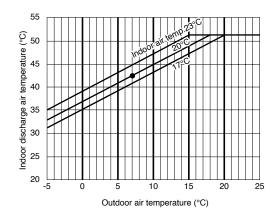
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



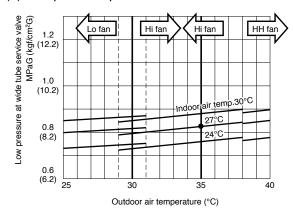
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KMRV126EH × 1

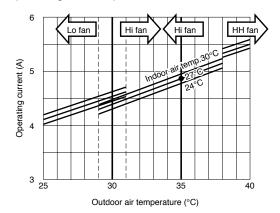
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

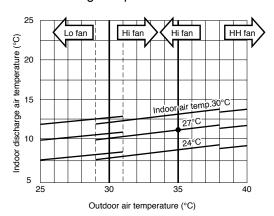
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



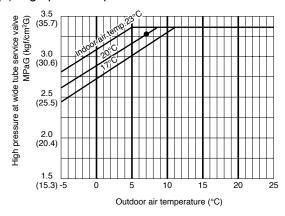
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



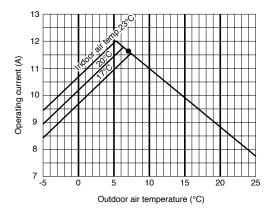
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

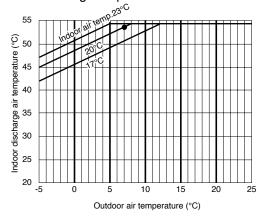
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



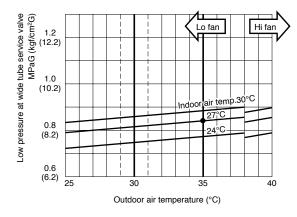
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV186EH × 1

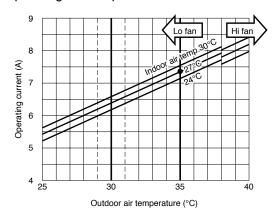
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

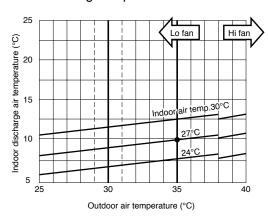
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



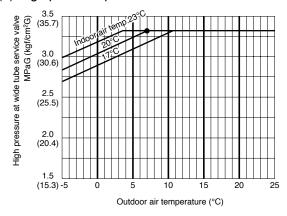
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



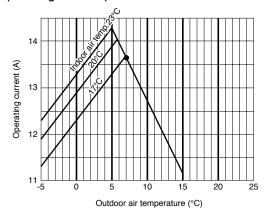
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

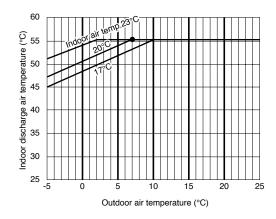
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



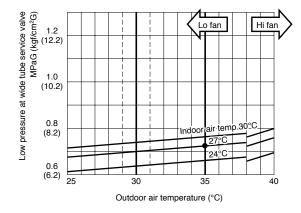
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV246EH × 1

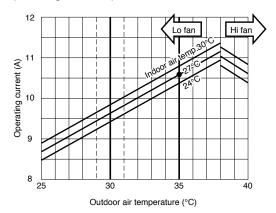
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

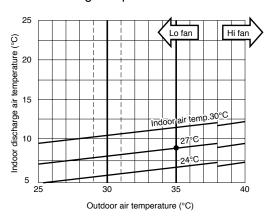
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



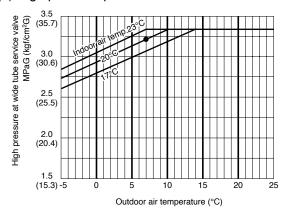
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



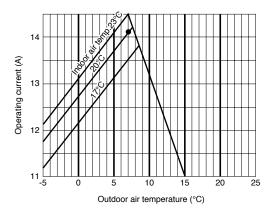
### ■ Heating Characteristics

(RH : 85%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

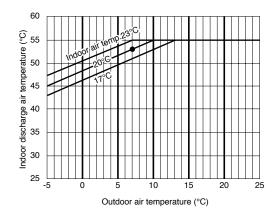
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



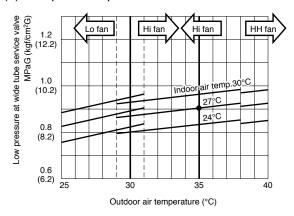
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV96EHDSA × 1

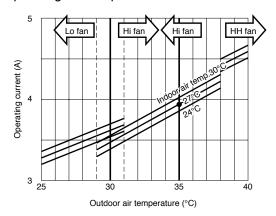
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

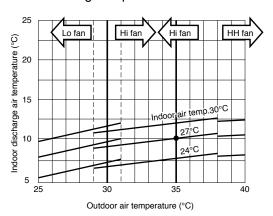
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



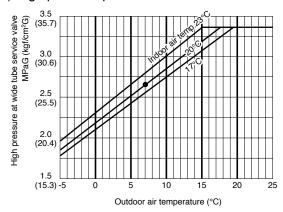
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



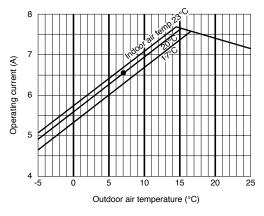
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

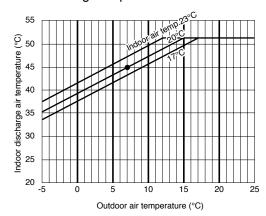
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



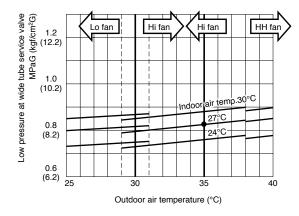
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

### Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV3146EH Indoor Unit SAP-KRV126EHDS × 1

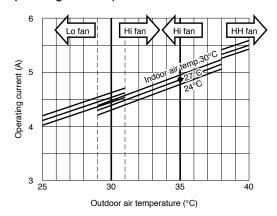
### ■ Cooling Characteristics

(RH : 46%, Indoor fan speed : High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

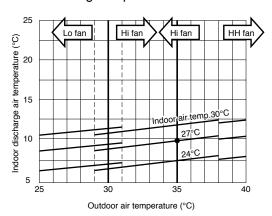
### (1) Low pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



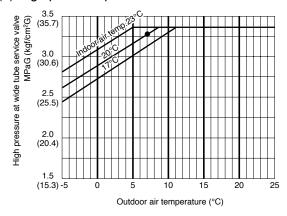
### (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



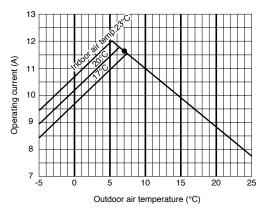
### Heating Characteristics

(RH: 85%, Indoor fan speed: High fan) (230V, 50Hz)

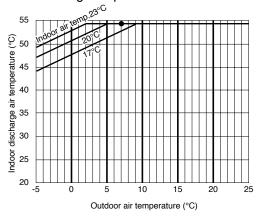
### (1) High pressure performance chart



### (2) Operating current performance chart



# (3) Indoor discharge air performance chart



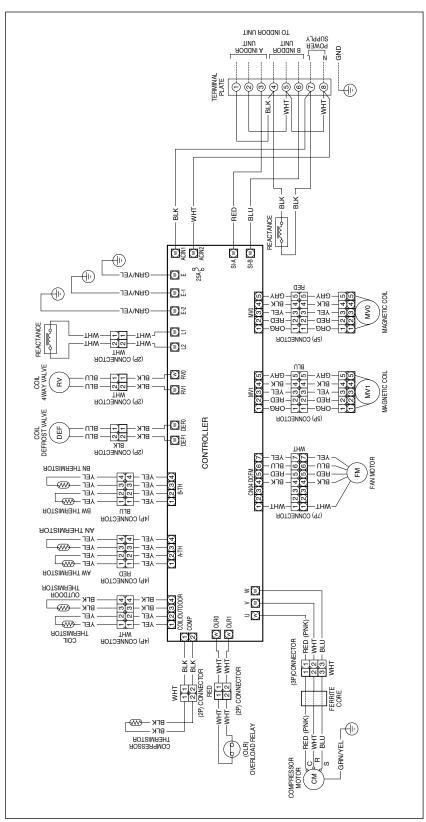
- This performance chart shows operation of a single wall-mounted indoor unit. The performance chart will vary depending on the indoor unit type.
- Check each performance value in test-run mode. Electrical performance values represent a combined indoor/outdoor value. (In this case, be sure to stop all the indoor units where performance is not being checked.)
- The performance is for a tubing length of 7.5 m. If the tubing length is different, the performance chart will vary.

# 6. ELECTRICAL DATA

# 6-1. Electric Wiring Diagrams

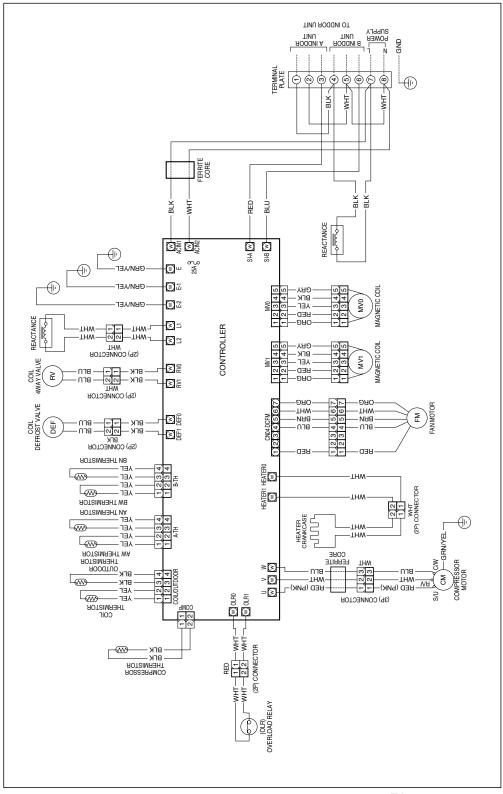
Outdoor Unit SAP-CMRV1426EH





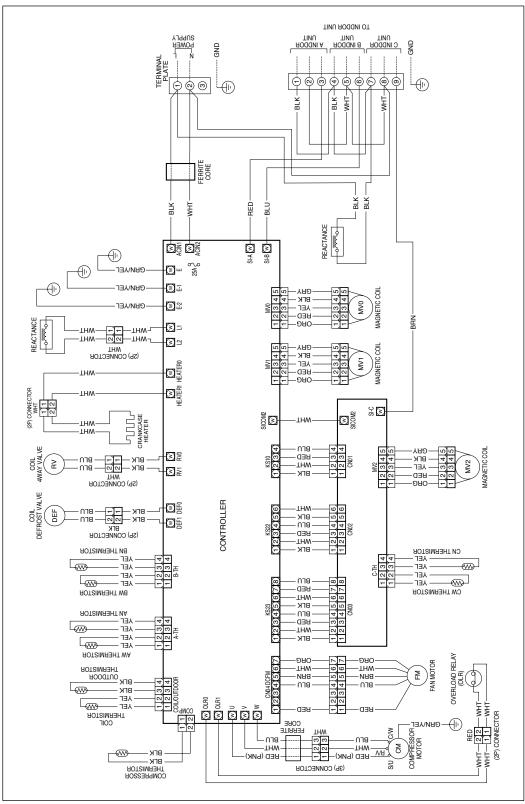
8FA2-5257-56900-2





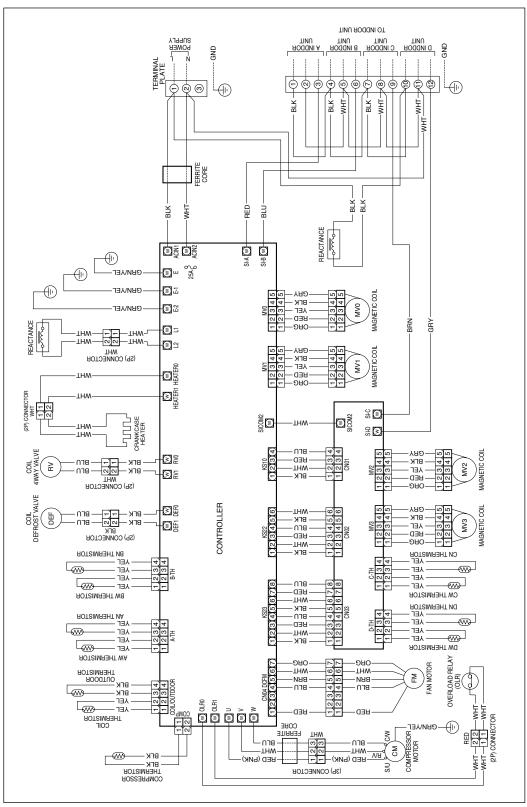
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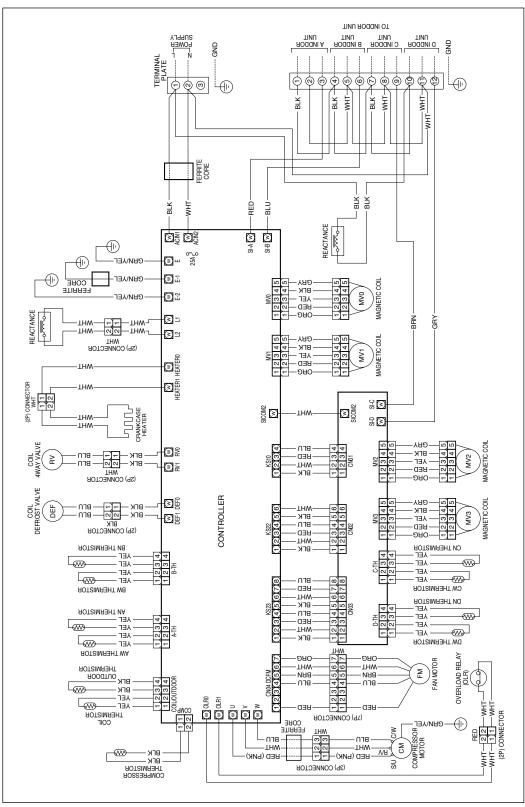
8FA2-5257-57000-0





8FA2-5257-57100-0





8FA2-5257-89000-0

# 7. FUNCTIONS

# 7-1. Explanation of Functions

NOTE The numerical values such as temperature, frequency, time and current in parentheses are an example of SAP-CMRV3146EH and the values are different from the other models.

	Control/conditions	Unit operation	Explanation			
INITIAL	Breaker is ON.		Power is supplied to the indoor and outdoor unit control circuits, however the unit remains stopped. Positioning of the outdoor unit electric expansion valve is performed.			
	The ON/OFF operation button on the remote controller is pressed.	If automatic operation mode has been selected with the remote controller, operation begins in HEAT, SENSOR DRY, or COOL mode depending on the room temperature and outdoor temperature at the time operation starts.	This applies in the case of automatic HEAT/COOL operation.			
		Depending on the operational mode, refer to the HEAT, SENSOR DRY, or COOL item.				
HEAT	The ON/OFF operation button on the remote controller is pressed.	<ul> <li>Operation lamp illuminates.</li> <li>Indoor fan is stopped to prevent cold air from being emitted.</li> <li>Outdoor unit begins operating after forced-stop is canceled.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The unit is forced to stop for 3 minutes after the power is turned ON, or 3 minutes after the compressor stops, in order to protect the compressor.</li> <li>The frequency is increased at the rate of 1 Hz every 0.5 seconds.</li> </ul>			
		<ul> <li>When the indoor coil temperature rises,</li> <li>the compressor starts,</li> <li>the outdoor fan starts,</li> <li>and the indoor fan changes from "LL" to the set fan speed.</li> </ul>	Depending on the relationship between the remote controller temperature setting and the room temperature, the compressor may stop temporarily (in other words, the thermostat may turn OFF).			
		When the frequency reaches $\alpha$ Hz,frequency increases are stopped for a period of $\beta$ seconds. (Refor to Table 2 "Freguency control".)	This is in order to stabilize the return of oil to the compressor.			
		The frequency then increases.	If the indoor and outdoor temperatures are high, the current peak cut-off activates, stopping any increases in frequency.			
	The room temperature has reached the desired temperature.	The indoor temperature and the remote controller temperature setting are approximately equal.	Operating frequency is stabilized in order to maintain a comfortable environment.			
	The thermostat turns OFF.	The indoor fan is stopped.	<ul> <li>The outdoor unit stops. (It does not stop if the thermostat for another indoor unit is ON.)</li> <li>Approximately 30 seconds after the thermostat turns OFF, the indoor fan is stopped.</li> </ul>			
	The indoor and outdoor temperatures are high.	In order to protect the compressor, the outdoor unit will not operate for 3 minutes after the thermostat turns OFF, even if the room temperature drops below the desired temperature.	<ul> <li>The outdoor unit starts automatically after 3 minutes.</li> <li>During these 3 minutes, a low-pressure pressure balance is achieved, allowing the compressor to start more easily.</li> </ul>			
		The frequency is not increased, even if there is a difference between the room temperature and the desired temperature. In some cases, the frequency may be decreased.	The amount of heat pump exceeds the amount of heat radiation from the room.  Therefore, there is no need to further increase the compressor capacity, and the frequency is stabilized or lowered.			
	The thermostat turns ON.	The indoor unit is stopped.	The unit operated before, and the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is relatively warm. Therefore,the fan speed may start at the set fan speed at the same time that the thermostat turns ON.			

	Control/conditions	Unit operation	Explanation
HEAT	When defrost operation begins, frost has formed on the outdoor unit (when the ambient air temperature is low).	Non-stop defrost  Indoor fan : Stopped Outdoor fan : Stopped Compressor : 80 Hz Solenoid valve (for hot gas bypass): ON 4-way valve : Remains ON Operation lamp : Red and orange ON alternately	Defrost operation begins based on outdoor heat exchanger temperature and outdoor air temperature conditions.  Non-stop defrost (Refer to Fig. 1)  1. After HEAT operation begins, the temperature of the outdoor heat exchanger is at or below the L1 line for 35 minutes. (If outdoor air temperature is less than -3 °C, the time is 48 minutes)  2. After HEAT operation begins, the temperature of the outdoor heat exchanger is at or below the L2 line for 120 minutes.  The 4-way valve remains ON during defrost.  The outdoor fan stops and the solenoid valve turns ON, allowing the refrigerant to bypass the indoor unit.  The operating frequency during defrost is 80 Hz. (Frequency is lowered if the current peak cut-off function is activated.)  The maximum length of a single defrost operation is 12 minutes.  For the outdoor heat exchanger temperature conditions for ending defrost, refer to Table 1.
	Defrost release	<ul> <li>Indoor fan turns ON.</li> <li>After 10 seconds, the solenoid valve (for hot gas bypass) turns OFF.</li> <li>When the cold air feel has disappeared, the indoor fan starts and gradually increases speed until it reaches the set speed.</li> </ul>	
	STOP [Clean defrost] Defrost is performed when the outdoor unit is stopped, and the temperature of the outdoor unit coil is at or below the L1 line. (Refer to Fig. 1.)	All indicator lamps turn OFF. The indoor and outdoor units stop.	
	Operation is restarted within 4 hours (only when AUTO mode is selected with the remote controller).	Starts operating in the same operating mode (HEAT) and with the same temperature settings as before operation was stopped.	Within 4 hours after operation was stopped, it is assumed that there has been no significant change in the indoor and outdoor temperatures, and the previous conditions (HEAT) are stored.
	Operation starts after 4 hours or more have passed.	New operation begins based on the temperature conditions at the time the ON/OFF button is pressed.	

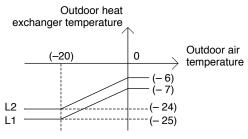


Fig. 1

# Temperature of releasing

Defrost operation time	Less than 2 minutes	2 minutes or more
Heat exchanger temperature for releasing defrosting	No releasing	14 °C or higher (*1)

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}1\,$  The temperature for releasing of defrosting is (20 °C) or higher when the outdoor air temperature is less than 0 °C.

Table 1

	Control/conditions	Unit operation	Explanation
COOL	The ON/OFF operation button on the remote controller is pressed.	<ul> <li>The operation lamp illuminates.</li> <li>The indoor fan operates at the set fan speed.</li> <li>The outdoor unit stops.</li> </ul>	The outdoor unit does not operate for 3 minutes even after the breaker is turned ON.
		The outdoor unit starts.	The frequency is increased at the rate of 0.5 Hz every 1 seconds.
		(Compressor and the outdoor fan start.)	
		When the frequency reaches $\alpha$ Hz, frequency increases are stopped for a period of $\beta$ seconds. (Refer to Table 2.)	This is in order to stabilize the return of oil to the compressor.
		The frequency then increases.	If the indoor and outdoor temperatures are high, the current peak cut-off activates, stopping any increases in frequency.
	The room temperature has reached the desired temperature.	The indoor temperature and the desired temperature are approximately equal.	Operating frequency is stabilized in order to maintain a comfortable environment.
	The thermostat turns OFF.		The outdoor unit stops. (It does not stop if the thermostart for another indoor unit is ON.)
	The thermostat turns ON again.	After the thermostat turns ON again, the outdoor unit will not operate for 3 minutes, even if the room temperature increases above the desired temperature.	After 3 minutes, the outdoor unit begins operating automatically.  During these 3 minutes, a pressure balance is achieved, allowing the compressor to start more easily.
	Freeze prevention	When the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger drops to approximately 2 °C or below, the compressor turns OFF, the outdoor fan turns OFF, and the indoor fan continues operating with no changes.      Approximately 3 minutes later, if the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger is adove 8 °C, the system returns to its original conditions.	In order to protect against freezing, the compressor stops temporarily, until the temperature of the indoor heat exchanger has risen.
	Stop	All indicator lamps turn OFF. The indoor and outdoor units stop.	
	Operation is restarted within 4 hours (only when AUTO mode is selected with the remote controller).	Starts operating in the same operating mode (COOL) and with the same temperature settings as before operation was stopped.	Within 4 hours after operation was stopped, it is assumed that there has been no significant change in the indoor and outdoor temperatures, and the previous conditions (COOL) are stored.
	Operation starts after 4 hours or more have passed.	New operating mode is determined based on the temperature conditions at the time the ON/OFF operation button is pressed.	

### Frequency control

0.41	$oldsymbol{eta}$ (senconds)		
$\alpha$ (Hz)	Outdoor air temperature is below 0 °C.	Outdoor air temperature is 0 °C or higher.	
(25) Hz	(120) seconds	(60) seconds	
(35) Hz	(60) seconds	(30) seconds	
(45) Hz	(60) seconds	(30) seconds	
(55) Hz	(180) seconds	(90) seconds	

Table 2

# (1/f fluctuation fan)

	Control/conditions	Unit operation	Explanation
SENSOR DRY	The ON/OFF operation button on the remote controller is pressed.	<ul> <li>The operation lamp illuminates.</li> <li>The indoor fan operates at the set fan speed.</li> <li>The outdoor unit stops.</li> </ul>	The outdoor unit does not operate for 3 minutes even after the breaker is turned ON.
		The outdoor unit starts.	The frequency is increased at the rate of 0.5 Hz every 1 seconds.
		(Compressor and the outdoor fan start.)	
		When the frequency reaches $\alpha$ Hz, frequency increases are stopped for a period of $\beta$ seconds. (Refer to Table 2.)	This is in order to stabilize the return of oil to the compressor.
		The frequency then increases.	If the indoor and outdoor temperatures are high, the current peak cut-off activates, stopping any increases in frequency.
	The room temperature reaches the desired temperature, and there is no need for further cooling.	DRY operation starts  DRY A operation	Operating frequency is stabilized in order to maintain a comfortable environment.
		The indoor fan changes between "Low" and "LL" (very low) over a 6-minute cycle. This is 1/f fluctuation fan operation.  The factor of the control of the co	Operates to effectively dehumidify the air while not excessively reducing the indoor temperature.
		(Refer to Fig. 2.)	<ul> <li>The indoor unit operates at 1/f fluctuation fan operation, at a fan speed that does not cause a chilly feeling.</li> </ul>
	The room temperature is 15 °C or higher, and is slightly too cold.	DRY B operation	
		(1) The indoor fan changes between "Low" and "LL" (very low) over a 6-minute cycle. This is 1/f fluctuation fan operation.	The compressor operates on a 3-minutes ON, 6-minutes OFF cycle, to prevent the room temperature from dropping too much.
		$\Box$	
		(2) After appoximately 3 minutes, the compressor turns OFF, the outdoor fan turns OFF, and the indoor fan turns OFF.	
		lacktriangle	
		(3) After approximately 6 minutes, the conditions return to (1).	
	The room temperature is below 15 °C.	Monitoring operation begins.	When monitoring operation begins, the compressor stops, and the indoor fan operates at "LL" (very low) speed.

# ● 1/f fluctuation fan

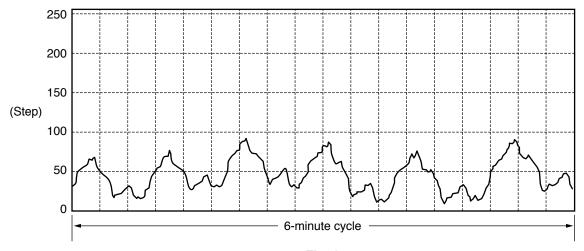


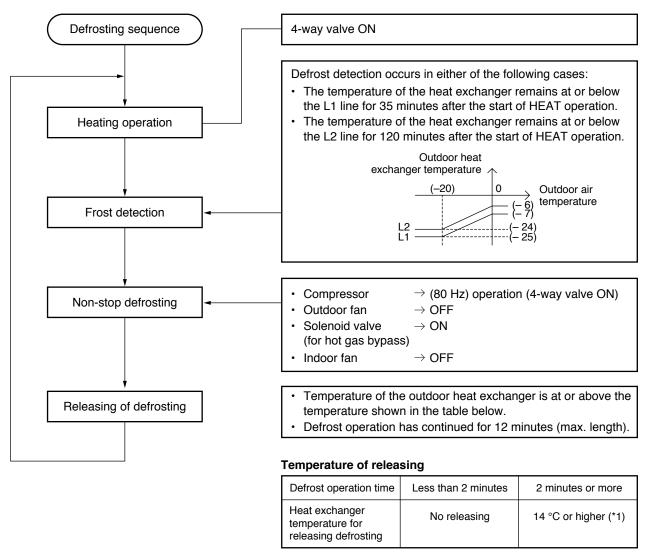
Fig. 2

### 7-2. Protective Functions

NOTE The numerical values such as temperature, frequency, time and current in parentheses are an example of SAP-CMRV3146EH and the values are different from the other models.

### 7-2-1. Defrost Detection and Release

### (1) Non-stop defrosting



<sup>\*1</sup> The temperature for releasing of defrosting is (20 °C) or higher when the outdoor air temperature is less than 0 °C.

# NOTE Defrost does not occur during HIGH POWER operation.

If other stopped indoor units are started during defrost operation, they begin operating in defrost mode.

### (2) Clean defrost

If all indoor units are stopped during HEAT operation, and frost is detected at the L1 line, and the conditions for defrost are met, then defrost operation occurs, and the unit stops after defrost is completed.

### 7-2-2. Current Control

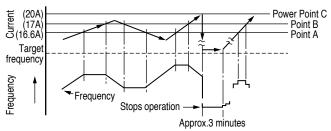
 The operating current may rise as a result of causes including increasing heating or cooling loads or decreases in power voltage. In these cases, the operating frequency is automatically reduced, or operation is stopped, in order to control the operating current so that it is (20 A) or less.

As a result:

- · Power breakers and fuses will not be tripped.
- · Operation can continue during this period with somewhat reduced heating or cooling capacity.
- Operation at normal capacity is restored when the cause of the current rise is eliminated.

### **Description of function**

Example of operation for heating



- · Operates at the target frequency at Point A and below.
- · Stops increases to the frequency between Points A and B.
- Reduces the frequency by 1 Hz per 0.5 seconds when Point B is exceeded.
- Stops operation, and restarts it appoximately 3 minutes later, if Point C is exceeded.
   (May operate when sudden voltage fluctuations occur. → Indicates trouble.)

### (1) Automatic frequency control

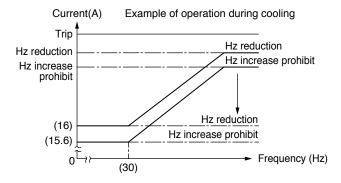
The operating frequency is reduced automatically, or operation is stopped, in order to control the operating current so that it is at or below the values shown in the table below.

	(20A)	
	HEAT	COOL
Point C (peak cut trip)	(20.0)	(20.0)
Point B (Hz reduction)	(17.0)	(17.0)
Point A (Hz increase prohibit)	(16.6)	(16.6)

NOTE During defrost operation, the COOL current setting value is used.

### (2) Current control

The operating frequency upper limits shown in the figure below are established for frequency reduction and increase-prohibit.

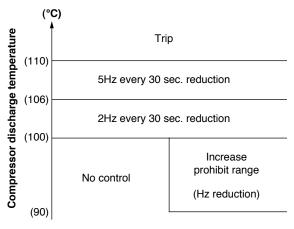


### 7-2-3. Low Start Current

Operation starts at (8 Hz), and the start current is less than the normal operating current. This prevents the flickering of fluorescent lights or television screens that occurs when ordinary A/C units start.

# 7-2-4. Compressor Temperature Control

To protect the compressor coil from overheating, the operating frequency is controlled based on the compressor discharge temperature.



\* Within the increase-prohibit range, the range changes to the Hz reduction range (2 Hz every 30 seconds) if the compressor temperature rises by 2 °C.

### 7-2-5. Control at HEAT Start-up

If HEAT operation is started when the outdoor air temperature is 15 °C or below, the unit operates at the HEAT start-up frequency (70 Hz or above).

### **Reset conditions**

- (1) The compressor frequency exceeds the start-up frequency of (70 Hz).
- (2) The compressor thermostat is OFF.
- (3) Frequency reduction for indoor high-load control has occurred.
- (4) The outdoor air temperature is above 15 °C.
- (5) The main-unit switch on one or more indoor units is set to TEST run.

# 8. TROUBLESHOOTING

# 8-1. Precautions before Performing Inspection or Repair

- Both the indoor unit and outdoor unit include electronic control circuits.

  Be sure to pay attention to the following before inspecting or repairing the outdoor-side electronic circuits.
  - High-capacity electrolytic capacitors are used inside the outdoor unit controller (inverter). They retain an electrical charge (charging voltage DC 311 V) even after the power is turned OFF, and some time is required for the charge to dissipate.

Be careful not to touch any electrified parts before the control circuit board Power Lamp (red) turns OFF.

If the outdoor control circuit board is normal, approximately 180 seconds will be required for the charge to dissipate. However, allow at least 30 minutes for the charge to dissipate if it is thought there might be trouble with the outdoor control circuit board.

For example, if the outdoor control circuit board fuse has blown, approximately 30 minutes will be required to discharge the high-capacity electrolytic capacitors.

# 8-2. Trouble Diagnosis by Error Monitor Lamps

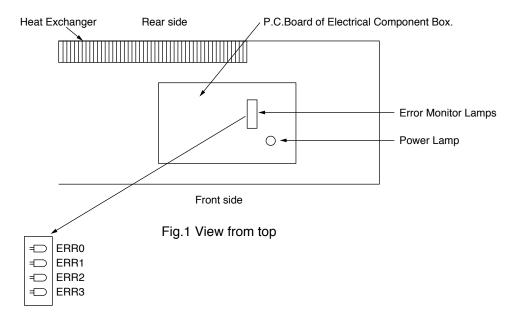


To prevent electric shock, do not inspect or repair until the Power Lamp on the P.C.Board is turned off.

# 8-2-1. Location of the Error Monitor Lamps

Remove the top plate of outdoor unit and the cover of Electrical Component Box.

The Power Lamp and Error Monitor Lamps are located on the P.C.Board of Electrical Component Box. (Fig.1)



# 8-2-2. Display of the Error Monitor Lamps

If a protective device has activated or there is a sensor failure in the outdoor unit, the 4 error monitor lamps on the outdoor control circuit board will indicate the nature of the trouble.

				○:ON X:OFF	
Error Monitor Lamp			)	Error Contents	
ERR0	ERR1	ERR2	ERR3	End Contents	
0	×	×	0	Sensor for compressor discharge temp	
×	0	×	0	Sensor for heat excharge temp	
0	×	×	×	Sensor for branch pipe A (Narrow tube)	
×	0	×	×	Sensor for branch pipe B (Narrow tube)	
0	0	×	×	Sensor for branch pipe C (Narrow tube)	
×	×	0	×	Sensor for branch pipe D (Narrow tube)	
0	0	×	0	Outdoor temp sensor	
0	×	0	×	Sensor for branch pipe A (Wide tube)	
X	0	0	×	Sensor for branch pipe B (Wide tube)	
0	0	0	×	Sensor for branch pipe C (Wide tube)	
X	×	×	0	Sensor for branch pipe D (Wide tube)	
×	×	0	0	HIC circuit trouble (current, temp)	
×	0	0	0	Actuation of comp over load relay	
0	×	0	0	Actuation of freeze protection function	
0	0		0	Outdoor unit error. Detail of error message indicate on indoor LED	

# 8-3. Checking the Outdoor System

# 8-3-1. Checking the outdoor unit

No.	Work procedure	Check items (unit operation)
1	Apply 220 V AC between terminals L and N on the outdoor unit terminal plate.	The LED (red) on the control board must illuminate.
2	Short-circuit the T-RUN terminal to the COM terminal of TEST/T-RUN terminals.	The compressor, fan motor, 4-way valve, and solenoid valve (for the hot gas bypass) must turn ON.  (They turn ON about (70) seconds later after the power is turned ON.)

**NOTE** If the above check items are okay, but the outdoor unit does not operate, there may be a faulty connection between the indoor unit and the outdoor unit.

# 8-3-2. Checking the defrost operation

• Using forced defrost operation to check this function.

No.	Work procedure	Check items (unit operation)
1	Connect a dummy resistor of 39 k ohm to the outdoor coil temperature sensor connector.	■ Non-stop defrost  Indoor fan  Setting LL Stop Setting
		Solenoid valve (for hot gas bypass)  OFF  ON  ON  OFF  ON  OFF  ON  OFF  ON  Defrost start  Release
		<ul> <li>The maximum length of defrost operation is 12 minutes.         Defrost can also be released based on the below conditions for the outdoor heat exchanger sensor.         Less than 2 minutes → Not released 2 minutes or more → 14 °C or higher (*1)     </li> <li>*1 However, the condition is (20 °C) or higher when the outdoor air temperature is below 0 °C.</li> </ul>

# 8-4. Trouble Diagnosis of Each Part

# 8-4-1. Problems of Each Part and Inspection Points

• For details about the inspection points, refer to the Inspection Points for Each Part.

Problems  Inspection points		I	ndoc	r uni	t				Out	door	unit				Oth	ners	
		Indoor unit does not operate.	Operation lamp blinking.	Operation lamp does not illuminate.	Indoor fan dose not turn.	Outdoor unit does not operate.	Outdoor fan dose not turn.	4-way valve does not operate.	The compressor (only) does not operate.	The compressor stops on occasion.	The compressor speed does not increase.	The outdoor air temperature is high, however defrost operation occurs.	Defrost operation does not occur.	The electric expansion valve does not operate.	Does not cool or cooling performance is inadequate.	Does not heat or heating performance is inadequate.	No. of Inspection Points for Each part
Se	elf-Diagnostics check		0		0	0	0		0								
	Indoor controller (control unit)	0	0	0	0	0											
	Indoor fan motor		0		0												
Indoor unit	Room temperature sensor		0														
Indoc	Heat exchanger temperature sensor		0		0												
	Inter-unit cable		0			0	0	0	0	0	0						
	Switch circuit board	0		0													
	Outdoor control circuit board		0			0	0	0	0	0	0	0					(1)
	Diode module		0			0											
	HIC		0			0											
	Electrolytic capacitor		0			0											
<u>.</u>	Fuse		0			0											(2)
or uni	Compressor		0			0	0	0	0	0	0						(3)
Outdoor un	Compressor protective sensor		0			0			0	0							(4)
	Outdoor fan motor		0			0	0			0		0					
	4-way valve							0									(5)
	Coil thermistor		0			0						0	0				(6)
	Electric expansion valve													0	0	0	(7)
	Branch tubing temperature sensor		0														(8)
ers	Breaker	0				0											(9)
Others	Refrigerant gas pressure									0					0	0	(10)

## 8-4-2. Inspection Points for Each Part

#### (1) Outdoor control circuit board

Refer to 8-3-1. Checking the outdoor unit.

**NOTE** Do not remove or insert the outdoor control circuit board connector when power is being supplied to it. (The controller will be damaged.)

#### (2) Fuse

Check it visually or the continuity with a tester.

#### (3) Compressor

Check for an open circuit in the compressor coil winding.

#### (4) Compressor protective sensor (compressor discharge temperature thermistor)

Check that the senseor is securely contained in the thermostart holder.

#### (5) 4-way valve

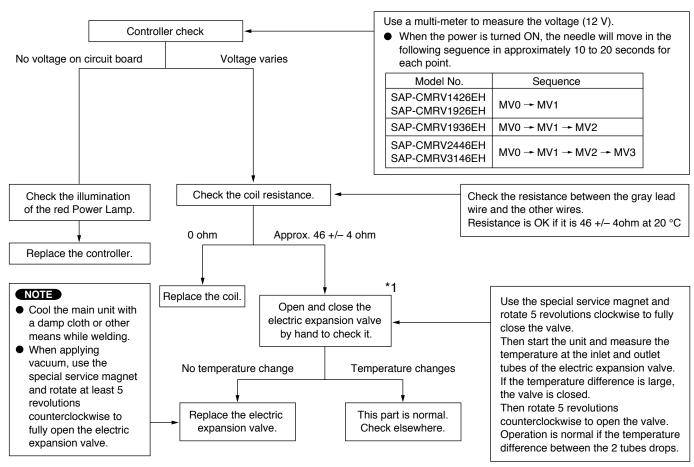
Short-circuit the T-RUN terminal to the COM terminal of TEST/T-RUN terminals. Perfrom a test run of the unit alone, and check whether the 4-way valve inside the outdoor unit produces a click sound.

#### (6) Coil thermistor

Check that the sensor is securely contained in the thermostat holder.

#### (7) Electric expansion valve

• When replacing the electric expansion valve and coil, be sure to attach the connectors in the correct positions. Labels are applied to the valve body and coil, corresponding to the connector colors, to identify them.



\*1 If you have manually checked the electric expansion valve, be sure to reapply the outdoor power after you have replaced the wiring. (The position of the electric expansion valve will changed.)

#### (8) Branch tubing temperature sensor

Check that the sensor is securely contained in the thermostat holder.

#### (9) Breaker

Check whether or not the breaker has been tripped.

- Check that the breakers and fuses used are of the specified capacity.
- Check that the breaker and its line are exclusive for A/C use.

#### (10) Refrigerant gas pressure

Start a COOL test run, and messure the temperatures of the A/C intake air and discharge air. Compare the values with the performance charts.

- If the values are higher than the performance charts:
  - Check for refrigerant shortage or blockage of the refrigerant circuit.
    - < Assessment of refrigerant shortage >
      - 1. The pressure in the low-pressure section is 5 MPa or more below the value in the performance charts.
      - 2. There is little condensation on the indoor heat exchanger, which overall appears dry.
    - < Distinguishing between refrigerant shortage and refrigerant circuit blockage >

If the pressure in the low-pressure section does not change when the circuit is charged 2 to 3 times with refrigerant gas (0.44 lbs each time), or if the change is small, then the problem may not be refrigerant shortage.

The problem may be a blockage of the refrigerant circuit.

- 1. Check that there is no internal leakage inside the 4-way valve:
  - At the low-pressure side tubing, check that there is no temperature difference between the intake and discharge of the 4-way valve.
- 2. Check that the electric expansion valve is not blocked. Check as described on the preceding page.

## 8-5. Trouble Diagnosis of Fan Motor

- This outdoor DC fan motor contains an internal control PCB. Therefore, it is not possible to measure the coil resistance, and the following procedure should be used to check the motor.
- Perform the trouble diagnosis by Test Run mode described on Installation Instructions of indoor unit.

**Important:** (A) Turn OFF the power before connecting or disconnecting the motor connectors.

(B) When performing voltage measurement at the outdoor controller connector for (3) in the table below, the DC motor will trip and voltage output will stop approximately 10 seconds after operation is started. For this reason, to measure the voltage again, first turn OFF the outdoor unit power, then, measure the voltage in Test Run mode.

[Trouble symptom 1] The fan does not stop when the outdoor unit stops. → Outdoor unit controller trouble

[Trouble symptom 2] The fan motor does not rotate when the outdoor unit is operating. (Diagnostic procedure)

> \* Disconnect the motor connectors and measure the voltage at the DC motor connectors on the outdoor unit controller (3 locations).

Measurement location	Normal value
(1) Vs-Gnd : Between pin 1 and pin 4	DC 230V or more
or	
Vm-Gnd: Between pin 1 and pin 4	
(2) Vcc-Gnd: Between pin 5 and pin 4	DC 14V or more
(3) Vsp-Gnd: Between pin 7 and pin 4	After fluctuating 4 times between DC 1.7 to 6.1V
	(1 sec. ON) and DC 0 V (1 sec. OFF), the DC
	motor trips.

#### (Diagnostic results)

All of the above measured values are normal. → Fan motor trouble (Replace the motor.) Any one of the above measured values is not normal. → Outdoor unit controller trouble (Replace the controller .)

#### (Reference)

DC motor connector pin arrangement

SAP-CMRV1426EH	SAP-CMRV1926EH / -CMRV1936EH SAP-CMRV2446EH / -CMRV3146EH
Pin 1: Vs (white)	Pin 1: Vm (red)
Pin 2: Not used	Pin 2: Not used
Pin 3: Not used	Pin 3: Not used
Pin 4: Gnd (black)	Pin 4: Gnd (blue)
Pin 5: Vcc (red)	Pin 5: Vcc (brown)
Pin 6: FG (blue)	Pin 6: PG (white)
Pin 7: Vsp (yellow)	Pin 7: Vsp (orange)

[Trouble symptom 3] Motor rotates for some time (several seconds), but then quickly stops, when the outdoor unit operates.

> (There is trouble in the system that provides feedback of motor rotation speed from the motor to the outdoor unit controller.)

[Trouble symptom 4] Fan motor rotation speed does not change during outdoor unit operation.

[Trouble symptom 5] Fan motor rotation speed varies excessively during outdoor unit operation.

#### (Remedy for symptom 3 to 5)

It is not possible to identify whether the trouble is outdoor unit controller trouble or motor trouble.

Therefore, first replace the outdoor unit controller, then (if necessary) replace the DC motor.

# 9. REFRIGERANT R410A: SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS WHEN SERVICING UNIT

# 9-1. Characteristics of New Refrigerant R410A

# 9-1-1. What is New Refrigerant R410A?

R410A is a new refrigerant that contains two types of pseudo-non-azeotropic refrigerant mixture. Its refrigeration capacity and energy efficiency are about the same level as the conventional refrigerant, R22.

# 9-1-2. Components (mixing proportions)

HFC32 (50%) / HFC125 (50%)

#### 9-1-3. Characteristics

- Less toxic, more chemically stable refrigerant
- The composition of refrigerant R410A changes whether it is in a gaseous phase or liquid phase. Thus, when there is a refrigerant leak the basic performance of the air conditioner may be degraded because of a change in composition of the remaining refrigerant. **Therefore, do not add new refrigerant.** Instead, recover the remaining refrigerant with the refrigerant recovery unit. Then, after evacuation, totally recharge the specified amount of refrigerant with the new refrigerant at its normal mixed composition state (in liquid phase).
- When refrigerant R410A is used, the composition will differ depending on whether it is in gaseous or liquid phase, and the basic performance of the air conditioner will be degraded if it is charged while the refrigerant is in gaseous state. Thus, always charge the refrigerant while it is in liquid phase.



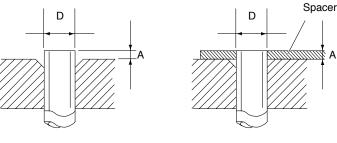
Ether-type oil is used for compressor oil for R410A-type units, which is different from the mineral oil used for R22. Thus more attention to moisture prevention and faster replacement work compared with conventional models are required.

# 9-2. Checklist before Servicing

Use a clutch-type flare tool for R410A or the conventional flare tool. Note that sizes of the resultant flares differ between these two tools. Where a conventional flare tool is used, make sure to observe A Specification (amount of extrusion) by using the flare spacer.

Diameter of tube D	Specification A				
Diameter of tube D	Flare tool for R410A	Conventional flare tool (for R22)			
Dia.6.35 mm (1/4") Dia.9.52 mm (3/8") Dia.12.7 mm (1/2")		1.2 mm			
	0 to 0.5 mm				
	0 10 0.5 11111	1.2 11111			
Dia.15.88 mm (5/8")					

#### Size of flare



Flare tool for R410A

Conventional flare tool (R22)

#### • Tubing precautions

• Refrigerant R410A is more easily affected by dust or moisture compared with R22, thus be sure to temporarily cover the ends of the tubing with caps or tape prior to installation.

Never use 0.7mm-thick copper tubing or tubing which is less than 0.8mm in thickness, since air conditioners with R410A are subject to higher pressure than those using R22 and R407C.

#### No addition of compressor oil for R410A

No additional charge of compressor oil is permitted.

#### • No use of refrigerant other than R410A

Never use a refrigerant other than R410A.

#### • If refrigerant R410A is exposed to fire

Through welding, etc., toxic gas may be released when R410A refrigerant is exposed to fire. Therefore, be sure to provide ample ventilation during installation work.

#### • Caution in case of R410A leak

Check for possible leak points with the special leak detector for R410A. If a leak occurs inside the room, immediately provide thorough ventilation.

# 9-3. Tools Specifically for R410A

• For servicing, use the following tools for R410A

Tool Distinction	Tool Name
	Gauge manifold
	Charging hose
	Gas leak detector
	Refrigerant cylinder
	Charging cylinder
	Refrigerant recovery unit
Tools specifically for R410A	<ul> <li>Vacuum pump with anti-reverse flow (*1)</li> </ul>
	(Solenoid valve-installed type, which prevents oil from flowing back into the
	unit when the power is off, is recommended.)
	<ul> <li>Vacuum pump (*2)can be used if the following adapter is attached.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Vacuum pump adapter (reverse-flow prevention adapter) (*3).</li> </ul>
	(Solenoid valve-installed adapter attached to a conventional vacuum pump.)
	Electronic scale for charging refrigerant
	Flare tool
	Bender
Tools which can be com-	Torque wrench
monly used for R22,	Cutter, reamer
R407C, and R410A	Welding tool, nitrogen gas cylinder



- The above tools specifically for R410A must not be used for R22 and R407C.
   Doing so will cause malfunction of the unit.
- For the above vacuum pump (\*1, \*2) and vacuum pump adapter (\*3), those for R22-type units can be used for R410A-type. However, they must be used exclusively for R410A and never alternately with R22 and R407C.
- To prevent other refrigerants (R22, R407C) from being mistakenly charged to this unit, shape and external diameter of the service port screw has been altered.

<External diameter of service port> R410A: 7.94 mm (5/16")

R22, R407C: 6.35 mm (1/4")

# 9-4. Tubing Installation Procedures

When the tubes are connected, always apply HAB oil on the flare portions to improve the sealing of tubing.

The following is the **HAB oil** generally used:

Esso: ZERICE S32

**NOTE** For details on tubing installation procedures, refer to the installation manuals attached to the indoor unit and outdoor unit.

# 9-5. In Case of Compressor Malfunction



- Should the compressor malfunction, be sure to make the switch to a replacement compressor as quickly as possible.
- Use only the tools indicated exclusively for R410A. → See "9-3. Tools Specifically for R410A."

# 9-5-1. Procedure for Replacing Compressor

#### (1) Recovering refrigerant

- Any remaining refrigerant inside the unit should not be released to the atmosphere, but recovered using the refrigerant recovery unit for R410A.
- Do not reuse the recovered refrigerant, since it will contain impurities.

#### (2) Replacing Compressor

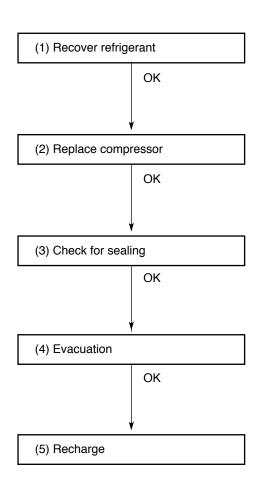
 Soon after removing seals of both discharge and suction tubes of the new compressor, replace it quickly.

#### (3) Checking for sealing

 Use nitrogen gas for the pressurized gas, and never use a refrigerant other than R410A. Also do not use oxygen or any flammable gas.

#### (4) Evacuation

- Use a solenoid valve-installed vacuum pump so that even if power is cut off in the middle of evacuation of air due to a power interruption, the valve will prevent the pump oil from flowing back.
- The equipment may be damaged if moisture remains in the tubing, thus carry out the evacuation thoroughly.
- When using a vacuum pump with exhaust air volume more than 25L/min. and ultimate vacuum pressure rate of 0.05Torr.



#### Standard time for evacuation

Length of tubing	Less than 10 meters	More than 10 meters
Evacuation time	More than 10 minutes	More than 15 minutes

#### (5) Recharging

 Be sure to charge the specified amount of refrigerant in liquid state using the service port of the wide tube service valve. The proper amount is listed on the unit's nameplate.

When the entire amount cannot be charged all at once, charge gradually while operating the unit in Cooling Operation.



Never charge a large amount of liquid refrigerant at once to the unit. This may cause damage to the compressor.

• When charging with a refrigerant cylinder, use an electronic scale for charging refrigerant. In this case, if the volume of refrigerant in the cylinder becomes less than 20% of the fully-charged amount, the composition of the refrigerant starts to change. Thus, do not use the refrigerant if the amount in the charging cylinder is less than 20%.

Also, charge the minimum necessary amount to the charging cylinder before using it to charge the air conditioning unit.

#### Example:

In case of charging refrigerant to a unit requiring 0.76Kg using a capacity of a 10Kg cylinder, the minimum necessary amount for the cylinder is:

$$0.76 + 10 \times 0.20 = 2.76$$
Kg

For the remaining refrigerant, refer to the instructions of the refrigerant manufacturer.

 If using a charging cylinder, transfer the specified amount of liquid refrigerant from the refrigerant cylinder to the charging cylinder.

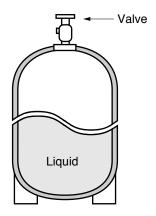
Prepare an evacuated charging cylinder beforehand.



 To prevent the composition of R410A from changing, never bleed the refrigerant gas into the atmosphere while transferring the refrigerant. (Fig. 3)

Do not use the refrigerant if the amount in the charging cylinder is less than 20%.

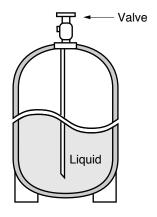
#### Configuration and characteristics of cylinders



#### Single valve

Charge liquid refrigerant with cylinder in up-side-down position.

Fig. 1



# Single valve (with siphon tube)

Charge with cylinder in normal position.

Fig. 2

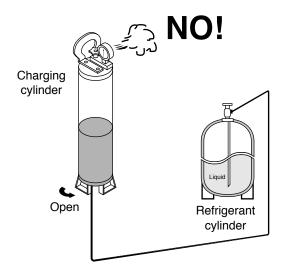


Fig. 3

# 9-6. In Case Refrigerant is Leaking



Never attempt to charge additional refrigerant when refrigerant has been leaking from the unit. Follow the procedure described below to locate points of leaks and carry out repairs, then recharge the refrigerant.

#### (1) Detecting Leaks

 Use the detector for R410A to locate refrigerant leak points.

#### (2) Recovering refrigerant

- Never release the gas to the atmosphere; recover residual refrigerant using the refrigerant recovery unit for R410A, instead.
- Do not reuse the recovered refrigerant because its composition will have been altered.

#### (3) Welding leaking points

- Confirm again that no residual refrigerant exists in the unit before starting welding.
- Weld securely using flux and wax for R410A.
- Prevent oxide film from forming inside the tubes utilizing substitution with nitrogen (N2) in the refrigerant circuit of the unit. Leave ends of tubes open during welding.

#### (4) Checking for sealing

 Use nitrogen gas for the pressurized gas, and never use a refrigerant other than R410A. Also do not use oxygen or any flammable gas.

#### (5) Evacuation

- Use a solenoid valve-installed vacuum pump so that even if power is cut off in the middle of evacuation of air due to a power interruption, the valve will prevent the pump oil from flowing back.
- The equipment may be damaged if moisture remains in the tubing, thus carry out the evacuation thoroughly.
- When using a vacuum pump with exhaust air volume more than 25L/min. and ultimate vacuum pressure rate of 0.05Torr.

# (1) Detect leaks OK (2) Recover refrigerant OK (3) Weld leaking points OK (4) Check for sealing OK (5) Evacuation OK

# Standard time for evacuation

Length of tubing	Less than 10 meters	More than 10 meters
Evacuation time	More than 10 minutes	More than 15 minutes

#### (6) Recharging

 Recharge unit in the same manner explained on the previous page "(5) Recharging."

# 9-7. Charging Additional Refrigerant

#### 9-7-1. When Tubes are Extended

• Observe the proper amount of refrigerant as stated in this service manual or the installation manual that came with the indoor unit. Charge additional refrigerant in liquid state only.



Never charge additional refrigerant if refrigerant is leaking from the unit. Follow instructions given in "9-6. In Case Refrigerant is Leaking" and completely carry out repairs. Only then should you recharge the refrigerant.

# 9-8. Retro-Fitting Existing Systems

## 9-8-1. Use of Existing Units

 Never use new refrigerant R410A for existing units which use R22. This will cause the air conditioner to operate improperly and may result in a hazardous condition.

# 9-8-2. Use of Existing Tubing

• If replacing an older unit that used refrigerant R22 with a R410A unit, **do not use its existing tubing.** Instead, completely new tubing must be used.

# **APPENDIX A INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

# SAP-CMRV1426EH

(II-852-6-4190-456-00-1)

NOTE The specifications of SAP-KRV96EHDSA are the same as

those of SAP-KRV96EHDS described in the Installation Instruction.

# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

# - Inverter Multi Split System Air Conditioner - COOL/DRY/HEAT Model

This air conditioner uses the new refrigerant R410A.

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2.	2-1. 2-2. 2-3. 2-4.	Indoor Unit Connecting Indoor Units Outdoor Unit Outer Dimensions of Outdoor Unit Diagram of Outdoor Unit Installation
3.	3-1. 3-2. 3-3. 3-4. 3-5. 3-6. 3-7. 3-8.	Embedding the Tubing and Wiring Drain Cap and Drain Elbow Use of the Flaring Method Flaring Procedure with a Flare Tool Caution Before Connecting Tubes Tightly Tubing Connections Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing Taping the Tubes Finishing the Installation
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#### **Model Combinations**

Combine indoor and outdoor units only as listed

Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit
SAP-KMRV74EH	SAP-CMRV1426EH

SAP-KMRV94EH

SAP-KMRV124EH

SAP-KMRV76EH

SAP-KMRV96EH

SAP-KMRV126EH

SAP-KRV96EHDS

SAP-KRV126EHDS

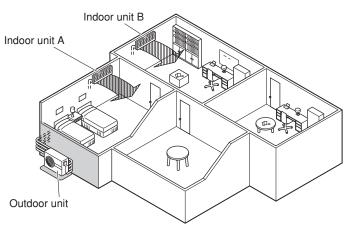
Combine indoor and outdoor units only as listed in the combination tables for 2-room outdoor unit as shown in its respective manual.

Power Source:

50 Hz, single-phase, 220 - 240 VAC

Be sure to read the yellow instruction sheet attached to the outdoor unit for models using the new refrigerant R410A.

#### Combination example



#### NOTE

The illustrations are based on the typical appearance of a standard model. Consequently, the shape may differ from that of the air conditioner that you are installing.

ELECTRIC WIRING DIAGRAM ...... 19

# IMPORTANT! Please Read Before Starting

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards. As the installer or service person, it is an important part of your job to install or service the system so it operates safely and efficiently.

#### For safe installation and trouble-free operation, you must:

- Carefully read this instruction booklet before beginning.
- Follow each installation or repair step exactly as shown.
- Observe all local, state, and national electrical codes.
- Pay close attention to all warning and caution notices given in this manual.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property dam-

#### If Necessary, Get Help

These instructions are all you need for most installation sites and maintenance conditions. If you require help for a special problem, contact our sales/service outlet or your certified dealer for additional instructions.

#### In Case of Improper Installation

The manufacturer shall in no way be responsible for improper installation or maintenance service, including failure to follow the instructions in this document.

#### SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

# WARNING When Wiring



**ELECTRICAL SHOCK CAN CAUSE** SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. ONLY A QUALIFIED, EXPERIENCED **ELECTRICIAN SHOULD ATTEMPT TO** WIRE THIS SYSTEM.

- · Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system. Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring. Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury or death.
- Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.
- · Install a protective leakage breaker depending on the installation location (especially a damp or humid location). If a leakage breaker is not installed, electric shock can occur.

#### When Transporting

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and

outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminum fins on the air conditioner can cut your finaers.

## When Installing.

#### ...In a Ceiling or Wall

Make sure the ceiling/wall is strong enough to hold the unit's weight. It may be necessary to construct a strong wood or metal frame to provide added support.

#### ...In a Room

Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.

#### ...In Moist or Uneven Locations

Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks to provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.

#### ...In an Area with High Winds

Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.

#### ...In a Snowy Area (for Heat Pump-type Systems)

- Position the outdoor unit in a protected location where snow will not blow into it.
- · Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

#### When Connecting Refrigerant Tubing

- · Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them, then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak-free connection.
- Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

#### When Servicing

- Turn the power OFF at the main power box (mains) before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving
- Clean up the site after you finish, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced.



#### **Others**

- · Ventilate any enclosed areas when installing or testing the refrigeration system. Escaped refrigerant gas, on contact with fire or heat, can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- Confirm upon completing installation that no refrigerant gas is leaking. If escaped gas comes in contact with a stove, gas water heater, electric room heater or other heat source, it can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- · Do not install only a single indoor unit.

#### 1. General

This booklet briefly outlines where and how to install the air conditioning system. Please read over the entire set of instructions for the indoor and outdoor units and make sure all accessory parts listed are with the system before beginning. If the electric wiring diagram does not appear in this manual, please check for the diagram on the indoor unit.

#### 1-1. Tools Required for Installation (not supplied)

- 1. Standard screwdriver
- 2. Phillips head screwdriver
- 3. Knife or wire stripper
- 4. Tape measure

- 5. Carpenter's level
- 6. Sabre saw or key hole saw
- 7. Hacksaw
- 8. Core bits
- 9. Hammer
- 10. Drill
- 11. Tube cutter
- 12. Tube flaring tool
- 13. Torque wrench
- 14. Adjustable wrench
- 15. Reamer (for deburring)
- 16. Vacuum pump (For R410A)
- 17. Manifold valve

#### 1-2. Accessories Supplied with Unit

#### Table 1

Drain cap

Parts	Figure	Q'ty	Parts	Figure	Q'ty	Parts	Figure	Q'ty
Labels for inter-unit cable and tube	ABCD	4 each	Cushion rubber		4	Drain elbow		1

Packed in the outdoor unit.

# 1-3. Optional Copper Tubing Kit

Copper tubing for connecting the outdoor unit to the indoor unit is available in kits which contain the narrow and wide tubing, fittings and insulation. Consult your nearest sales outlet or air conditioning workshop.

#### 1-4. Type of Copper Tube and Insulation Material

If you wish to purchase these materials separately from a local source, you will need:

- 1. Deoxidized annealed copper tube for refrigerant tubing as detailed in Table 2.
  - Cut each tube to the appropriate lengths +30 cm to 40 cm to dampen vibration between units.

- 2. Foamed polyethylene insulation for the specified copper tubes as required to precise length of tubing. Wall thickness of the insulation should be not less than 8 mm.
- Use insulated copper wire for field wiring.
   Wire size varies with the total length of wiring.
   Refer to 5. Wiring Instructions for details.



Check local electrical codes and regulations before obtaining wire. Also, check any specified instructions or limitations.

Table 2

Madal	Narrow Tube		Wide Tube		
Model	Outer Dia.	Thickness	Outer Dia.	Thickness	
KMRV74/76	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	
KMRV94/96	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	
KMRV124/126	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	
KRV96/126	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	

#### 1-5. Additional Materials Required for Installation

- 1. Refrigeration (armored) tape
- 2. Insulated staples or clamps for connecting wire (See local codes)
- 3. Putty
- 4. Refrigeration lubricant
- Clamps or saddles to secure refrigerant tubing

#### 2. Installation Site Selection

#### 2-1. Indoor Unit



To prevent abnormal heat generation and the possibility of fire, do not place obstacles, enclosures and grilles in front of or surrounding the air conditioner in a way that may block air flow.

#### **AVOID:**

- direct sunlight.
- nearby heat sources that may affect performance of the unit.
- areas where leakage of flammable gas may be expected.
- placing or allowing any obstructions near the Air Conditioner inlet or outlet.
- installing in rooms that contain instant-on (rapid-start) fluorescent lamps. (These may prevent the Air Conditioner from receiving signals.)
- places where large amounts of oil mist exist.
- installing in locations where there are devices that generate high-frequency emissions.

#### DO:

- select an appropriate position from which every corner of the room can be uniformly cooled. (High on a wall is best.)
- select a location that will hold the weight of the unit.
- select a location where tubing and drain hose have the shortest run to the outside. (Fig. 1)
- allow room for operation and maintenance as well as unrestricted air flow around the unit. (Fig. 2)
- install the unit within the maximum elevation difference (H1, H2) above or below the outdoor unit and within a total tubing length (L1+L2) from the outdoor unit as detailed in Table 3 and Fig. 3a.

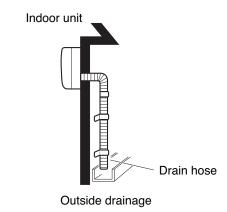


Fig. 1

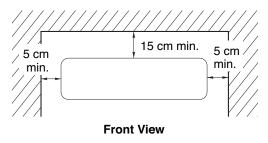


Fig. 2

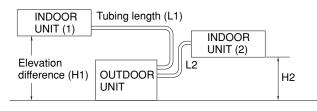


Fig. 3a

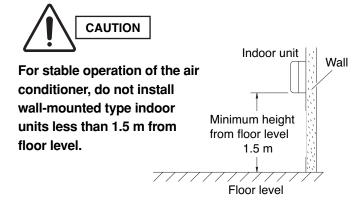


Fig. 3b

- install the indoor unit more than 1 meter away from any antenna or power lines or connecting wires used for television, radio, telephone, security system, or intercom.
   Electrical noise from any of these sources may affect operation.
- install in a sturdy manner to avoid increased operating noise.

#### Table 3

Model	Max. Allowable	Max. Allowable	Limit of	Limit of Elevation	Required Amount
	Tubing Length	Total Tubing Length	Total Tubing Length	Difference	of Additional
	per unit (m)	at Shipment (L1+L2) (m)	(L1+L2) (m)	(H1, H2) (m)	Refrigerant (g/m)*
CMRV1426	20	30 (L1+L2)	30 (L1+L2)	15	-

# 2-2. Connecting Indoor Units

(1) Connecting indoor unit for SAP-CMRV1426

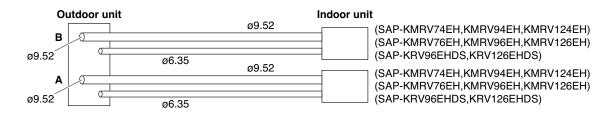


Fig. 4

unit: mm

#### 2-3. Outdoor Unit

#### AVOID:

- heat sources, exhaust fans, etc. (Fig. 5a)
- damp, humid or uneven locations.

#### DO:

- position the outdoor unit in a protected location where snow will not blow into it.
- choose a place as cool as possible.
- choose a place that is well ventilated.
- install in a location where at least two sides are unobstructed, so that the flow of air at the intake port or exhaust port is not blocked, and so that sufficient space is ensured for maintenance to be carried out without trouble.
  - In general the top also must be unobstructed. (Fig. 5b)
- provide a solid base (level concrete pad, concrete block, 10 × 40 cm beams or equal), a minimum of 10 cm above ground level to reduce humidity and protect the unit against possible water damage and decreased service life. (Fig. 5c)
- install cushion rubber under unit's feet to reduce vibration and noise. (Fig. 5d)
- use lug bolts or equal to bolt down unit, reducing vibration and noise.
- install in a location where no antenna of a television or radio exists within 3 meters.

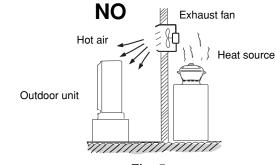
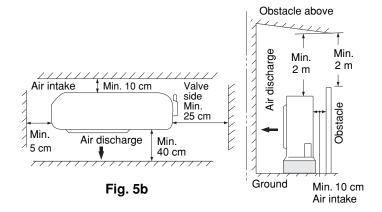


Fig. 5a



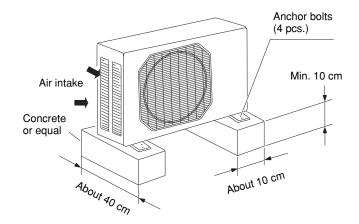


Fig. 5c

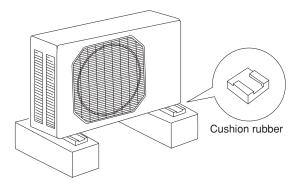
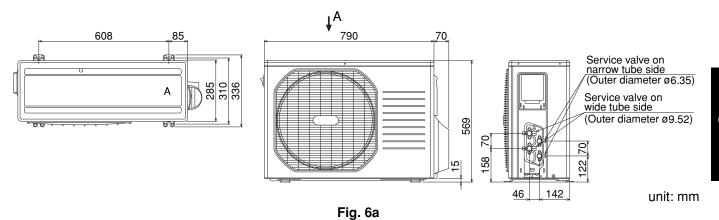


Fig. 5d

#### 2-4. Outer Dimensions of Outdoor Unit



## 2-5. Diagram of Outdoor Unit Installation

#### Never install only a single indoor unit.

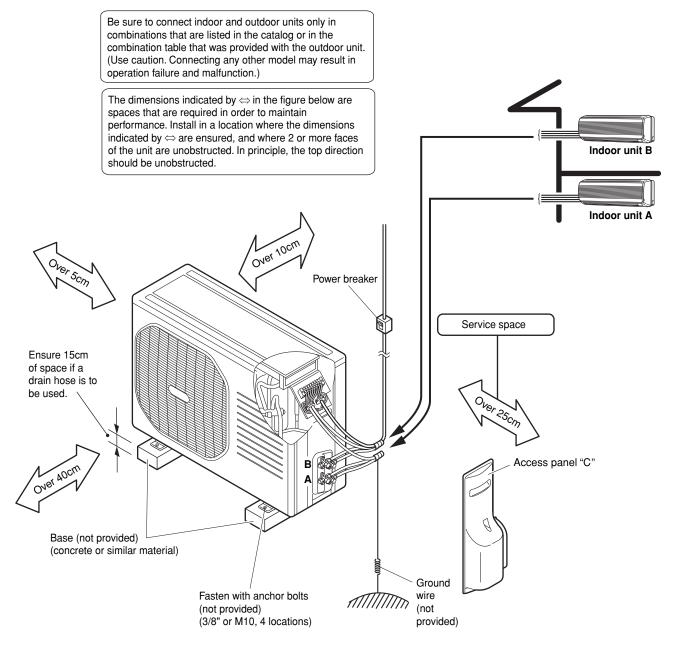


Fig. 6b

#### 3. Installation Process

#### 3-1. Embedding the Tubing and Wiring

- Do not connect tubes to locations that are embedded.
- Be sure to bind refrigerant tubing and inter-unit cables together with vinyl tape.
- The power cable must be obtained on-site.
   (ø3.5: Less than 26 m)
- Be sure to apply the provided labels to both ends of the inter-unit cables to prevent miswiring.
- Securely seal the end of embedded tubing with vinyl tape in order to prevent dirt or moisture entry.
- In order to prevent insulation breakdown and ground faults, do not allow the wire ends to contact rainwater, or be subject to dew condensation.

#### 3-2. Drain Cap and Drain Elbow

First refer to Section 2. Installation Site Selection.

#### NOTE

The drain hole at the bottom of the outdoor unit was not plugged at the time of factory shipment. If necessary, plug the drain hole with the accessory drain cap or mount the accessory drain elbow before installing the outdoor unit. (Fig. 7)



When installing in a cold area where drainage water may freeze, do not attach the provided drain cap or drain elbow to the bottom plate of the unit.

#### 3-3. Use of the Flaring Method

Many of the conventional split system air conditioners employ the flaring method to connect refrigerant tubes which run between indoor and outdoor units. In this method, the copper tubes are flared at each end and connected with flare nuts.

#### 3-4. Flaring Procedure with a Flare Tool

- Cut the copper tube to the required length with a tube cutter. It is recommended to cut approx. 30 – 50 cm longer than the tubing length you estimate.
- (2) Remove burrs at the end of the copper tube with a tube reamer or file. This process is important and should be done carefully to make a good flare. (Fig. 8)

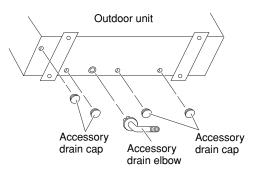


Fig. 7

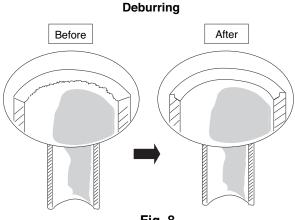


Fig. 8

#### NOTE

When reaming, hold the tube end downward and be sure that no copper scraps fall into the tube. (Fig. 9)

- (3) Remove the flare nut from the unit and be sure to mount it on the copper tube.
- (4) Make a flare at the end of copper tube with a flare tool.\* (Figs. 10 and 11)

(\*Use "RIDGID" or equivalent.)

## NOTE

A good flare should have the following characteristics:

- inside surface is glossy and smooth.
- edge is smooth.
- tapered sides are of uniform length.

#### 3-5. Caution Before Connecting Tubes Tightly

- a) Be sure to apply a sealing cap or water-proof tape to prevent dust or water from getting into the tubes before they are used.
- b) Be sure to apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union before connecting them together. This is effective for reducing gas leaks.
   (Fig. 12)
- c) For proper connection, align the union tube and flare tube straight with each other, then screw in the flare nut lightly at first to obtain a smooth match. (Fig. 13)

#### 3-6. Tubing Connections

- Temporary connection:
   Screw in 3 5 rotations by hand. (Fig.14)
- b) To fasten the flare nuts, apply specified torque as:

Table 4

Tube Dia.	Tightening Torque
6.35 mm	14 − 18 N·m (140 − 180 kgf · cm)
9.52 mm	34 – 42 N·m (340 – 420 kgf · cm)
12.70 mm	49 - 61 N·m (490 - 610 kgf · cm)
15.88 mm	68 – 82 N·m (680 – 820 kgf · cm)

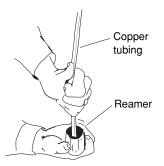


Fig. 9

If the special R410A If the previous flare tool flare tool is used: (clutch-type) is used:

0.5 mm



Adjust so that the amount of tube protrusion is as shown in the figure.

Fig. 10

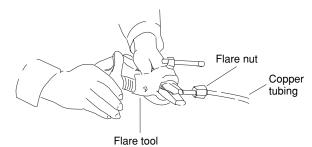


Fig. 11

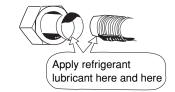


Fig. 12

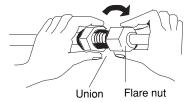
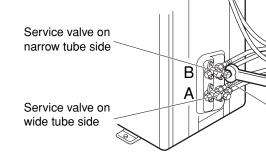


Fig. 13



Apply the provided labels to the indoor and outdoor unit tubing connectors to prevent errors in connections.

Fig. 14





Be sure to match refrigerant tubing and electric wiring between indoor and outdoor units.

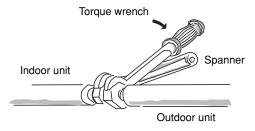


Fig. 15

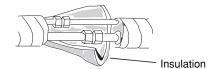


Fig. 16

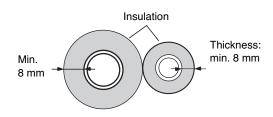


Fig. 17

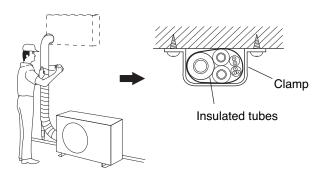


Fig. 18

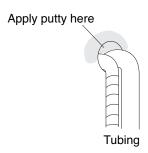


Fig. 19

#### 3-7. Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing

#### IMPORTANT

To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated with a proper insulation material.** 

The thickness of the insulation should be a minimum 8 mm. (Fig. 17)

#### 3-8. Taping the Tubes



After a tube has been insulated, never try to bend it into a narrow curve, as this may cause the tube to break or crack.

- (1) At this time, the 2 refrigerant tubes (and electrical wire if local codes permit) should be taped together with armoring tape. The drain hose may also be included and taped together as 1 bundle with the tubing.
- (2) Wrap the armoring tape from the bottom of the outdoor unit to the top of the tubing where it enters the wall. As you wrap the tubing, overlap half of each previous tape turn. (Fig. 18)
- (3) Clamp the tubing bundle to wall, using 1 clamp approx. every 120 cm.

# NOTE

Do not wind the armoring tape too tightly, since this will decrease the heat insulation effect. Also, be sure the condensation drain hose splits away from the bundle and drips clear of the unit and the tubing.

#### 3-9. Finishing the Installation

After finishing insulating and taping over the tubing, use sealing putty to seal off the hole in the wall to prevent rain and draft from entering. (Fig. 19)

# 4. Air Purging

Air and moisture remaining in the refrigerant system have undesirable effects as indicated below.

Therefore, they must be purged completely.

- pressure in the system rises
- operating current rises
- cooling efficiency drops
- moisture in the air may freeze and block capillary tubing
- water may lead to corrosion of parts in the refrigerant system

# ■ Air Purging with a Vacuum Pump (for Test Run)

 In order to protect the earth's environment, be sure to use a vacuum pump to perform the air purge.
 (Never perform an air purge by using the refrigerant gas cylinder or other external gas, or by using the gas inside the outdoor unit.)

Perform the air purge for tubes A and B. Use the same procedures for all tubes.

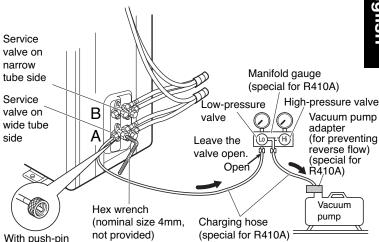


Fig. 20



In order to prevent charging errors with the air conditioner that uses R410A, the screw diameter at the service valve charging port has been changed. When recharging or performing other servicing, use the special charging hose and manifold gauge.

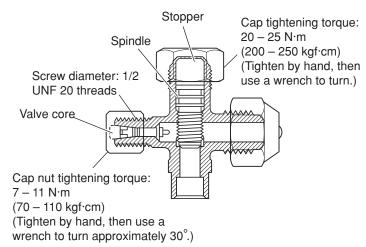
- (1) Check that each tube (both narrow and wide tubes) between the indoor and outdoor units have been properly connected and all wiring for the test run has been completed. Note that both narrow and wide tube service valves on the outdoor unit are kept closed at this stage.
- (2) Using an adjustable wrench or box wrench, remove the valve caps from the service valve on both narrow and wide tubes.
- (3) Connect a vacuum pump and a manifold valve (with pressure gauges) to the service port on the wide tube service valve. (Fig. 20).



Before using the vacuum pump adapter, read the vacuum pump adapter manual, and use the adapter correctly.



Be sure to use a manifold valve for air purging. If it is not available, use a stop valve for this purpose. The "Hi" knob of the manifold valve must always be kept closed.



<Structure of service valve on wide tube side>

Fig. 21

- When using a hex wrench to open the spindle, an extremely small amount of refrigerant may leak.
   This does not indicate a problem.
- Use a hex wrench of a type to which force can be easily applied.

(4) With the "Lo" knob of the manifold valve open and high-pressure valve ("Hi") closed completely, run the vacuum pump. Run the pump until the pressure is -101 kPa (-76 cmHg). The operation time for the vacuum pump varies with tubing length and the capacity of the pump. The following table shows the amount of time required for evacuation:

#### Table 5

Required time for evacuation when capacity of 100 liter/h vacuum pump is used

20 min. or more

#### NOTE

The required time in the above table is calculated based on the assumption that the ideal (or target) vacuum condition is around 10 mmHg abs.

- (5) With the vacuum pump still running, close the "Lo" knob of the manifold valve. Then stop the vacuum pump. Fully close the low-pressure valve and stop the vacuum pump. (Wait 1 2 minutes and check that the manifold gauge pointer does not return. If it does return, find and repair the leak, then apply the vacuum again.)
- (6) With a hex wrench, turn the valve stem on the narrow tube service valve counter-clockwise by 90 degrees (1/4 turn) for 10 seconds, and then turn the stem clockwise to close it again.



Be sure to completely insert the hex wrench before attempting to turn the valve.

- (7) With a standard screwdriver, turn the wide tube service valve stem counterclockwise to fully open the valve.
- (8) Turn the narrow tube service valve stem counterclockwise to fully open the valve.
- (9) Loosen the vacuum hose connected to the wide tube service port slightly to release the pressure. Then, remove the hose.
- (10) Leak test all joints at the tubing (both indoor and outdoors) with liquid soap. Bubbles indicate a leak. Be sure to wipe off the soap with a clean cloth.



If a CFC gas detector is used, use a special detector for HFC refrigerant (such as R410A and R134a).

- (11) Replace the flare nut on the wide tube service port and fasten the flare nut securely with an adjustable wrench or box wrench. Next, mount the valve cap and tighten it with a torque wrench (the cap needs to be tightened with the torque of 20 N·m (200 kgf·cm)). This process is very important to prevent gas from leaking from the system.
- (12) Test run the air conditioner. (See page 18.)
- (13) While the air conditioner is running, apply liquid soap to check for any gas leaks around the service valves or caps.
- (14) If there is no leakage, stop the air conditioner.
- (15) Wipe off the soap on the tubing.

This completes air purging with a vacuum pump and the air conditioner is ready for actual operation.

## ■ Pump Down

# In order to protect the earth's environment, be sure to perform pump-down to recover refrigerant gas without releasing it into the atmosphere.

 When relocating or disposing of the Air Conditioner, request this service from the dealer where the unit was purchased, or from an appropriate agent. Perform pump-down as described below.

#### What is pump-down?

- Pump-down refers to recovering the refrigerant gas from the refrigerant cycle at the outdoor unit. This work must be performed during cooling operation. The refrigerant gas cannot be recovered during heating operation.
- During winter, or if the temperature sensor prevents cooling operation, perform "forced cooling operation."



- (1) Fully close the spindles at the valves on the narrow tube side of tubes A and B. (Refer to Fig. 22.)
- (2) Connect the manifold gauge to the charging port at the valve on the wide tube side of tube B. Purge the air from the charging hose. (Refer to Fig. 23.)
- (3) Perform cooling operation or forced cooling operation. When the pressure at the low-pressure side is 0.15 – 0.2 MPa (0.5 – 1 kg/cm²G), fully close the spindles at the valves on the wide tube side of tubes A and B, and immediately stop operation. (Refer to Fig. 23.) In the winter, the outdoor unit may stop after 5 – 10 minutes of operation. This is in order to protect the indoor unit heat exchanger from freezing and does not indicate a problem.
- (4) Disconnect the manifold gauge and the inter-unit tubes, and attach the caps and flare nuts. At this point, pumpdown is completed. (If the caps and flare nuts are not reattached, there is the danger of gas leakage.) (Refer to Fig. 24.)

#### If pump-down is not possible

If the Air Conditioner cannot be operated because of a malfunction or other cause, use a refrigerant recovery device to recover the refrigerant.

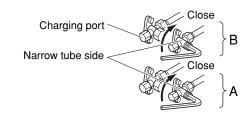


Fig. 22

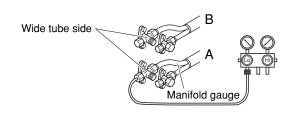


Fig. 23

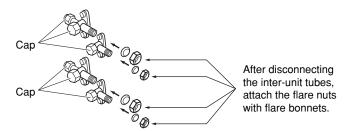


Fig. 24

#### 5. Wiring Instructions

#### 5-1. General Precautions on Wiring

- (1) Before wiring, confirm the rated voltage of the unit as shown on its nameplate, then carry out the wiring closely following the wiring diagram.
- (2) Provide a power outlet to be used exclusively for each unit, with a power supply disconnect and circuit breaker for overcurrent protection provided in the exclusive line.
- (3) To prevent possible hazard due to insulation failure, the unit must be grounded.
- (4) Each wiring connection must be done tightly and in accordance with the wiring system diagram. Wrong wiring may cause the unit to misoperate or become damaged.
- (5) Do not allow wiring to touch the refrigerant tubing, compressor, or any moving parts of the fan.
- (6) Unauthorized changes in the internal wiring can be very dangerous. The manufacturer will accept no responsibility for any damage or misoperation that occurs as a result of such unauthorized changes.

# 5-2. Recommended Wire Length and Diameter

Regulations on wiring diameter differ from locality to locality. For field wiring requirements, please refer to your local electrical codes. Carefully observe these regulations when carrying out the installation.

Table 6 shows maximum wire lengths for control line and power line and fuse or circuit capacity.

# NOTE

Refer to the wiring system diagram (Fig. 25) for the meaning of (A), (B), and (C) in Table 6.

#### Table 6

Cross-Sectional Area (mm²)	Max. Power Line Length (m) (A)	Max. Control Line Length (m) (B) (C)	Fuse or
Model	3.5	1.0	Circuit Capacity
SAP-CMRV1426	26	25	15 A



- Be sure to comply with local codes on running the wire from the indoor unit to the outdoor unit (size of wire and wiring method, etc.).
- Each wire must be firmly connected.
- No wire should be allowed to touch refrigerant tubing, the compressor, or any moving part.
- Be sure to connect power wires correctly matching up numbers on terminals of the outdoor unit and respective indoor units A – B.



- Be sure to connect the power supply line to the outdoor unit as shown in the wiring diagram.
   The indoor unit draws its power from the outdoor unit.
- Do not run wiring for antenna, signal, or power lines of television, radio, stereo, telephone, security system, or intercom any closer than 1 meter from the power cable and wires between the indoor and outdoor units. Electrical noise may affect the operation.

#### 5-3. Wiring System Diagram

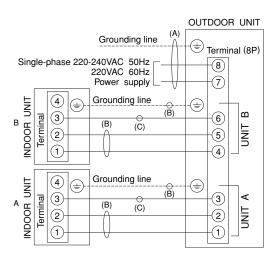


Fig. 25



- To avoid the risk of electric shock, each air conditioner unit must be grounded.
- For the installation of a grounding device, please observe local electrical codes.
- Grounding is necessary, especially for units using inverter circuits, in order to release charged electricity and electrical noise caused by high tension.
  - Otherwise, electrical shock may occur.
- Place a dedicated ground more than 2 meters away from other grounds and do not have it shared with other electric appliances.

#### 5-4. How to Connect Wiring to the Terminal



Loose wiring may cause the terminal to overheat or result in unit malfunction. A fire hazard may also exist. Therefore, be sure all wiring is tightly connected.

When connecting each power wire to the corresponding terminal, follow the instructions "How to connect wiring to the terminal" and fasten the wire securely tight with the fixing screw of the terminal plate.

#### How to connect wiring to the terminal

#### a) For Indoor Unit

- (1) Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the wire about 7 mm. See the label (Fig. 26) near the terminal plate.
- (2) Using a screwdriver, loosen the terminal screw on the terminal plate.
- (3) Insert the wire and tighten the terminal screw completely using a screwdriver.

#### b) For Outdoor Unit

#### ■ For solid core wiring (or F-cable)

- Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the solid wire about 25 mm. (Fig. 27)
- (2) Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw(s) on the terminal plate.
- (3) Using the pliers, bend the solid wire to form a loop suitable for the terminal screw.
- (4) Shape the loop wire properly, place it on the terminal plate and fix it securely with the removed terminal screw using a screwdriver.

#### ■ For stranded wiring

- Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the stranded wiring about 10 mm and tightly twist the wire ends. (Figs. 28 and 29)
- (2) Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw(s) on the terminal plate.
- (3) Using a ring connector fastener or pliers, securely clamp each stripped wire end with a ring connector. (Fig. 28)
- (4) Place the ring connector wire, and replace and tighten the removed terminal screw using a screwdriver. (Fig. 30)

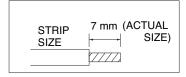


Fig. 26

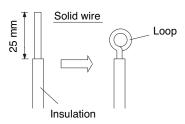


Fig. 27

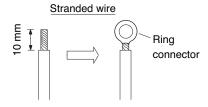


Fig. 28

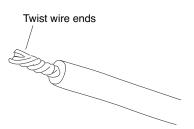


Fig. 29

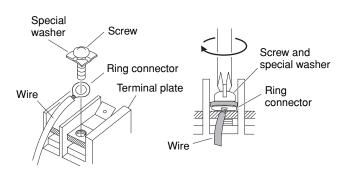


Fig. 30

#### 5-5. Wiring Instructions for the Outdoor Unit



Be sure to correctly align inter-unit cables A and B.

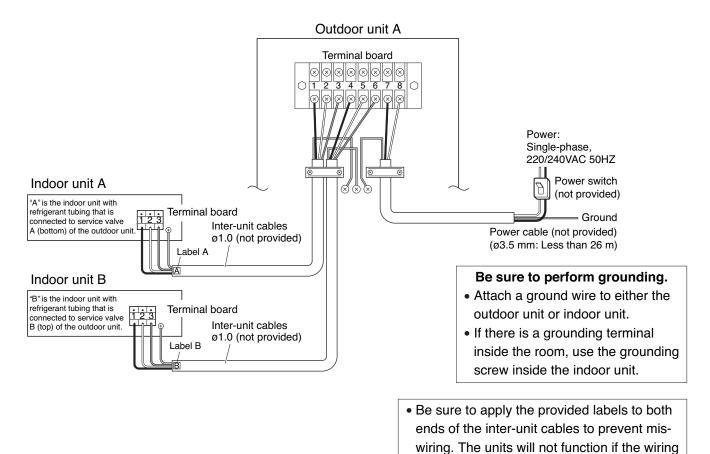


Fig. 31

connections are incorrect.

- Use a dedicated air conditioner circuit for power.
- To make connections to the outdoor unit, remove the inspection panel and tubing panel.
- Do not bring the inter-unit cables or power cable into contact with tubing or service valves.
- Use outdoor unit cable fasteners and fasten the inter-unit cables at the location where the cables are double-sheathed.
- Arrange the wiring so that the inter-unit cables are contained in the inspection panel and tubing panel, as shown in Fig. 31.

Regulations on wire size differ from locality to locality. For field wiring requirements, please refer to your local electrical codes. Make sure that the installation fully complies with all local and national regulations.

- (1) Remove access panel "C". (Fig. 32)
- (2) Connect the inter-unit wiring and power line according to the drawing on the panel side.
- (3) Be sure to size each wire allowing approx. 10 cm longer than the required length for wiring. Store excess wiring inside the cabinet.
- (4) When connections are completed, check that all connections are correct as shown in the wiring system diagram on panel side.
- (5) Be sure to ground the unit according to your local codes.

#### 6. Test Run

#### Performing a test run

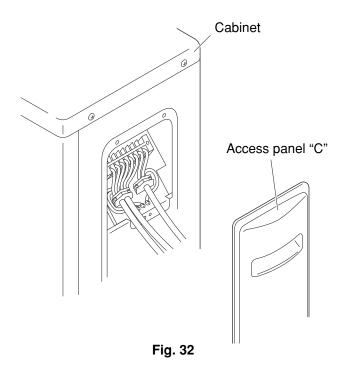
- Refer to the test run procedures in the indoor unit installation manual.
- Perform the test run separately for each connected indoor unit. If 2 units are operated simultaneously, it is not possible to correctly check for errors in tubing and wiring.
- If the room temperature is 15°C or below, it may not be possible to check for tubing errors with cooling operation. If this occurs, perform heating operation for each unit individually, and check that warm air is discharged from each unit. If there is cold air mixed in with the warm air, check the tubing connections again.

#### Checking tubing and wiring

Perform the test run and check that operation is normal. If there is an error in tubing or wiring, the refrigerant may flow to indoor unit B when indoor unit A is operated (for example).



- Stop operation immediately if there is an error in tubing or wiring. Turn the power (breaker) OFF, and check whether the inter-unit cables are connected incorrectly, or whether the narrow tubes A and B are connected in reverse. Correct the connections.
- If there is an error in tubing, pump-down must be performed. Be sure to perform pump-down. After making corrections, again purge the air from the tubes.



# 7. Connecting a Home Automation Device

The HA (white) 4P terminal is located on the indoor unit PCB. If a HA device will be used, connect it to this terminal.

Also, refer to Section 9. Electric Wiring Diagram in the outdoor unit installation manual.

# 8. Installation Check Sheet

☐ The indoor and outdoor units are installed level and vertically.
☐ The power and voltage are as specified.
☐ Inter-unit cables are securely fastened to the terminal board.
☐ Inter-unit cables are securely fixed.
☐ The power cord and inter-unit cables are not connected anywhere along their paths.
☐ The ground wire is securely connected.
An air purge of the refrigerant circuit has been conducted.

☐ The strength of the installation location is sufficient to support the Air Conditioner weight.

A leak test of the tubing connections has been performed.

Thermal insulation has been applied to the tubing connections.

Drain connections are secure and water drains properly.

Putty has been used to close the hole in the wall.

All service valves are fully open.

Remote controller signals are being positively received.

# 9. Electric Wiring Diagram

#### **Indoor Unit**

#### **SAP-KMRV74/94/124EH**

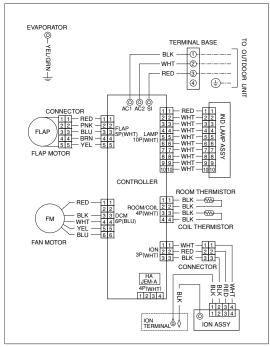
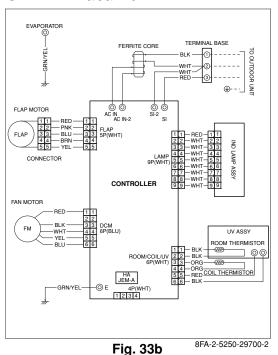


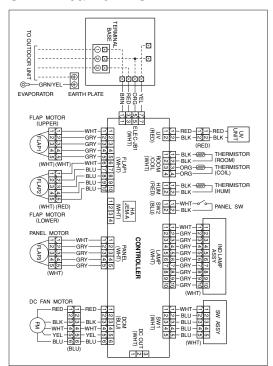
Fig. 33a

8FA-2-5257-72600-1

#### SAP-KMRV76/96/126EH

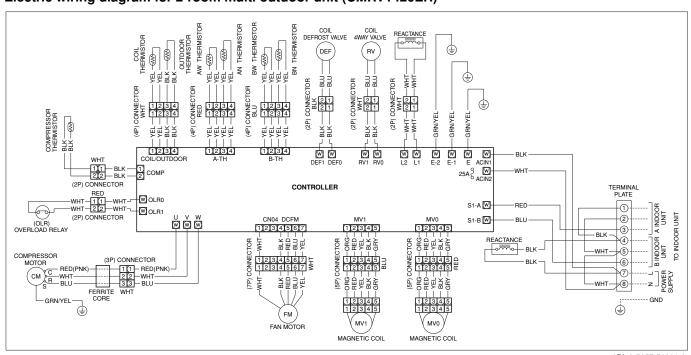


#### SAP-KRV96/126EHDS



**Fig. 33c** 8FA-2-5250-07400-1

## Electric wiring diagram for 2-room multi outdoor unit (CMRV1426EH)



**Fig. 34** 



To prevent electric shock, do not inspect or repair until the Power Lamp on the P.C.Board is turned off.

#### Meaning of Abbreviations

	ABBREV.	MEANING
1	BLK	BLACK
2	BLU	BLUE
3	BRN	BROWN
4	GRN/YEL	GREEN/YELLOW
5	GRY	GREY
6	ORG	ORANGE
7	PNK	PINK
8	RED	RED
9	VLT	VIOLET
10	WHT	WHITE
11	YEL	YELLOW

# **APPENDIX B INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

SAP-CMRV1926EH SAP-CMRV1936EH SAP-CMRV2446EH SAP-CMRV3146EH

(II-852-6-4190-442-00-2)

NOTE The specifications of SAP-KRV96EHDSA are the same as those of SAP-KRV96EHDS described in the Installation Instruction.

# **INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS**

# - Inverter Multi Split System Air Conditioner - COOL/DRY/HEAT Model

This air conditioner uses the new refrigerant R410A.

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## **Model Combinations**

Combine indoor and outdoor units only as listed below.

Indoor Unit	Outdoor Unit
SAP-KMRV74EH	SAP-CMRV1926EH
SAP-KMRV94EH	
SAP-KMRV124EH	SAP-CMRV1936EH
SAP-KMRV76EH	SAP-CMRV2446FH
SAP-KMRV96EH	O/II OWNIVE FIOLET
SAP-KMRV126EH	SAP-CMRV3146EH
SAP-KRV96EHDS	
SAP-KRV126EHDS	

Combine indoor and outdoor units only as listed in the combination tables for 2-room, 3-room or 4-room outdoor unit as shown in its respective manual.

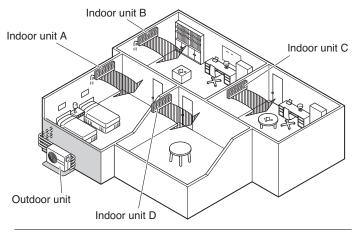
Power Source:

SAP-KRV184EH SAP-KRV244EH SAP-KRV186EH SAP-KRV246EH

50 Hz, single-phase, 220 - 240 VAC

Be sure to read the vellow instruction sheet attached to the outdoor unit for models using the new refrigerant R410A.

#### Combination example



#### NOTE

The illustrations are based on the typical appearance of a standard model. Consequently, the shape may differ from that of the air conditioner that you are installing.

# IMPORTANT! Please Read Before Starting

This air conditioning system meets strict safety and operating standards. As the installer or service person, it is an important part of your job to install or service the system so it operates safely and efficiently.

# For safe installation and trouble-free operation, you must:

- Carefully read this instruction booklet before beginning.
- Follow each installation or repair step exactly as shown.
- Observe all local, state, and national electrical codes.
- Pay close attention to all warning and caution notices given in this manual.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in severe personal injury or death.



This symbol refers to a hazard or unsafe practice which can result in personal injury or product or property damage.

#### If Necessary, Get Help

These instructions are all you need for most installation sites and maintenance conditions. If you require help for a special problem, contact our sales/service outlet or your certified dealer for additional instructions.

#### In Case of Improper Installation

The manufacturer shall in no way be responsible for improper installation or maintenance service, including failure to follow the instructions in this document.

#### **SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS**

#### WARNING

#### When Wiring



ELECTRICAL SHOCK CAN CAUSE SEVERE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. ONLY A QUALIFIED, EXPERIENCED ELEC-TRICIAN SHOULD ATTEMPT TO WIRE THIS SYSTEM.

- Do not supply power to the unit until all wiring and tubing are completed or reconnected and checked.
- Highly dangerous electrical voltages are used in this system. Carefully refer to the wiring diagram and these instructions when wiring. Improper connections and inadequate grounding can cause accidental injury or death.
- Ground the unit following local electrical codes.
- Connect all wiring tightly. Loose wiring may cause overheating at connection points and a possible fire hazard.
- Install a protective leakage breaker depending on the installation location (especially a damp or humid location). If a leakage breaker is not installed, electric shock can occur.

#### When Transporting

Be careful when picking up and moving the indoor and outdoor units. Get a partner to help, and bend your knees

when lifting to reduce strain on your back. Sharp edges or thin aluminum fins on the air conditioner can cut your fingers.

#### When Installing...

#### ...In a Ceiling or Wall

Make sure the ceiling/wall is strong enough to hold the unit's weight. It may be necessary to construct a strong wood or metal frame to provide added support.

#### ...In a Room

Properly insulate any tubing run inside a room to prevent "sweating" that can cause dripping and water damage to walls and floors.

#### ...In Moist or Uneven Locations

Use a raised concrete pad or concrete blocks to provide a solid, level foundation for the outdoor unit. This prevents water damage and abnormal vibration.

#### ...In an Area with High Winds

Securely anchor the outdoor unit down with bolts and a metal frame. Provide a suitable air baffle.

## ...In a Snowy Area (for Heat Pump-type Systems)

- Position the outdoor unit in a protected location where snow will not blow into it.
- Install the outdoor unit on a raised platform that is higher than drifting snow. Provide snow vents.

#### When Connecting Refrigerant Tubing

- · Use the flare method for connecting tubing.
- Apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union tubes before connecting them, then tighten the nut with a torque wrench for a leak-free connection.
- · Check carefully for leaks before starting the test run.

#### When Servicing

- Turn the power OFF at the main power box (mains) before opening the unit to check or repair electrical parts and wiring.
- Keep your fingers and clothing away from any moving parts.
- Clean up the site after you finish, remembering to check that no metal scraps or bits of wiring have been left inside the unit being serviced.



#### Others

- Ventilate any enclosed areas when installing or testing the refrigeration system. Escaped refrigerant gas, on contact with fire or heat, can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- Confirm upon completing installation that no refrigerant gas is leaking. If escaped gas comes in contact with a stove, gas water heater, electric room heater or other heat source, it can produce dangerously toxic gas.
- · Do not install only a single indoor unit.

# 1. General

This booklet briefly outlines where and how to install the air conditioning system. Please read over the entire set of instructions for the indoor and outdoor units and make sure all accessory parts listed are with the system before beginning. If the electric wiring diagram does not appear in this manual, please check for the diagram on the indoor unit.

# 1-1. Tools Required for Installation (not supplied)

- 1. Standard screwdriver
- 2. Phillips head screwdriver
- 3. Knife or wire stripper
- 4. Tape measure

- 5. Carpenter's level
- 6. Sabre saw or key hole saw
- 7. Hacksaw
- 8. Core bits
- 9. Hammer
- 10. Drill
- 11. Tube cutter
- 12. Tube flaring tool
- 13. Torque wrench
- 14. Adjustable wrench
- 15. Reamer (for deburring)
- 16. Vacuum pump (For R410A)
- 17. Manifold valve

# 1-2. Accessories Supplied with Unit

Table 1

Parts	Fig	ure	Q'ty	Parts	Fig	ure	Q'ty	Parts	Figure	Q'ty
Reducer		CMRV1926	1 1	Reducer		CMRV2446	1	Drain elbow		1
(ø9.52 × ø12.70)		CMRV1936	'	$(\emptyset 12.70 \times \emptyset 9.52)$		CMRV3146	2	Diam elbow		'
Labels for inter-unit cable and tube	АВ	CD	4 each	Cushion rubber		$\geqslant$	4	Drain cap		5

Packed in the outdoor unit.

# 1-3. Optional Copper Tubing Kit

Copper tubing for connecting the outdoor unit to the indoor unit is available in kits which contain the narrow and wide tubing, fittings and insulation. Consult your nearest sales outlet or air conditioning workshop.

# 1-4. Type of Copper Tube and Insulation Material

If you wish to purchase these materials separately from a local source, you will need:

- 1. Deoxidized annealed copper tube for refrigerant tubing as detailed in Table 2.
  - Cut each tube to the appropriate lengths +30 cm to 40 cm to dampen vibration between units.

- Foamed polyethylene insulation for the specified copper tubes as required to precise length of tubing. Wall thickness of the insulation should be not less than 8 mm.
- Use insulated copper wire for field wiring.
   Wire size varies with the total length of wiring.
   Refer to 5. Wiring Instructions for details.



Check local electrical codes and regulations before obtaining wire. Also, check any specified instructions or limitations.

Table 2

Madal	Narro	w Tube	Wide Tube		
Model	Outer Dia.	Thickness	Outer Dia.	Thickness	
KMRV74/76	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	
KMRV94/96	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	
KMRV124/126	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	
KRV184/186	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	12.70 mm	0.8 mm	
KRV244/246	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	15.88 mm	1.0 mm	
KRV96/126	6.35 mm	0.8 mm	9.52 mm	0.8 mm	

# 1-5. Additional Materials Required for Installation

- 1. Refrigeration (armored) tape
- 2. Insulated staples or clamps for connecting wire (See local codes)
- 3. Putty
- 4. Refrigeration lubricant
- Clamps or saddles to secure refrigerant tubing

# 2. Installation Site Selection

## 2-1. Indoor Unit



To prevent abnormal heat generation and the possibility of fire, do not place obstacles, enclosures and grilles in front of or surrounding the air conditioner in a way that may block air flow.

# **AVOID:**

- direct sunlight.
- nearby heat sources that may affect performance of the unit.
- areas where leakage of flammable gas may be expected.
- placing or allowing any obstructions near the Air Conditioner inlet or outlet.
- installing in rooms that contain instant-on (rapid-start) fluorescent lamps. (These may prevent the Air Conditioner from receiving signals.)
- places where large amounts of oil mist exist.
- installing in locations where there are devices that generate high-frequency emissions.

# DO:

- select an appropriate position from which every corner of the room can be uniformly cooled. (High on a wall is best.)
- select a location that will hold the weight of the unit.
- select a location where tubing and drain hose have the shortest run to the outside. (Fig. 1)
- allow room for operation and maintenance as well as unrestricted air flow around the unit. (Fig. 2)
- install the unit within the maximum elevation difference (H1, H2, H3, H4) above or below the outdoor unit and within a total tubing length (L1+L2, L1+L2+L3, L1+L2+L3+L4) from the outdoor unit as detailed in Table 3 and Fig. 3a.

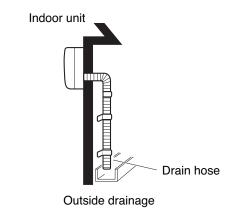


Fig. 1

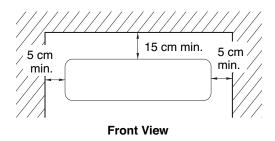


Fig. 2

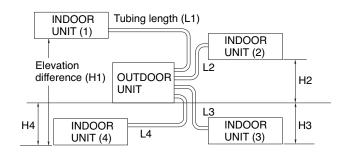


Fig. 3a

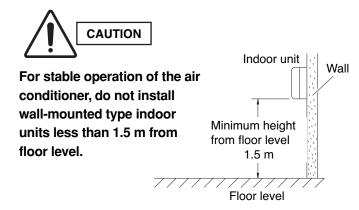


Fig. 3b

- install the indoor unit more than 1 meter away from any antenna or power lines or connecting wires used for television, radio, telephone, security system, or intercom.
   Electrical noise from any of these sources may affect operation.
- install in a sturdy manner to avoid increased operating noise.

Table 3

Model	Max. Allowable Tubing Length per unit (m)	Max. Allowable Total Tubing Length at shipment (L1+L2) or (L1+L2+L3) or (L1+L2+L3+L4) (m)	Limit of Total Tubing Length (L1+L2) or (L1+L2+L3) or (L1+L2+L3+L4) (m)	Limit of Elevation Difference (H1, H2, H3, H4) (m)	Required Amount of Additional Refrigerant (g/m)*
CMRV1926	25	45 (L1+L2)	45 (L1+L2)	15	_
CMRV1936	25	45 (L1+L2+L3)	45 (L1+L2+L3)	15	_
CMRV2446	25	45 (L1+L2+L3+L4)	60 (L1+L2+L3+L4)	15	20
CMRV3146	30	45 (L1+L2+L3+L4)	70 (L1+L2+L3+L4)	15	20

<sup>\*</sup> If total tubing length becomes 45 to 60 m (max.) or 45 to 70 m (max.), charge additional refrigerant (R410A) by 20 g/m. No additional charge of compressor oil is necessary.

# 2-2. Connecting Indoor Units

(1) Connecting indoor unit for SAP-CMRV1926

(A)

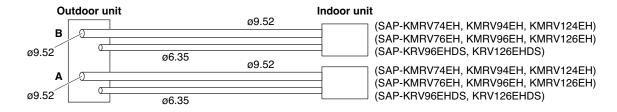


Fig. 4

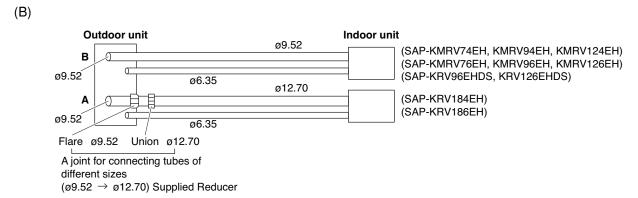


Fig. 4a

(A)

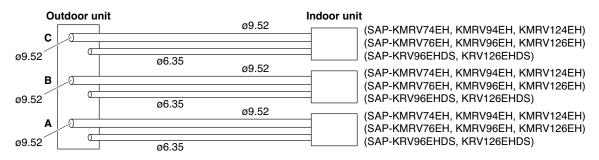


Fig. 4b

(B)

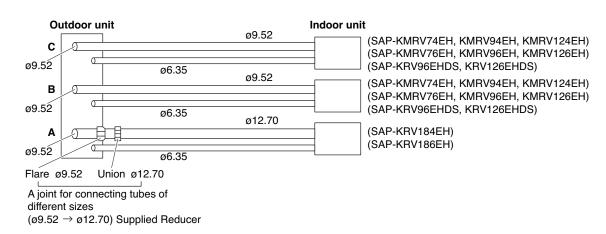


Fig. 4c

# (3) Connecting indoor unit for SAP-CMRV2446

(A)

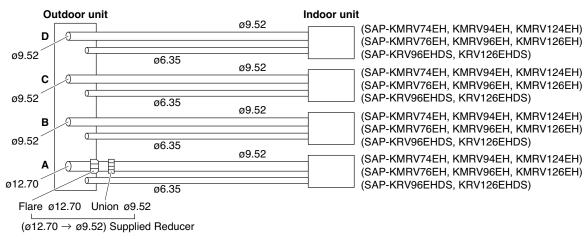


Fig. 4d

(B)

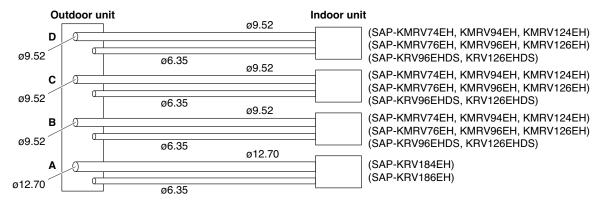


Fig. 4e

(C)

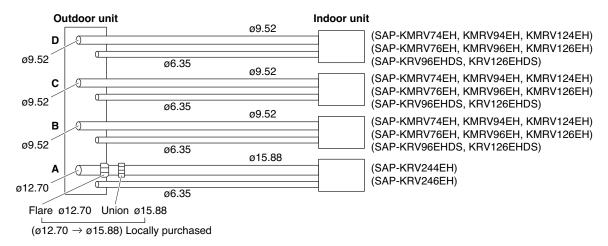


Fig. 4f

(D)

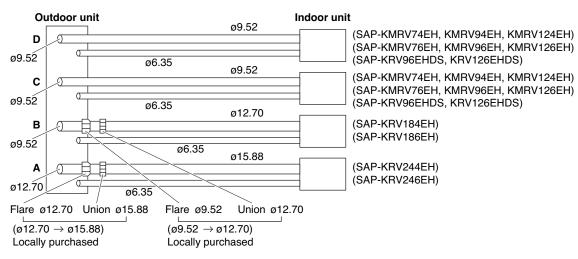


Fig. 4g

(A)

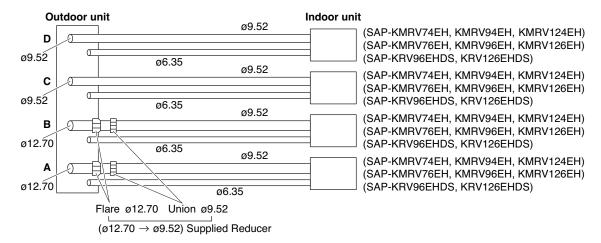


Fig. 4h

(B)

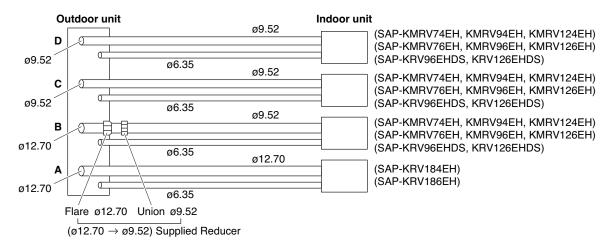


Fig. 4i

(C)

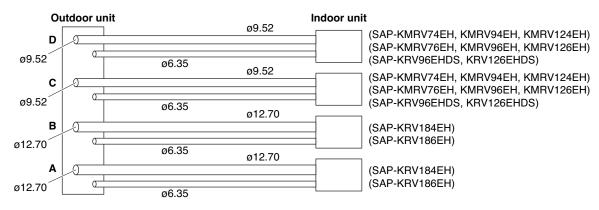


Fig. 4j

(D)

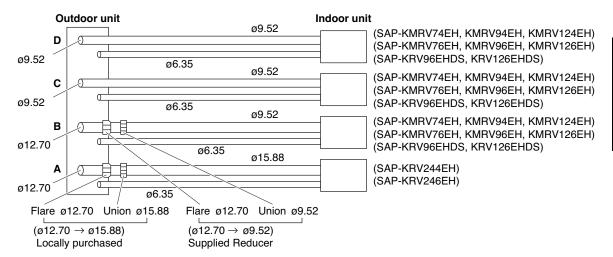


Fig. 4k

(E)

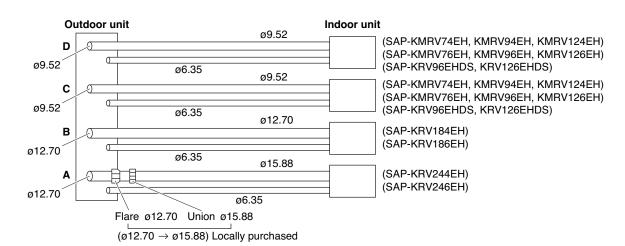


Fig. 4I

## 2-3. Outdoor Unit

## AVOID:

- heat sources, exhaust fans, etc. (Fig. 5a)
- damp, humid or uneven locations.

# DO:

- position the outdoor unit in a protected location where snow will not blow into it.
- choose a place as cool as possible.
- choose a place that is well ventilated.
- install in a location where at least two sides are unobstructed, so that the flow of air at the intake port or exhaust port is not blocked, and so that sufficient space is ensured for maintenance to be carried out without trouble.
  - In general the top also must be unobstructed. (Fig. 5b)
- provide a solid base (level concrete pad, concrete block, 15 × 40 cm beams or equal), a minimum of 15 cm above ground level to reduce humidity and protect the unit against possible water damage and decreased service life. (Fig. 5c)
- install cushion rubber under unit's feet to reduce vibration and noise. (Fig. 5d)
- use lug bolts or equal to bolt down unit, reducing vibration and noise.
- install in a location where no antenna of a television or radio exists within 3 meters.

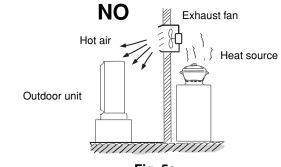
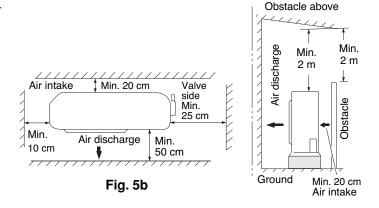


Fig. 5a



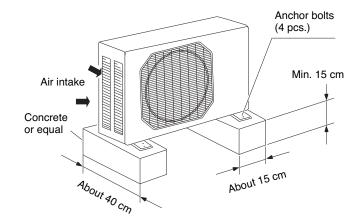


Fig. 5c

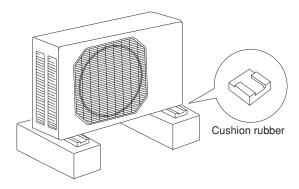
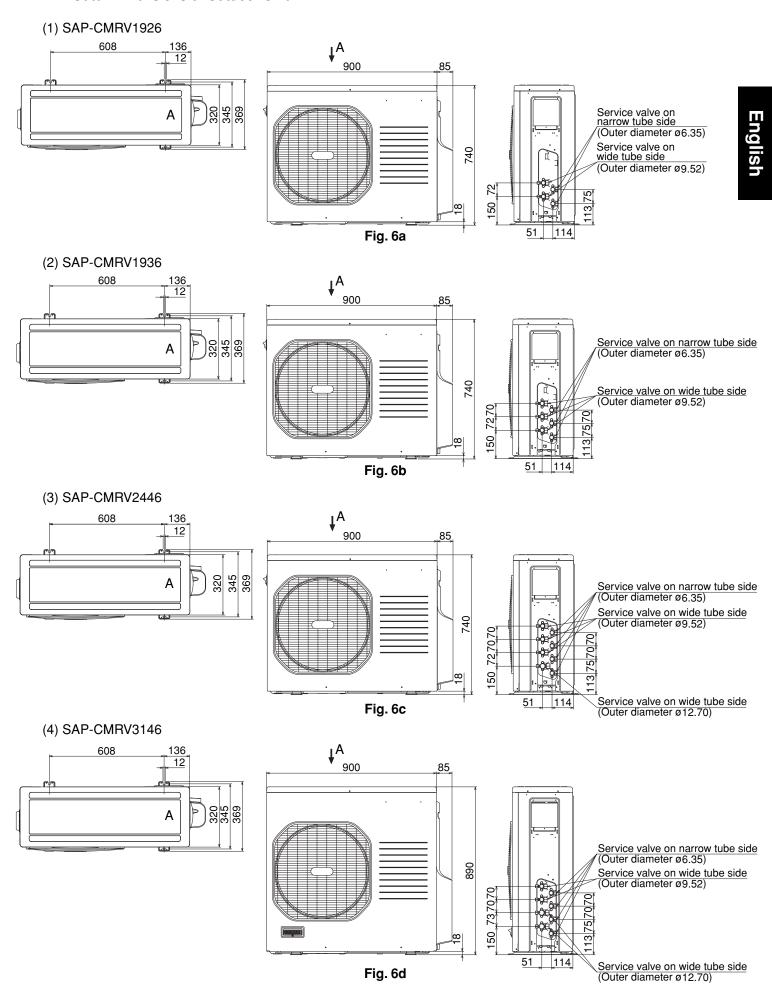


Fig. 5d

# 2-4. Outer Dimensions of Outdoor Unit



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# 2-5. Diagram of Outdoor Unit Installation

# Never install only a single indoor unit.

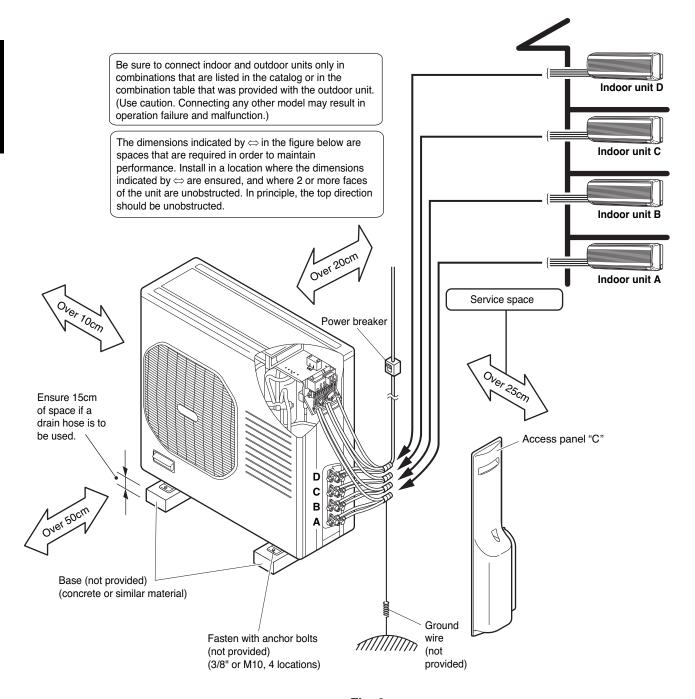


Fig. 6e

# 3. Installation Process

# 3-1. Embedding the Tubing and Wiring

- Do not connect tubes to locations that are embedded.
- Be sure to bind refrigerant tubing and inter-unit cables together with vinyl tape.
- The power cable must be obtained on-site.
   (ø3.5: Less than 26 m)
- Be sure to apply the provided labels to both ends of the inter-unit cables to prevent miswiring.
- Securely seal the end of embedded tubing with vinyl tape in order to prevent dirt or moisture entry.
- In order to prevent insulation breakdown and ground faults, do not allow the wire ends to contact rainwater, or be subject to dew condensation.

# 3-2. Drain Cap and Drain Elbow

First refer to Section 2. Installation Site Selection.

# NOTE

The drain hole at the bottom of the outdoor unit was not plugged at the time of factory shipment. If necessary, plug the drain hole with the accessory drain cap or mount the accessory drain elbow before installing the outdoor unit. (Fig. 7)



When installing in a cold area where drainage water may freeze, do not attach the provided drain cap or drain elbow to the bottom plate of the unit.

# 3-3. Use of the Flaring Method

Many of the conventional split system air conditioners employ the flaring method to connect refrigerant tubes which run between indoor and outdoor units. In this method, the copper tubes are flared at each end and connected with flare nuts.

# 3-4. Flaring Procedure with a Flare Tool

- Cut the copper tube to the required length with a tube cutter. It is recommended to cut approx. 30 – 50 cm longer than the tubing length you estimate.
- (2) Remove burrs at the end of the copper tube with a tube reamer or file. This process is important and should be done carefully to make a good flare. (Fig. 8)

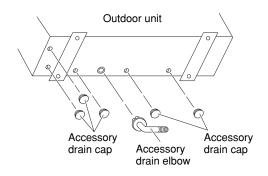
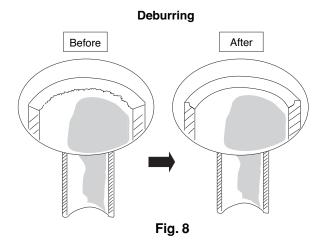


Fig. 7



# NOTE

When reaming, hold the tube end downward and be sure that no copper scraps fall into the tube. (Fig. 9)

- (3) Remove the flare nut from the unit and be sure to mount it on the copper tube.
- (4) Make a flare at the end of copper tube with a flare tool.\* (Figs. 10 and 11)

(\*Use "RIDGID" or equivalent.)

# NOTE

A good flare should have the following characteristics:

- inside surface is glossy and smooth.
- edge is smooth.
- tapered sides are of uniform length.

# 3-5. Caution Before Connecting Tubes Tightly

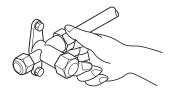
- a) Be sure to apply a sealing cap or water-proof tape to prevent dust or water from getting into the tubes before they are used.
- b) Be sure to apply refrigerant lubricant to the matching surfaces of the flare and union before connecting them together. This is effective for reducing gas leaks.
   (Fig. 12)
- c) For proper connection, align the union tube and flare tube straight with each other, then screw in the flare nut lightly at first to obtain a smooth match. (Fig. 13)

# 3-6. Tubing Connections

- Temporary connection:
   Screw in 3 5 rotations by hand. (Fig.14)
- b) To fasten the flare nuts, apply specified torque as:

Table 4

Tube Dia.	Tightening Torque
6.35 mm	14 – 18 N·m (140 – 180 kgf · cm)
9.52 mm	34 – 42 N·m (340 – 420 kgf · cm)
12.70 mm	49 – 61 N·m (490 – 610 kgf · cm)
15.88 mm	68 − 82 N·m (680 − 820 kgf · cm)



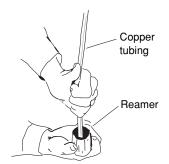
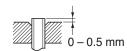
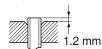


Fig. 9

If the special R410A flare tool is used:



If the previous flare tool (clutch-type) is used:



Adjust so that the amount of tube protrusion is as shown in the figure.

Fig. 10

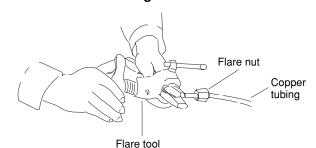


Fig. 11

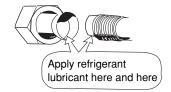


Fig. 12

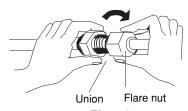
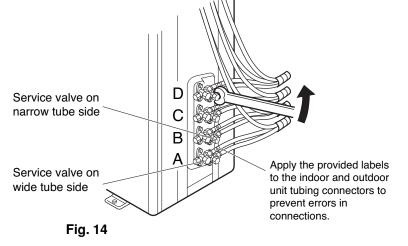


Fig. 13





Be sure to match refrigerant tubing and electric wiring between indoor and outdoor units.

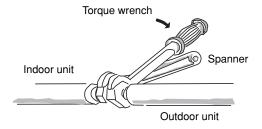


Fig. 15

# 3-7. Insulation of Refrigerant Tubing

# IMPORTANT

To prevent heat loss and wet floors due to dripping of condensation, **both tubes must be well insulated with a proper insulation material.** 

The thickness of the insulation should be a minimum 8 mm. (Fig. 17)

# 3-8. Taping the Tubes



After a tube has been insulated, never try to bend it into a narrow curve, as this may cause the tube to break or crack.

- (1) At this time, the 2 refrigerant tubes (and electrical wire if local codes permit) should be taped together with armoring tape. The drain hose may also be included and taped together as 1 bundle with the tubing.
- (2) Wrap the armoring tape from the bottom of the outdoor unit to the top of the tubing where it enters the wall. As you wrap the tubing, overlap half of each previous tape turn. (Fig. 18)
- (3) Clamp the tubing bundle to wall, using 1 clamp approx. every 120 cm.

# NOTE

Do not wind the armoring tape too tightly, since this will decrease the heat insulation effect. Also, be sure the condensation drain hose splits away from the bundle and drips clear of the unit and the tubing.

# 3-9. Finishing the Installation

After finishing insulating and taping over the tubing, use sealing putty to seal off the hole in the wall to prevent rain and draft from entering. (Fig. 19)

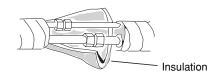


Fig. 16

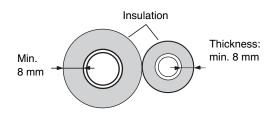


Fig. 17

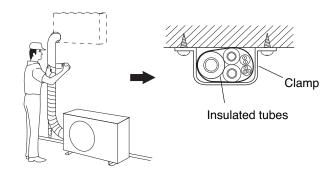


Fig. 18

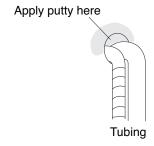


Fig. 19

# 4. Air Purging

Air and moisture remaining in the refrigerant system have undesirable effects as indicated below. Therefore, they must be purged completely.

- pressure in the system rises
- operating current rises
- cooling efficiency drops
- moisture in the air may freeze and block capillary tubing
- water may lead to corrosion of parts in the refrigerant system

# ■ Air Purging with a Vacuum Pump (for Test Run)

 In order to protect the earth's environment, be sure to use a vacuum pump to perform the air purge.
 (Never perform an air purge by using the refrigerant gas cylinder or other external gas, or by using the gas inside the outdoor unit.)

Perform the air purge for tubes A, B, C and D. Use the same procedures for all tubes.

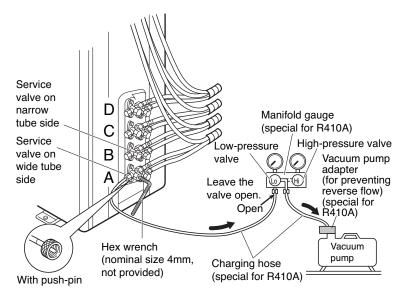


Fig. 20



In order to prevent charging errors with the air conditioner that uses R410A, the screw diameter at the service valve charging port has been changed. When recharging or performing other servicing, use the special charging hose and manifold gauge.

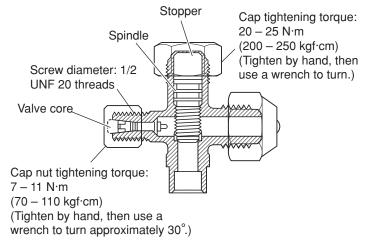
- (1) Check that each tube (both narrow and wide tubes) between the indoor and outdoor units have been properly connected and all wiring for the test run has been completed. Note that both narrow and wide tube service valves on the outdoor unit are kept closed at this stage.
- (2) Using an adjustable wrench or box wrench, remove the valve caps from the service valve on both narrow and wide tubes.
- (3) Connect a vacuum pump and a manifold valve (with pressure gauges) to the service port on the wide tube service valve. (Fig. 20).



Before using the vacuum pump adapter, read the vacuum pump adapter manual, and use the adapter correctly.



Be sure to use a manifold valve for air purging. If it is not available, use a stop valve for this purpose. The "Hi" knob of the manifold valve must always be kept closed.



<Structure of service valve on wide tube side>

Fig. 21

- When using a hex wrench to open the spindle, an extremely small amount of refrigerant may leak.
   This does not indicate a problem.
- Use a hex wrench of a type to which force can be easily applied.

(4) With the "Lo" knob of the manifold valve open and high-pressure valve ("Hi") closed completely, run the vacuum pump. Run the pump until the pressure is -101 kPa (-76 cmHg). The operation time for the vacuum pump varies with tubing length and the capacity of the pump. The following table shows the amount of time required for evacuation:

# Table 5

Required time for evacuation when capacity of 100 liter/h vacuum pump is used

20 min. or more

# NOTE

The required time in the above table is calculated based on the assumption that the ideal (or target) vacuum condition is around 10 mmHg abs.

- (5) With the vacuum pump still running, close the "Lo" knob of the manifold valve. Then stop the vacuum pump. Fully close the low-pressure valve and stop the vacuum pump. (Wait 1 2 minutes and check that the manifold gauge pointer does not return. If it does return, find and repair the leak, then apply the vacuum again.)
- (6) With a hex wrench, turn the valve stem on the narrow tube service valve counter-clockwise by 90 degrees (1/4 turn) for 10 seconds, and then turn the stem clockwise to close it again.



Be sure to completely insert the hex wrench before attempting to turn the valve.

- (7) With a standard screwdriver, turn the wide tube service valve stem counterclockwise to fully open the valve.
- (8) Turn the narrow tube service valve stem counterclockwise to fully open the valve.
- (9) Loosen the vacuum hose connected to the wide tube service port slightly to release the pressure. Then, remove the hose.
- (10) Leak test all joints at the tubing (both indoor and outdoors) with liquid soap. Bubbles indicate a leak. Be sure to wipe off the soap with a clean cloth.



If a CFC gas detector is used, use a special detector for HFC refrigerant (such as R410A and R134a).

- (11) Replace the flare nut on the wide tube service port and fasten the flare nut securely with an adjustable wrench or box wrench. Next, mount the valve cap and tighten it with a torque wrench (the cap needs to be tightened with the torque of 20 N·m (200 kgf·cm)). This process is very important to prevent gas from leaking from the system.
- (12) Test run the air conditioner. (See page 23.)
- (13) While the air conditioner is running, apply liquid soap to check for any gas leaks around the service valves or caps.
- (14) If there is no leakage, stop the air conditioner.
- (15) Wipe off the soap on the tubing.

This completes air purging with a vacuum pump and the air conditioner is ready for actual operation.

# ■ Pump Down

# In order to protect the earth's environment, be sure to perform pump-down to recover refrigerant gas without releasing it into the atmosphere.

 When relocating or disposing of the Air Conditioner, request this service from the dealer where the unit was purchased, or from an appropriate agent. Perform pump-down as described below.

# What is pump-down?

- Pump-down refers to recovering the refrigerant gas from the refrigerant cycle at the outdoor unit. This work must be performed during cooling operation. The refrigerant gas cannot be recovered during heating operation.
- During winter, or if the temperature sensor prevents cooling operation, perform "forced cooling operation."

# Pump-down procedure

- (1) Fully close the spindles at the valves on the narrow tube side of tubes A, B, C and D. (Refer to Fig. 22.)
- (2) Connect the manifold gauge to the charging port at the valve on the wide tube side of tube D. Purge the air from the charging hose. (Refer to Fig. 23.)
- (3) Perform cooling operation or forced cooling operation.
  - When the pressure at the low-pressure side is 0.15-0.2 MPa  $(0.5-1 \text{ kg/cm}^2\text{G})$ , fully close the spindles at the valves on the wide tube side of tubes A, B, C and D, and immediately stop operation. (Refer to Fig. 23.) In the winter, the outdoor unit may stop after 5-10 minutes of operation. This is in order to protect the indoor unit heat exchanger from freezing and does not indicate a problem.
- (4) Disconnect the manifold gauge and the inter-unit tubes, and attach the caps and flare nuts. At this point, pump-down is completed. (If the caps and flare nuts are not reattached, there is the danger of gas leakage.) (Refer to Fig. 24.)

# If pump-down is not possible

If the Air Conditioner cannot be operated because of a malfunction or other cause, use a refrigerant recovery device to recover the refrigerant.

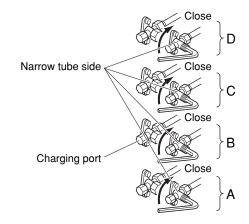


Fig. 22

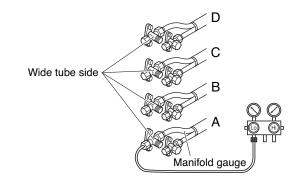


Fig. 23

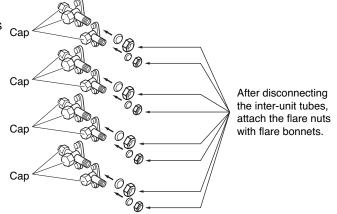


Fig. 24

# 5. Wiring Instructions

# 5-1. General Precautions on Wiring

- Before wiring, confirm the rated voltage of the unit as shown on its nameplate, then carry out the wiring closely following the wiring diagram.
- (2) Provide a power outlet to be used exclusively for each unit, with a power supply disconnect and circuit breaker for overcurrent protection provided in the exclusive line.
- (3) To prevent possible hazard due to insulation failure, the unit must be grounded.
- (4) Each wiring connection must be done tightly and in accordance with the wiring system diagram. Wrong wiring may cause the unit to misoperate or become damaged.
- (5) Do not allow wiring to touch the refrigerant tubing, compressor, or any moving parts of the fan.
- (6) Unauthorized changes in the internal wiring can be very dangerous. The manufacturer will accept no responsibility for any damage or misoperation that occurs as a result of such unauthorized changes.

# 5-2. Recommended Wire Length and Diameter

Regulations on wiring diameter differ from locality to locality. For field wiring requirements, please refer to your local electrical codes. Carefully observe these regulations when carrying out the installation.

Table 6 shows maximum wire lengths for control line and power line and fuse or circuit capacity.

# NOTE

Refer to the wiring system diagram (Figs. 25a, 25b or 25c) for the meaning of (A), (B) and (C) in Table 6.

Table 6

Cross-Sectional Area (mm²)	Max. Power Line Length (m) (A)	Max. Control Line Length (m) (B) (C)	Fuse or
Model	3.5	1.0	Circuit Capacity
SAP-CMRV1926	26	25	20 A
SAP-CMRV1936	26	25	20 A
SAP-CMRV2446	26	25	20 A
SAP-CMRV3146	26	30	20 A



- Be sure to comply with local codes on running the wire from the indoor unit to the outdoor unit (size of wire and wiring method, etc.).
- Each wire must be firmly connected.
- No wire should be allowed to touch refrigerant tubing, the compressor, or any moving part.
- Be sure to connect power wires correctly matching up numbers on terminals of the outdoor unit and respective indoor units A – D.



- Be sure to connect the power supply line to the outdoor unit as shown in the wiring diagram.
   The indoor unit draws its power from the outdoor unit.
- Do not run wiring for antenna, signal, or power lines of television, radio, stereo, telephone, security system, or intercom any closer than 1 meter from the power cable and wires between the indoor and outdoor units. Electrical noise may affect the operation.

# 5-3. Wiring System Diagram

# 3 indoor units with SAP-CMRV1936

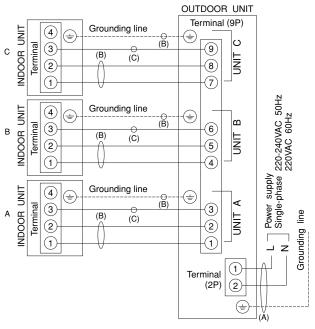


Fig. 25b



- To avoid the risk of electric shock, each air conditioner unit must be grounded.
- For the installation of a grounding device, please observe local electrical codes.
- Grounding is necessary, especially for units using inverter circuits, in order to release charged electricity and electrical noise caused by high tension.
  - Otherwise, electrical shock may occur.
- Place a dedicated ground more than 2 meters away from other grounds and do not have it shared with other electric appliances.

## 2 indoor units with SAP-CMRV1926

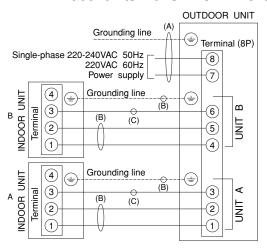


Fig. 25a

# 4 indoor units with SAP-CMRV2446, CMRV3146

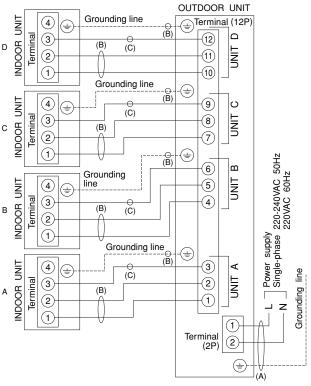


Fig. 25c

# 5-4. How to Connect Wiring to the Terminal



Loose wiring may cause the terminal to overheat or result in unit malfunction. A fire hazard may also exist. Therefore, be sure all wiring is tightly connected.

When connecting each power wire to the corresponding terminal, follow the instructions "How to connect wiring to the terminal" and fasten the wire securely tight with the fixing screw of the terminal plate.

# How to connect wiring to the terminal

# a) For Indoor Unit

- (1) Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the wire about 7 mm. See the label (Fig. 26) near the terminal plate.
- (2) Using a screwdriver, loosen the terminal screw on the terminal plate.
- (3) Insert the wire and tighten the terminal screw completely using a screwdriver.

# b) For Outdoor Unit

# ■ For solid core wiring (or F-cable)

- Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the solid wire about 25 mm. (Fig. 27)
- (2) Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw(s) on the terminal plate.
- (3) Using the pliers, bend the solid wire to form a loop suitable for the terminal screw.
- (4) Shape the loop wire properly, place it on the terminal plate and fix it securely with the removed terminal screw using a screwdriver.

# **■** For stranded wiring

- Cut the wire end with a cutting pliers, then strip the insulation to expose the stranded wiring about 10 mm and tightly twist the wire ends. (Figs. 28 and 29)
- (2) Using a screwdriver, remove the terminal screw(s) on the terminal plate.
- (3) Using a ring connector fastener or pliers, securely clamp each stripped wire end with a ring connector. (Fig. 28)
- (4) Place the ring connector wire, and replace and tighten the removed terminal screw using a screwdriver. (Fig. 30)

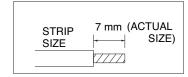


Fig. 26

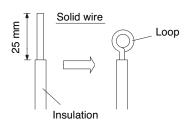


Fig. 27

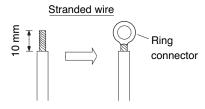


Fig. 28

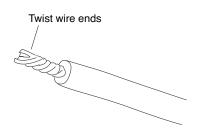


Fig. 29

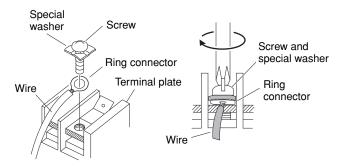


Fig. 30

# 5-5. Wiring Instructions for the Outdoor Unit



Be sure to correctly align inter-unit cables A, B, C and D.

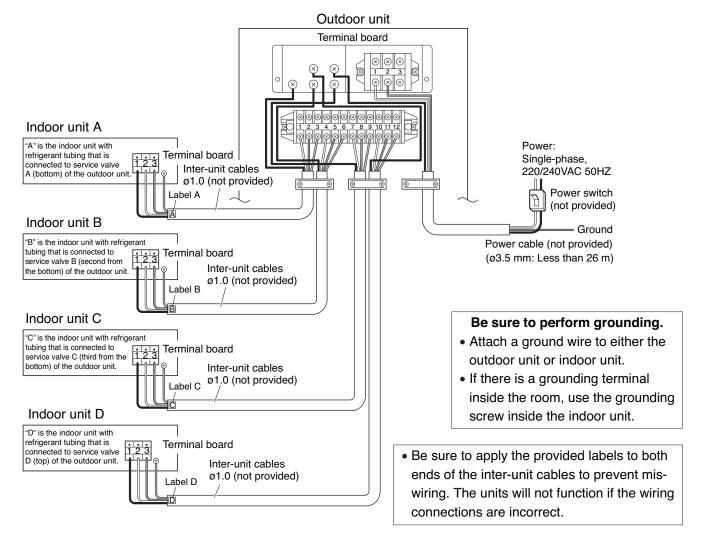


Fig. 31

- Use a dedicated Air Conditioner circuit for power.
- To make connections to the outdoor unit, remove the inspection panel and tubing panel.
- Do not bring the inter-unit cables or power cable into contact with tubing or service valves.
- Use outdoor unit cable fasteners and fasten the inter-unit cables at the location where the cables are double-sheathed.
- Arrange the wiring so that the inter-unit cables are contained in the inspection panel and tubing panel, as shown in Fig. 31.

Regulations on wire size differ from locality to locality. For field wiring requirements, please refer to your local electrical codes. Make sure that the installation fully complies with all local and national regulations.

- (1) Remove access panel "C". (Fig. 32)
- (2) Connect the inter-unit wiring and power line according to the drawing on the panel side.
- (3) Be sure to size each wire allowing approx. 10 cm longer than the required length for wiring. Store excess wiring inside the cabinet.
- (4) When connections are completed, check that all connections are correct as shown in the wiring system diagram on panel side.
- (5) Be sure to ground the unit according to your local codes.



# Performing a test run

- Refer to the test run procedures in the indoor unit installation manual.
- Perform the test run separately for each connected indoor unit. If 2 units are operated simultaneously, it is not possible to correctly check for errors in tubing and wiring.
- If the room temperature is 15°C or below, it may not be possible to check for tubing errors with cooling operation. If this occurs, perform heating operation for each unit individually, and check that warm air is discharged from each unit. If there is cold air mixed in with the warm air, check the tubing connections again.

# Checking tubing and wiring

Perform the test run and check that operation is normal. If there is an error in tubing or wiring, the refrigerant may flow to indoor unit B when indoor unit A is operated (for example).



- Stop operation immediately if there is an error in tubing or wiring. Turn the power (breaker) OFF, and check whether the inter-unit cables are connected incorrectly, or whether the narrow tubes A and B are connected in reverse. Correct the connections.
- If there is an error in tubing, pump-down must be performed. Be sure to perform pump-down. After making corrections, again purge the air from the tubes.

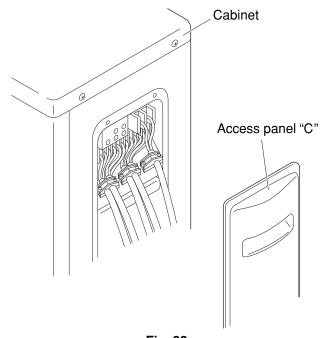


Fig. 32

# 7. Connecting a Home Automation Device

The HA (white) 4P terminal is located on the indoor unit PCB. If a HA device will be used, connect it to this terminal.

Also, refer to Section 9. Electric Wiring Diagram in the outdoor unit installation manual.

# 8. Installation Check Sheet

I he strength of the installation location is sufficient to support the Air Conditioner weigh
☐ The indoor and outdoor units are installed level and vertically.
☐ The power and voltage are as specified.
☐ Inter-unit cables are securely fastened to the terminal board.
☐ Inter-unit cables are securely fixed.
☐ The power cord and inter-unit cables are not connected anywhere along their paths.
☐ The ground wire is securely connected.
An air purge of the refrigerant circuit has been conducted.
A leak test of the tubing connections has been performed.
☐ Thermal insulation has been applied to the tubing connections.
☐ Drain connections are secure and water drains properly.

# 9. Electric Wiring Diagram Diagrama de cableado eléctrico Diagramme de câblage électrique **Elektrisches Schaltbild** Diagramma dei circuiti elettrici Diagrama da fiação elétrica Διάγραμμα ηλεκτρικής καλωδίωσης

Putty has been used to close the hole in the wall.

Remote controller signals are being positively received.

All service valves are fully open.

**Indoor Unit Unidad interior** Appareil intérieur Innenraumgerät **Unità Interna Unidade interior** Εσωτερική μονάδα

# **SAP-KMRV74/94/124EH**

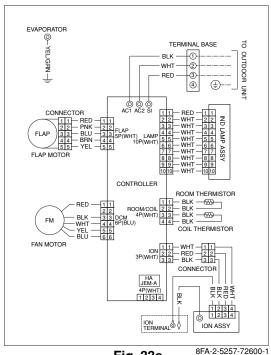


Fig. 33a

# **SAP-KRV184/244EH**

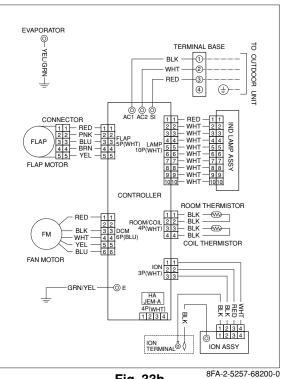


Fig. 33b

# **SAP-KMRV76/96/126EH**

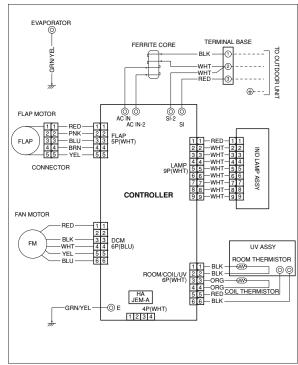


Fig. 33c

8FA-2-5250-29700-2

# **SAP-KRV186/246EH**

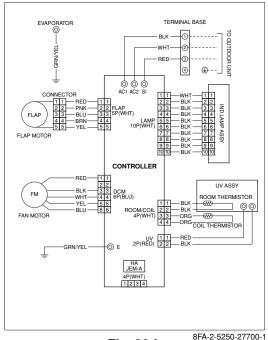


Fig. 33d

# SAP-KRV96/126EHDS

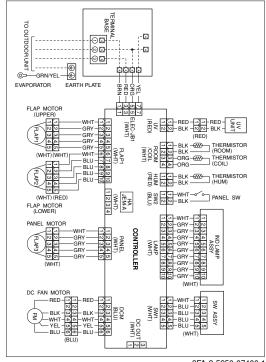


Fig. 33e

8FA-2-5250-07400-1

Outdoor Unit
Unidad exterior
Appareil extérieur
Außengerät
Unità Esterna
Unidade exterior
Εξωτερική μονάδα

# SAP-CMRV1926EH

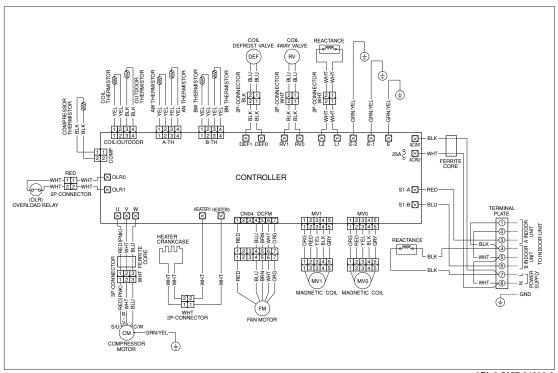


Fig. 34a

# 8FA-2-5257-84200-0

# SAP-CMRV1936EH

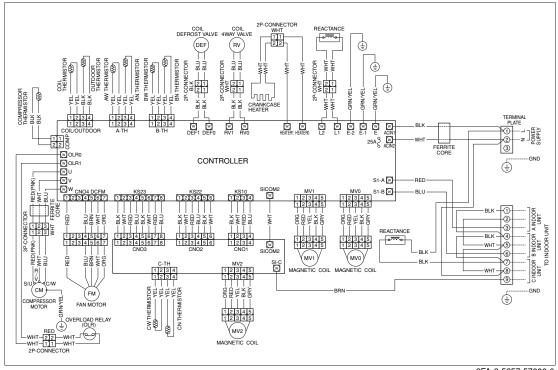


Fig. 34b

8FA-2-5257-57000-0

# SAP-CMRV2446EH

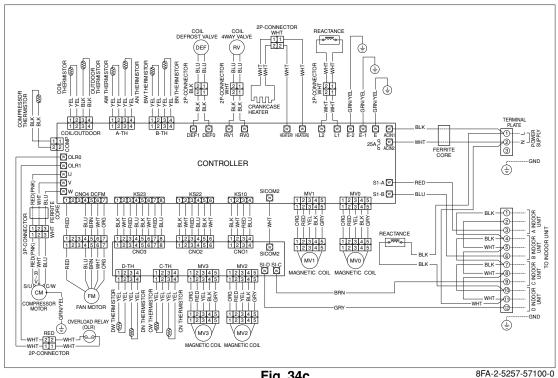


Fig. 34c

# SAP-CMRV3146EH

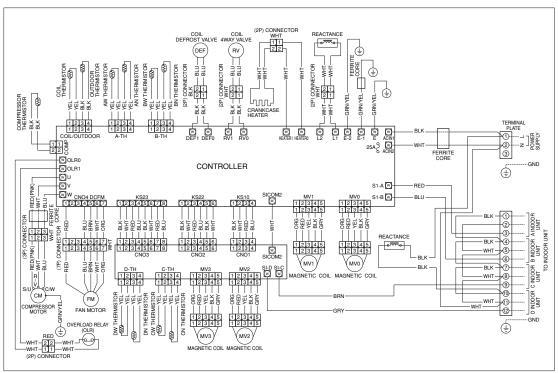


Fig. 34d

# English

# Meaning of Abbreviations

	ABBREV.	MEANING
-	BLK	BLACK
2	BLU	BLUE
3	BRN	BROWN
4	GRN/YEL	GREEN/YELLOW
5	GRY	GREY
9	ORG	ORANGE
7	PNK	PINK
80	RED	RED
စ	VLT	VIOLET
10	WHT	WHITE
11	YEL	YELLOW

# Español

# Significado de las abreviaturas

	ABREV.	SIGNIFICADO
-	BLK	NEGRO
2	BLU	AZUL
3	BRN	MARRÓN
4	GRN/YEL	VERDE/AMARILLO
2	GRY	GRIS
9	ORG	NARANJA
7	NK	ROSA
8	RED	ROJO
6	VLT	VIOLETA
10	WHT	BLANCO
11	YEL	AMARILLO

# Signification des abréviations

BEDEUTUNG

ABKÜRZUNG

SCHWARZ

BLK BLU

> α က 4 2 9

GRÜN/GELB

GRN/YEL BRN

GRY ORG

GRAU

BRAUN

BLAU

ORANGE

ROSA

PNK

VIOLETT

ROT

RED

∞ ი WEISS

WHT VLT

> 10 F

YEL

GELB

Bedeutung der Abkürzungen

Deutsch

	ABREV.	SIGNIFICATION
-	BLK	NOIR
2	BLU	BLEU
3	BRN	MARRON
4	GRN/YEL	VERT/JAUNE
5	GRY	GRIS
9	ORG	ORANGE
7	PNK	ROSE
8	RED	ROUGE
စ	VLT	VIOLET
10	WHT	BLANC
11	YEL	JAUNE

# Ελληνικά

# Επεξήγηση των συντμήσεων

		ΣΥΝΤΜΗΣΗ	ΕΠΕΞΗΓΗΣΗ
-		BLK	MAYPO
7	<u>.</u> .	BLU	MILAE
က		BRN	ΚΑΦΕΤΗΣ
4		GRN/YEL	ΠΡΑΣΙΝΟ / KITPINO
2		GRY	LKPIZO
9		ORG	ПОРТОКАЛІ
7		PNK	POZ
80		RED	KOKKINO
6		VLT	BIONETA
10	0	WHT	ΑΣΠΡΟ
Ξ	<del>-</del>	YEL	KITPINO

COR-DE-LARANJA

ORG

9

PNK RED

GRY

2

COR-DE-ROSA

ENCARNADO

VIOLETA BRANCO

WH

9

YEL

=

VLT

6

œ

AMARELO

VERDE/AMARELO

GRN/YEL BRN

CINZENTO

CASTANHO

SIGNIFICADO

ABREV.

PRETO AZUL

BLK

BLU

N က

Significado das abreviaturas

Português

# Significato delle abbreviazioni

	ABBREV.	SIGNIFICATO
-	BLK	NERO
N	BLU	BLU
ო	BRN	MARRONE
4	GRN/YEL	VERDE/GIALLO
2	GRY	GRIGIO
9	ORG	ARANCIONE
7	PNK	ROSA
ω	RED	ROSSO
6	VLT	VIOLA
10	WHT	BIANCO
Ξ	YEL	GIALLO

# **APPENDIX C UNIT COMBINATION TABLES**

# < List of Combination Table >

Name of Combination Table	Model No. of Outdoor Unit	Remarks
2-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table	SAP-CMRV1426EH	OI-852-6-4181-076-00-1
2-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table	SAP-CMRV1926EH	OI-852-6-4181-040-00-2
3-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table	SAP-CMRV1936EH	OI-852-6-4181-041-00-2
4-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table	SAP-CMRV2446EH	OI-852-6-4181-042-00-2
4-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table	SAP-CMRV3146EH	OI-852-6-4181-043-00-2

# NOTE

Be sure to operate the air conditioning system only when 2 or more indoor units have been installed. If operated with only a single unit installed, the returning fluid to the compressor may cause a malfunction.

# NOTE

The specifications of SAP-KRV96EHDSA are the same as those of SAP-KRV96EHDS described in the Unit Combination Tables.



# 2-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table

# SAP-CMRV1426EH

# <Combinations of Connectable Indoor Units>

The combinations of the indoor units listed in Table 1 and 2 on the next page are combinations solely of those units which can be operated concurrently. In addition to the combinations listed in the table, other combinations of indoor units are possible provided that the following conditions are satisfied.

# **Conditions:**

- 1. At least two or more indoor units must be connected to the multi outdoor unit. It is not acceptable for only one indoor unit to be connected.
- The total rated cooling capacity of the indoor units to be connected must be no more than 200% of the rated cooling capacity of the outdoor unit.



In this case, all the indoor units installed must not be operated concurrently under any circumstances. Otherwise, the air conditioner may not run properly and trouble may occur.

Example: When two indoor units are connected

If the following holds true

- Rated cooling capacity of SAP-CMRV1426EH outdoor unit: C=4 (kW)
- Rated cooling capacity of indoor units: K1, K2, ... (kW)

# Then:

 $C \times 2 (200\%) \ge K1 + K2 + \dots$  $4 \times 2 \ge 3.5 + 3.5$ 8 ≥ 7

It is therefore possible to connect two units with respective capacities of 3.5 + 3.5. However, since this combination is not found in the 2-room operation column of Table 1, operating all these units concurrently may result in trouble. At a time like this, shut down at least one of the two indoor units to match one of the combinations found in the single-room operation column of Table 1.

# NOTE

Be sure to operate the air conditioning system only when 2 or more indoor units have been installed. If operated with only a single unit installed, the returning fluid to the compressor may cause a malfunction.

# < Combinations of operatable indoor units >

# SAP-CMRV1426EH

(Rated cooling capacity: 4.0 kW)

# NOTE

2.2: SAP-KMRV74/76EH2.65: SAP-KMRV94/96EH3.5: SAP-KMRV124/126EH

# Table 1

							Ind	oor Unit C	Capacity	(kW)			
	Indoor Unit Combina	tion				COOLIN	IG				HEATIN	G	
	Indoor Onit Combina	lion		Room	Room	Total	Performa	ance	Room	Room	Total	Performa	ance
				Α	В	Capacity	(Min	- Max. )	Α	В	Capacity	( Min	Max.)
Single-room	2.2	=	2.2	2.20		2.2	( 1.2 -	2.6)	2.50		2.5	( 1.4 -	3.5)
Operation	2.65	= 2.65		2.65		2.65	( 1.2 -	3.2)	3.60		3.6	( 1.4 -	4.0 )
Operation	3.5	= 3.5				3.5	( 1.3 -	3.6)	4.20		4.2	( 1.5 -	4.2)
	2.2 + 2.2	=	4.4	1.80	1.80	3.6	( 2.0 -	4.5)	2.10	2.10	4.2	( 2.0 -	5.0 )
2-room	2.2 + 2.65	=	4.85	1.68	2.02	3.7	( 2.0 -	4.8)	1.72	2.48	4.2	(2.0 -	5.0)
Operation	2.2 + 3.5	=	5.7	1.51	2.39	3.9	( 2.0 -	4.9)	1.64	2.76	4.4	( 2.2 -	5.3)
Operation	2.65 + 2.65 =	=	5.3	2.00	2.00	4.0	( 2.0 -	5.0)	2.25	2.25	4.5	( 2.2 -	5.5)
	2.65 + 3.5	=	6.15	1.72	2.28	4.0	( 2.1 -	5.0)	2.08	2.42	4.5	( 2.4 -	5.5)

NOTE

2.65: SAP-KRV96EHDS 3.5: SAP-KRV126EHDS

## Table 2

Table 2												
						Inc	door Unit C	apacity	(kW)			
	Indoor Unit Combinat	tion			COOLI	lG				HEATIN	G	
	Indoor Onit Combina	lion	Room	Room	Total	Performa	ance	Room	Room	Total	Performa	ance
					Capacity	( Min.	- Max. )	Α	В	Capacity	( Min	· Max. )
Single-room												
	2.65	= 2.65	2.65		2.65	( 1.2	- 3.2)	3.60		3.6	( 1.4 -	4.0 )
Operation	3.5	= 3.5	3.50		3.5	( 1.3	- 3.6)	4.20		4.2	( 1.5 -	4.2)
2-room												
Operation	2.65 + 2.65	= 5.3	1.90	1.90	3.8	( 2.0	- 4.8)	2.15	2.15	4.3	( 2.2 -	5.2)
Operation	2.65 + 3.5				3.8	( 2.1	- 4.8)	1.98	2.32	4.3	( 2.4 -	5.2)

- When one or more SAP-KRVxxEHDS indoor units are operated concurrently with one or more SAP-KMRVxxEH indoor units, the performance specifications of the SAP-KRVxxEHDS models will decrease by 5% from those listed in the Table 2.
- The table lists the wall-mounted type of indoor units as representative models.
- For details on the connection of indoor units other than the wall-mounted type, refer to the catalog.



# 2-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table

# SAP-CMRV1926EH

# <Combinations of Connectable Indoor Units>

The combinations of the indoor units listed in Table 1 and 2 on the next page are combinations solely of those units which can be operated concurrently. In addition to the combinations listed in the table, other combinations of indoor units are possible provided that the following conditions are satisfied.

# **Conditions:**

- 1. At least two or more indoor units must be connected to the multi outdoor unit. It is not acceptable for only one indoor unit to be connected.
- The total rated cooling capacity of the indoor units to be connected must be no more than 200% of the rated cooling capacity of the outdoor unit.



In this case, all the indoor units installed must not be operated concurrently under any circumstances. Otherwise, the air conditioner may not run properly and trouble may occur.

Example: When two indoor units are connected

If the following holds true

- Rated cooling capacity of SAP-CMRV1926EH outdoor unit: C=5.6 (kW)
- Rated cooling capacity of indoor units: K1, K2, ... (kW)

# Then:

 $C \times 2 (200\%) \ge K1 + K2 + \dots$  $5.6 \times 2 \ge 5.15 + 5.15$ 11.2 ≥ 10.3

It is therefore possible to connect two units with respective capacities of 5.15 + 5.15. However, since this combination is not found in the 2-room operation column of Table 1, operating all these units concurrently may result in trouble. At a time like this, shut down at least one of the two indoor units to match one of the combinations found in the single-room operation column of Table 1.

# NOTE

Be sure to operate the air conditioning system only when 2 or more indoor units have been installed. If operated with only a single unit installed, the returning fluid to the compressor may cause a malfunction.

# < Combinations of operatable indoor units >

# SAP-CMRV1926EH

(Rated cooling capacity: 5.6 kW)

# NOTE

2.2: SAP-KMRV74/76EH2.65: SAP-KMRV94/96EH

3.5: SAP-KMRV124/126EH

5.15: SAP-KRV184/186EH

# Table 1

									In	door Unit	Capacity	/ (kW)				
	l	Indoor Unit Combina	li a m				COOLIN	IG					HEATII	٧G		
	l	indoor Onit Combina	lion		Room	Room	Tota	Pe	rforma	ance	Room	Room	Tota	al Perforr	nar	ice
					Α	В	Capacity	( N	lin	Max. )	Α	В	Capacity	( Min.	-	Max. )
	2.2		=	2.2	2.20		2.2	(	1.4 -	2.6 )	2.50		2.5	( 1.8	-	4.3 )
Single-room	2.65		=	2.65	2.65		2.65	(	1.4 -	3.2)	3.60		3.6	( 1.8	-	4.7 )
Operation	3.5		=	3.5	3.50		3.5	(	1.5 -	3.6)	4.20		4.2	( 1.9	-	5.1 )
	5.15		=	5.15	5.15		5.15	(	1.6 -	5.8)	6.00		6.0	( 2.0	-	7.8 )
	2.2	+ 2.2	=	4.4	2.20	2.20	4.4	(	2.0 -	5.1)	2.50	2.50	5.0	( 2.0	-	6.4 )
	2.2	+ 2.65	=	4.85	2.20	2.65	4.85	(	2.0 -	5.8)	2.50	3.60	6.1	( 2.1	-	7.5 )
	2.2	+ 3.5	=	5.7	1.97	3.13	5.1	(	2.0 -	6.7)	2.35	3.95	6.3	( 2.1	-	8.3 )
2-room	2.2	+ 5.15	=	7.35	1.65	3.85	5.5	(	2.1 -	6.8)	2.03	4.87	6.9	( 2.4	-	8.4 )
Operation	2.65	+ 2.65	=	5.3	2.50	2.50	5.0	(	2.0 -	6.3)	3.23	3.23	6.45	( 2.3	-	8.4 )
Operation	2.65	+ 3.5	=	6.15	2.24	2.96	5.2	(	2.0 -	6.8)	3.07	3.58	6.65	( 2.3	-	8.4 )
	2.65	+ 5.15	=	7.8	1.90	3.70	5.6	(	2.1 -	6.8)	2.74	4.56	7.3	( 2.4	-	8.4 )
	3.5	+ 3.5	=	7	2.70	2.70	5.4	(	2.0 -	6.8 )	3.45	3.45	6.9	( 2.3	-	8.4 )
	3.5	+ 5.15	=	8.65	2.27	3.33	5.6	(	2.1 -	6.8)	3.01	4.29	7.3	( 2.4	-	8.4 )



2.65: SAP-KRV96EHDS 3.5: SAP-KRV126EHDS

# Table 2

l able 2																	
										Ir	ndoor Unit	Capacity	/ (kW)				
		Ind	loor Unit Combinati	on				COOLIN	1G					HEATIN	√G		
		IIIC	ioor offic combinati	OH		Room	Room	Tota	Рε	erforma	ance	Room	Room	Tota	al Perform	ance	Э
				Α	В	Capacity	( 1	∕lin	· Max. )	Α	В	Capacity	( Min.	- M	ax. )		
Single-room																	
Operation	2.65			=	2.65	2.65		2.65	(_	1.4 -	3.2)	3.60		3.6	( 1.8	-	4.7)
Operation	3.5			=	3.5	3.50		3.5	(	1.5 -	3.6)	4.20		4.2	( 1.9	-	5.1)
2-room	2.65	+	2.65	=	5.3	2.35	2.35	4.7	(	2.0 -	6.0 )	3.20	3.20	6.4	( 2.3	-	8.3)
Operation	2.65	+	3.5	=	6.15	2.11	2.79	4.9	(	2.0 -	6.4)	3.02	3.53	6.55	( 2.3	-	8.3)
Operation	3.5	+	3.5	=	7	2.53	2.53	5.05	(	2.0 -	6.4)	3.45	3.45	6.9	( 2.3	-	8.3)

- When one or more SAP-KRVxxEHDS indoor units are operated concurrently with one or more SAP-KMRVxxEH indoor units, the performance specifications of the SAP-KRVxxEHDS models will decrease by 5% from those listed in the Table 2.
- The table lists the wall-mounted type of indoor units as representative models.
- For details on the connection of indoor units other than the wall-mounted type, refer to the catalog.



# 3-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table

# SAP-CMRV1936EH

# <Combinations of Connectable Indoor Units>

The combinations of the indoor units listed in Table 1 and 2 on the next page are combinations solely of those units which can be operated concurrently. In addition to the combinations listed in the table, other combinations of indoor units are possible provided that the following conditions are satisfied.

# **Conditions:**

- 1. At least two or more indoor units must be connected to the multi outdoor unit. It is not acceptable for only one indoor unit to be connected.
- The total rated cooling capacity of the indoor units to be connected must be no more than 200% of the rated cooling capacity of the outdoor unit.



In this case, all the indoor units installed must not be operated concurrently under any circumstances. Otherwise, the air conditioner may not run properly and trouble may occur.

Example: When three indoor units are connected

If the following holds true

- Rated cooling capacity of SAP-CMRV1936EH outdoor unit: C=5.6 (kW)
- Rated cooling capacity of indoor units: K1, K2, ... (kW)

# Then:

 $C \times 2 (200\%) \ge K1 + K2 + \dots$  $5.6 \times 2 \ge 2.2 + 3.5 + 5.15$ 11.2 ≥ 10.85

It is therefore possible to connect three units with respective capacities of 2.2 + 3.5 + 5.15. However, since this combination is not found in the 3-room operation column of Table 1, operating all these units concurrently may result in trouble. At a time like this, shut down at least one of the three indoor units to match one of the combinations found in the 2-room operation column of Table 1.

# NOTE

Be sure to operate the air conditioning system only when 2 or more indoor units have been installed. If operated with only a single unit installed, the returning fluid to the compressor may cause a malfunction.

# < Combinations of operatable indoor units >

# SAP-CMRV1936EH

(Rated cooling capacity: 5.6 kW)

# NOTE

2.2: SAP-KMRV74/76EH 2.65: SAP-KMRV94/96EH 3.5: SAP-KMRV124/126EH 5.15: SAP-KRV184/186EH

# Table 1

							Indoor Unit (	Capacity	(kW)			
	Indoor Unit Combinati	on			C	OOLING				Н	EATING	
	Indoor Onit Combinati	OH	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performance	Room	Room	Room	Total F	Performance
			Α	В	С	Capacity	( Min Max. )	Α	В	С	Capacity	( Min Max.)
	2.2	= 2.2	2.20			2.2	( 1.4 - 2.6)	2.50			2.5	( 1.8 - 4.3 )
Single-room	2.65	= 2.65	2.65			2.65	( 1.4 - 3.2)	3.60			3.6	( 1.8 - 4.7)
Operation	3.5	= 3.5	3.50			3.5	( 1.5 - 3.6)	4.20			4.2	( 1.9 - 5.1)
	5.15	= 5.15	5.15			5.15	( 1.6 - 5.8)	6.00			6.0	( 2.0 - 7.8)
	2.2 + 2.2	= 4.4	2.20	2.20		4.4	( 2.0 - 5.1)	2.50	2.50		5.0	( 2.0 - 6.4 )
	2.2 + 2.65	= 4.85	2.20	2.65		4.85	( 2.0 - 5.8)	2.50	3.60		6.1	( 2.1 - 7.5)
	2.2 + 3.5	= 5.7	1.97	3.13		5.1	( 2.0 - 6.7)	2.35	3.95		6.3	( 2.1 - 8.3 )
2-room	2.2 + 5.15	= 7.35	1.65	3.85		5.5	( 2.1 - 6.8)	2.03	4.87		6.9	( 2.4 - 8.4 )
Operation	2.65 + 2.65	= 5.3	2.50	2.50		5.0	( 2.0 - 6.3)	3.23	3.23		6.45	( 2.3 - 8.4 )
	2.65 + 3.5	= 6.15	2.24	2.96		5.2	( 2.0 - 6.8)	3.07	3.58		6.65	( 2.3 - 8.4 )
	2.65 + 5.15	= 7.8	1.90	3.70		5.6	( 2.1 - 6.8)	2.74	4.56		7.3	( 2.4 - 8.4 )
	3.5 + 3.5	= 7	2.70	2.70		5.4	( 2.0 - 6.8 )	3.45	3.45		6.9	( 2.3 - 8.4 )
	3.5 + 5.15	= 8.65	2.27	3.33		5.6	( 2.1 - 6.8 )	3.01	4.29		7.3	( 2.4 - 8.4 )
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2	= 6.6	1.77	1.77	1.77	5.3	( 2.5 - 6.8)	2.18	2.18	2.18	6.55	( 2.7 - 8.4 )
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65	= 7.05	1.69	1.69	2.03	5.4	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	2.02	2.02	2.91	6.95	( 3.0 - 8.4 )
	2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5	= 7.9	1.56	1.56	2.48	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	1.94	1.94	3.26	7.15	( 3.2 - 8.4 )
	2.2 + 2.2 + 5.15	= 9.55	1.29	1.29	3.02	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	1.66	1.66	3.98	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
0	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 7.5	1.63	1.96	1.96	5.55	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	1.88	2.71	2.71	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
3-room	2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 8.35	1.48	1.78	2.35	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	1.77	2.55	2.98	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
Operation	2.2 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 10	1.23	1.48	2.88	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	1.51	2.17	3.62	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
	2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.2	1.34	2.13	2.13	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	1.67	2.81	2.81	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 7.95	1.87	1.87	1.87	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	2.43	2.43	2.43	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 8.8	1.69	1.69	2.23	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	2.31	2.31	2.69	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
	2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.65	1.54	2.03	2.03	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8 )	2.19	2.56	2.56	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4 )
	3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 10.5	1.87	1.87	1.87	5.6	( 2.9 - 6.8)	2.43	2.43	2.43	7.3	( 3.4 - 8.4)

NOTE

2.65: SAP-KRV96EHDS 3.5: SAP-KRV126EHDS

# Table 2

											Ind	door Unit (	Capacity	(kW)				
		Indoo	r I Imit	Combi	notion				С	OOLING					Н	EATING		
		muoo	Ollit	Combi	HallOI	l	Room	Room	Room	Total	Perform	nance	Room	Room	Room	Total I	Performa	ance
							Α	В	С	Capacity	( Min.	- Max. )	Α	В	С	Capacity	( Min.	- Max.)
Single-room																		
Operation	2.65				=	2.65	2.65			2.65	( 1.4	- 3.2)	3.60			3.6	( 1.8	- 4.7)
Operation	3.5	= 3.5				3.50			3.5	( 1.5	- 3.6)	4.20			4.2	( 1.9	- 5.1)	
2-room	2.65	= 3.5 + 2.65 = 5.3				2.35	2.35		4.7	( 2.0	- 6.0)	3.20	3.20		6.4	( 2.3	- 8.3)	
Operation	2.65	+ 3.5	5		=	6.15	2.11	2.79		4.9	( 2.0	- 6.4)	3.02	3.53		6.55	( 2.3	- 8.3)
Operation	3.5	+ 3.5	5		=	7	2.53	2.53		5.05	( 2.0	- 6.4)	3.45	3.45		6.9	( 2.3	- 8.3)
	2.65	+ 2.6	5 +	2.65	=	7.95	1.77	1.77	1.77	5.3	( 2.9	- 6.4)	2.40	2.40	2.40	7.2	( 3.4	- 8.3)
3-room	2.65	+ 2.6	5 +	3.5	=	8.8	1.60	1.60	2.11	5.3	( 2.9	- 6.4)	2.27	2.27	2.65	7.2	( 3.4	- 8.3)
Operation	2.65	+ 3.5					1.46	1.92	1.92	5.3	( 2.9	- 6.4)	2.16	2.52	2.52	7.2	( 3.4	- 8.3)
	3.5	+ 3.5	5 +	3.5	=	10.5	1.77	1.77	1.77	5.3	( 2.9	- 9.4)	2.40	2.40	2.40	7.2	( 3.4 -	- 8.3)

- When one or more SAP-KRVxxEHDS indoor units are operated concurrently with one or more SAP-KMRVxxEH indoor units, the performance specifications of the SAP-KRVxxEHDS models will decrease by 5% from those listed in the Table 2.
- The table lists the wall-mounted type of indoor units as representative models.
- For details on the connection of indoor units other than the wall-mounted type, refer to the catalog.



# **4-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table**

# SAP-CMRV2446EH

# <Combinations of Connectable Indoor Units>

The combinations of the indoor units listed in Table 1 on page 2 and Table 2 on page 3 are combinations solely of those units which can be operated concurrently. In addition to the combinations listed in the table, other combinations of indoor units are possible provided that the following conditions are satisfied.

# **Conditions:**

- 1. At least two or more indoor units must be connected to the multi outdoor unit. It is not acceptable for only one indoor unit to be connected.
- The total rated cooling capacity of the indoor units to be connected must be no more than 200% of the rated cooling capacity of the outdoor unit.



In this case, all the indoor units installed must not be operated concurrently under any circumstances. Otherwise, the air conditioner may not run properly and trouble may occur.

Example: When four indoor units are connected

If the following holds true

- Rated cooling capacity of SAP-CMRV2446EH outdoor unit: C=6.8 (kW)
- Rated cooling capacity of indoor units: K1, K2, ... (kW)

# Then:

 $C \times 2 (200\%) \ge K1 + K2 + \dots$  $6.8 \times 2 \ge 2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 5.15$ 13.6 ≥ 13.5

It is therefore possible to connect four units with respective capacities of 2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 5.15. However, since this combination is not found in the 4-room operation column of Table 1, operating all these units concurrently may result in trouble. At a time like this, shut down at least one of the four indoor units to match one of the combinations found in the 3-room operation column of Table 1.

# NOTE

Be sure to operate the air conditioning system only when 2 or more indoor units have been installed. If operated with only a single unit installed, the returning fluid to the compressor may cause a malfunction.

# < Combinations of operatable indoor units >

# **SAP-CMRV2446EH**

(Rated cooling capacity: 6.8 kW)

# NOTE

2.2: SAP-KMRV74/76EH2.65: SAP-KMRV94/96EH3.5: SAP-KMRV124/126EH5.15: SAP-KRV184/186EH7.1: SAP-KRV244/246EH

Table 1

								In	door Unit	Capacity	(kW)					
	Indoor Unit Combination					COC	DLING						HEA	TING		
	Indoor Unit Combination		Room	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performa	ance	Room	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performa	nce
			Α	В	С	D	Capacity	( Min.	- Max.)	A	В	С	D	Capacity	( Min	Max.)
	2.2	= 2.2	2.20				2.2	( 1.4	- 2.6 )	2.50				2.5	( 1.8 -	4.3 )
Single-room	2.65	= 2.65	2.65				2.65	( 1.4	- 3.2 )	3.60				3.6	( 1.8 -	
Operation	3.5	= 3.5	3.50				3.5		- 3.6 )	4.20				4.2	( 1.9 -	
opolation.	5.15	= 5.15	5.15				5.15		- 5.8 )	6.00				6.0	2.0 -	
	7.1	= 7.1	6.80				6.8		- 6.8 )	8.00				8.0	2.0 -	0.0 )
	2.2 + 2.2	= 4.4	2.20	2.20			4.4	( 2.0	- 5.1 )	2.50	2.50			5.0	2.0 -	6.4 )
	2.2 + 2.65	= 4.85	2.20	2.65			4.85		- 5.8 )	2.50	3.60			6.1	2.1 -	
	2.2 + 3.5 2.2 + 5.15	= 5.7 = 7.35	2.20 1.95	3.50 4.55			5.7 6.5	•	- 6.7 ) - 7.7 )	2.50 2.38	4.20 5.72			6.7 8.1	2.1 -	0.0 )
	2.2 + 5.15	= 7.35	1.57	5.08			6.65		- 7.7 ) - 7.9 )	2.36	6.44			8.45	2.4 -	
	2.65 + 2.65	= 5.3	2.65	2.65			5.3		- 6.3 )	3.60	3.60			7.2	2.3 -	
2-room	2.65 + 3.5	= 6.15	2.54	3.36			5.9		- 6.8 )	3.51	4.09			7.6	2.3 -	
Operation	2.65 + 5.15	= 7.8	2.28	4.42			6.7		- 7.9 )	3.08	5.13			8.2	2.4 -	
	2.65 + 7.1	= 9.75	1.85	4.95			6.8	( 2.1	- 7.9 )	2.64	5.86			8.5	2.4 -	9.0 )
	3.5 + 3.5	= 7	3.23	3.23			6.45	( 2.0	- 7.9 )	4.00	4.00			8.0	2.3 -	8.5 )
	3.5 + 5.15	= 8.65	2.69	3.96			6.65		- 7.9 )	3.42	4.88			8.3	( 2.4 -	
	3.5 + 7.1	= 10.6	2.25	4.55			6.8	`	- 7.9 )	2.96	5.64			8.6	( 2.4 -	,
	5.15 + 5.15	= 10.3	3.40	3.40			6.8		- 7.9 )	4.28	4.28			8.55	( 2.4 -	,
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2	= 6.6	2.17	2.17	2.17		6.5	<u> </u>	- 7.7 )	2.50	2.50	2.50		7.5	( 2.7 -	
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65	= 7.05	2.06	2.06	2.48		6.6	`	- 7.9 )	2.33	2.33	3.35		8.0	3.0 -	
	2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5	= 7.9	1.88	1.88	2.99		6.75		- 7.9 )	2.26	2.26	3.79		8.3	3.2 -	/
	2.2 + 2.2 + 5.15 2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 9.55 = 7.5	1.57	1.57	3.67		6.8		- 7.9 )	1.95	1.95	4.69		8.6 8.4	( 3.4 -	,
	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65 2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 7.5	1.97	2.37 2.16	2.37 2.85		6.7 6.8	`	- 7.9 ) - 7.9 )	2.16 2.06	3.12 2.97	3.12 3.47		8.5	3.4 -	
	2.2 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 10	1.50	1.80	3.50		6.8		- 7.9 ) - 7.9 )	1.78	2.56	4.26		8.6	3.4 -	
3-room	2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.2	1.63	2.59	2.59		6.8		- 7.9 )	1.97	3.31	3.31		8.6	3.4 -	
Operation	2.2 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 10.9	1.38	2.19	3.23		6.8	<u> </u>	- 7.9 )	1.69	2.84	4.06		8.6	3.4 -	
·	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 7.95	2.27	2.27	2.27		6.8	`	- 7.9 )	2.87	2.87	2.87		8.6	3.4 -	
	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 8.8	2.05	2.05	2.70		6.8		- 7.9 )	2.72	2.72	3.17		8.6	3.4 -	9.0 )
	2.65 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 10.5	1.72	1.72	3.35		6.8	( 2.9	- 7.9 )	2.35	2.35	3.91		8.6	3.4 -	9.0 )
	2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.65	1.87	2.47	2.47		6.8	( 2.9	- 7.9 )	2.58	3.01	3.01		8.6	( 3.4 -	9.0)
	2.65 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 11.3	1.59	2.11	3.10		6.8		- 7.9 )	2.24	2.62	3.74		8.6	( 3.4 -	
	3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 10.5	2.27	2.27	2.27		6.8		- 7.9 )	2.87	2.87	2.87		8.6	( 3.4 -	
	3.5 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 12.2	1.96	1.96	2.88		6.8		- 7.9 )	2.51	2.51	3.58		8.6	3.4 -	
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2	= 8.8	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	6.8		- 8.1 )	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	8.6	3.4 -	0.0 /
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65	= 9.25	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.95	6.8	<u> </u>	- 8.1 )	1.94	1.94	1.94	2.79	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5 2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 5.15	= 10.1 = 11.75	1.48	1.48 1.27	1.48	2.36 2.98	6.8 6.8		- 8.1 ) - 8.1 )	1.84 1.59	1.84 1.59	1.84 1.59	3.09	8.6 8.6	3.4 -	
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 11.73	1.54	1.54	1.86	1.86	6.8		- 8.1 ) - 8.1 )	1.76	1.76	2.54	2.54	8.6	3.4 -	,
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.05 + 2.05	= 10.55	1.42	1.42	1.71	2.26	6.8		- 8.1 )	1.68	1.68	2.42	2.82	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 12.2	1.23	1.23	1.48	2.87	6.8		- 8.1 )	1.47	1.47	2.12	3.53	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 11.4	1.31	1.31	2.09	2.09	6.8		- 8.1 )	1.60	1.60	2.70	2.70	8.6	3.4 -	
4-room	2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 13.05	1.15	1.15	1.82	2.68	6.8	`	- 8.1 )	1.41	1.41	2.38	3.39	8.6	3.4 -	
Operation	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 10.15	1.47	1.78	1.78	1.78	6.8	( 2.9	- 8.1 )	1.62	2.33	2.33	2.33	8.6	3.4 -	9.0 )
	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 11	1.36	1.64	1.64	2.16	6.8	( 2.9	- 8.1 )	1.55	2.23	2.23	2.60	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 12.65	1.18	1.42	1.42	2.77	6.8		- 8.1 )	1.37	1.97	1.97	3.29	8.6	( 3.4 -	,
	2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 11.85	1.26	1.52	2.01	2.01	6.8		- 8.1 )	1.48	2.14	2.49	2.49	8.6	( 3.4 -	
	2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 12.7	1.18	1.87	1.87	1.87	6.8		- 8.1 )	1.42	2.39	2.39	2.39	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 10.6	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.70	6.8		- 8.1 )	2.15	2.15	2.15	2.15	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 11.45	1.57	1.57	1.57	2.08	6.8		- 8.1 )	2.06	2.06	2.06	2.41	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 13.1	1.38	1.38	1.38	2.67	6.8	`	- 8.1 )	1.84	1.84	1.84	3.07	8.6	3.4 -	
	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 12.3	1.47	1.47	1.93	1.93	6.8	( 2.9	- 8.1 )	1.98	1.98	2.32	2.32	8.6	( 3.4 -	9.0)



# Table 2

								Indoor Unit (	Capacity	(kW)					
	Indoor Unit Combination					COC	DLING					HEA	TING		
	Indoor Offic Combination		Room	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performance	Room	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performa	ınce
			Α	В	С	D	Capacity	( Min Max.)	Α	В	С	D	Capacity	( Min	Max.)
Single-room	2.65	= 2.65	2.65				2.65	( 1.4 - 3.2 )	3.60				3.6	( 1.8 -	4.7)
Operation	3.5	= 3.5	3.50				3.5	( 1.5 - 3.6 )	4.20				4.2	( 1.9 -	5.1)
2-room	2.65 + 2.65	= 5.3	2.55	2.55			5.1	( 2.0 - 5.8 )	3.58	3.58			7.15	( 2.3 -	8.1)
Operation	2.65 + 3.5	= 6.15	2.41	3.19			5.6	( 2.0 - 6.3 )	3.42	3.98			7.4	( 2.3 -	8.1)
Operation	3.5 + 3.5	= 7	3.00	3.00			6.0	( 2.0 - 6.3 )	3.80	3.80			7.6	( 2.3 -	8.1)
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 7.95	2.08	2.08	2.08		6.25	( 2.9 - 7.2 )	2.63	2.63	2.63		7.9	( 3.4 -	8.5 )
3-room	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 8.8	1.88	1.88	2.49		6.25	( 2.9 - 7.2 )	2.49	2.49	2.91		7.9	( 3.4 -	8.5)
Operation	2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.65	1.72	2.27	2.27		6.25	( 2.9 - 7.2 )	2.37	2.77	2.77		7.9	( 3.4 -	8.5 )
	3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 10.5	2.08				6.25	( 2.9 - 7.2 )	2.63	2.63			7.9	( 3.4 -	8.5)
4-room	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 10.6	1.56				6.25	( 2.9 - 7.5 )	2.00	2.00	2.00			( 3.4 -	8.5 )
Operation	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 11.45		1.45		1.91	6.25	( 2.9 - 7.5 )	1.92	1.92	1.92	2.24	8.0	( 3.4 -	0.0 )
Operation	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 12.3	1.35	1.35	1.78	1.78	6.25	( 2.9 - 7.5 )	1.85	1.85	2.15	2.15	8.0	( 3.4 -	8.5 )

- When one or more SAP-KRVxxEHDS indoor units are operated concurrently with one or more SAP-KMRVxxEH indoor units, the performance specifications of the SAP-KRVxxEHDS models will decrease by 5% from those listed in the Table 2.
- The table lists the wall-mounted type of indoor units as representative models.
- For details on the connection of indoor units other than the wall-mounted type, refer to the catalog.



# **4-Room Outdoor Unit Combination Table**

# SAP-CMRV3146EH

# <Combinations of Connectable Indoor Units>

The combinations of the indoor units listed in Table 1 on page 2 and Table 2 on page 3 are combinations solely of those units which can be operated concurrently. In addition to the combinations listed in the table, other combinations of indoor units are possible provided that the following conditions are satisfied.

# **Conditions:**

- 1. At least two or more indoor units must be connected to the multi outdoor unit. It is not acceptable for only one indoor unit to be connected.
- The total rated cooling capacity of the indoor units to be connected must be no more than 200% of the rated cooling capacity of the outdoor unit.



In this case, all the indoor units installed must not be operated concurrently under any circumstances. Otherwise, the air conditioner may not run properly and trouble may occur.

Example: When four indoor units are connected

If the following holds true

- Rated cooling capacity of SAP-CMRV3146EH outdoor unit: C=8 (kW)
- Rated cooling capacity of indoor units: K1, K2, ... (kW)

# Then:

 $C \times 2 (200\%) \ge K1 + K2 + \dots$  $8 \times 2 \ge 2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5 + 7.1$ 16≥15

It is therefore possible to connect four units with respective capacities of 2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5 + 7.1. However, since this combination is not found in the 4-room operation column of Table 1, operating all these units concurrently may result in trouble. At a time like this, shut down at least one of the four indoor units to match one of the combinations found in the 3-room operation column of Table 1.

# NOTE

Be sure to operate the air conditioning system only when 2 or more indoor units have been installed. If operated with only a single unit installed, the returning fluid to the compressor may cause a malfunction.

# < Combinations of operatable indoor units >

# **SAP-CMRV3146EH**

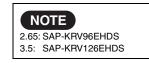
(Rated cooling capacity: 8.0 kW)

# NOTE

2.2: SAP-KMRV74/76EH 2.65: SAP-KMRV94/96EH 3.5: SAP-KMRV124/126EH 5.15: SAP-KRV184/186EH 7.1: SAP-KRV244/246EH

# Table 1

Table I														
								Indoor Unit (	Capacity (	kW)				
						COOLIN	G					<b>HEATING</b>	3	
	Indoor Unit Combination		Room	Room	Room	Room	Tota	I Performance	Room	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performance
					I				-		1			
			Α	В	С	D		( Min Max. )	A	В	С	D		Min Max.)
	2.2	= 2.2	2.20				2.2	( 1.5 - 2.6 )	2.50				2.5 (	( 1.8 - 4.3 )
Single-room	2.65	= 2.65	2.65				2.65	( 1.5 - 3.2 )	3.60				3.6 (	( 1.8 - 4.7 )
	3.5	= 3.5	3.50				3.5	( 1.6 - 3.6 )	4.20				4.2 (	1.9 - 5.1 )
Operation	5.15	= 5.15	5.15				5.15	( 1.7 - 5.8 )	6.00				6.0	2.0 - 7.8 )
	7.1	= 7.1	7.10				7.1	( 1.8 - 7.4 )	8.50				8.5	2.0 - 8.8
		= 4.4	2.20	2.20						2.50				
							4.4	( 2.0 - 5.1 )	2.50				5.0	2.0 - 6.4
	2.2 + 2.65	= 4.85	2.20	2.65			4.85	( 2.0 - 5.8 )	2.50	3.60			6.1 (	2.1 - 7.5
	2.2 + 3.5	= 5.7	2.20	3.50			5.7	( 2.0 - 6.7 )	2.50	4.20			6.7 (	2.3 - 8.3 )
	2.2 + 5.15	= 7.35	2.14	5.01			7.15	( 2.2 - 7.7 )	2.50	6.00			8.5 (	3.0 - 9.4 )
	2.2 + 7.1	= 9.3	1.81	5.84			7.65	( 2.3 - 8.8 )	2.01	6.84			8.85 (	3.0 - 9.8 )
	2.65 + 2.65	= 5.3	2.65	2.65			5.3	( 2.0 - 6.5 )	3.60				7.2	2.4 - 8.5 )
2-room	2.65 + 3.5	= 6.15	2.54	3.36			5.9	( 2.0 - 7.4 )	3.51	4.09			7.6	2.6 - 8.5
Operation	2.65 + 5.15	= 7.8	2.46	4.79			7.25	( 2.3 - 8.5 )	3.24	5.41			8.65 (	3.3 - 9.4 )
	2.65 + 7.1	= 9.75	2.11	5.64			7.75	( 2.3 - 8.8 )	2.68	6.32			9.0 (	( 3.3 - 9.8 )
	3.5 + 3.5	= 7	3.40	3.40			6.8	( 2.2 - 8.4 )	4.00	4.00			8.0 (	2.9 - 8.5 )
	3.5 + 5.15	= 8.65	3.03	4.47			7.5	( 2.6 - 8.8 )	3.60	5.15			8.75 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
I	3.5 + 7.1	= 10.6	2.61	5.29			7.9	( 2.6 - 8.8 )	3.01	6.09			9.1 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	5.15 + 5.15	= 10.3	3.95	3.95			7.9	( 2.6 - 8.8 )	4.50	4.50			9.0	3.4 - 9.8 )
I	5.15 + 7.1	= 12.3	3.36	4.64			8.0	( 2.7 - 8.8 )	3.89	5.51			9.4	3.4 - 9.8
<b>——</b>					2.00						2.50			
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2	= 6.6	2.20	2.20	2.20		6.6	( 2.0 - 7.7 )	2.50	2.50			7.5 (	( 2.7 - 9.0 )
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65	= 7.05	2.20	2.20			7.05	( 2.2 - 8.4 )	2.47	2.47	3.56		8.5 (	3.0 - 9.2 )
	2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5	= 7.9	2.03	2.03			7.3	( 2.4 - 8.6 )	2.34	2.34			8.6 (	( 3.2 - 9.8 )
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 5.15	= 9.55	1.77	1.77	4.15		7.7	( 2.7 - 9.0 )	2.01	2.01	4.83		8.85 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 7.1	= 11.5	1.53	1.53	4.94		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	1.71	1.71	5.82		9.25	3.4 - 9.8 )
I	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 7.5	2.11	2.54	2.54		7.2	( 2.3 - 8.6 )	2.23	3.21	3.21		8.65	3.3 - 9.3 )
	2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 8.35	1.95				7.4	( 2.6 - 9.0 )	2.12	3.06	3.57		8.75	3.4 - 9.8 )
				2.35										
	2.2 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 10	1.72	2.07	4.02		7.8	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	1.86	2.68			9.0 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.2 + 2.65 + 7.1	= 12	1.47	1.77	4.75		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	1.61	2.32			9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.2	1.82	2.89	2.89		7.6	( 2.7 - 9.0 )	2.03	3.41	3.41		8.85 (	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.2 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 10.9	1.60	2.55	3.75		7.9	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	1.79	3.01	4.30		9.1 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.2 + 3.5 + 7.1	= 12.8	1.38	2.19	4.44		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	1.55	2.60	5.26		9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
3-room	2.2 + 5.15 + 5.15	= 12.5	1.41	3.30	3.30		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	1.62	3.89			9.4	3.4 - 9.8 )
Operation	2.2 + 5.15 + 7.1	= 14.5	1.22	2.85			8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	1.38	3.32			9.4	3.4 - 9.8
Operation														
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 7.95	2.43	2.43			7.3	( 2.5 - 8.6 )	2.95	2.95			8.85 (	3.4 - 9.4
	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 8.8	2.26	2.26			7.5	( 2.7 - 9.0 )	2.81	2.81	3.28		8.9 (	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.65 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 10.5	2.00	2.00	3.89		7.9	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.51	2.51	4.18		9.2 (	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.65 + 2.65 + 7.1	= 12.4	1.71	1.71	4.58		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.16	2.16	5.09		9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.65	2.13	2.81	2.81		7.75	( 2.7 - 9.0 )	2.70	3.15	3.15		9.0 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.65 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 11.3	1.88	2.48			8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.43	2.83			9.3 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.65 + 3.5 + 7.1	= 13.3	1.60	2.11	4.29		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.08	2.42			9.4	3.4 - 9.8
	2.65 + 5.15 + 5.15	= 13	1.64	3.18			8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.17	3.62			9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 10.5	2.65	2.65	2.65		7.95	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	3.03	3.03	3.03		9.1 (	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
	3.5 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 12.2	2.30	2.30	3.39		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.73	2.73	3.90		9.35 (	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
	3.5 + 3.5 + 7.1	= 14.1	1.99	1.99	4.03		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.34	2.34	4.73		9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	3.5 + 5.15 + 5.15	= 13.8	2.03	2.99	2.99		8.0	( 2.9 - 9.0 )	2.44	3.48	3.48		9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2	= 8.8	1.88	1.88		1.88		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	2.18	2.18		2.18		3.4 - 9.8
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65	= 9.25	1.82	1.82	1.82	2.19		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.99	1.99		2.87	8.85	3.4 - 9.8 )
I		= 9.23	1.71	1.71	1.02	2.19		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.99	1.99	1.99	3.21	8.95	3.4 - 9.8
l														
l	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 5.15	= 11.8	1.50	1.50		3.51	8.0	( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.71	1.71	1.71	4.11	9.25	3.4 - 9.8 )
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.2 + 7.1	= 13.7	1.28	1.28		4.15		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.47	1.47	1.47	4.99	9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
l	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 9.7	1.76	1.76		2.12		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.85	1.85	2.67	2.67	9.05 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
l	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 10.6	1.66	1.66		2.64		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.79	1.79		3.00	9.15 (	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 12.2	1.44	1.44	1.74	3.38	8.0	( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.61	1.61	2.32	3.86	9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
	2.2 + 2.2 + 2.65 + 7.1	= 14.2	1.24	1.24	1.50	4.01	8.0	( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.37	1.37	1.98	4.67	9.4	3.4 - 9.8 )
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 11.4	1.54	1.54	2.46	2.46		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.72	1.72		2.88	9.2	3.4 - 9.8
I	2.2 + 2.2 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 13.1	1.35	1.35		3.16		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.55	1.55	2.60	3.71	9.4	3.4 - 9.8
I														
4 #5	2.2 + 2.2 + 5.15 + 5.15	= 14.7	1.20	1.20		2.80		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.38	1.38		3.32	9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )
4-room	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 10.2	1.70	2.05				( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.73			2.49		3.4 - 9.8 )
Operation	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 11	1.60					( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.67			2.81		( 3.4 - 9.8 )
l	2.2 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 12.7	1.39	1.68	1.68	3.26	8.0	( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.50	2.16	2.16	3.59	9.4	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
l	2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 11.9	1.49	1.79					1.62			2.72		
l	2.2 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 13.5	1.30	1.57		3.05		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.44			3.46		
l	2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 12.7	1.39	2.20				( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.56			2.61	9.4	
l	2.2 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 14.4	1.23	1.95					1.39			3.34		
I	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 10.6	2.00	2.00				( 2.9 - 9.2 )	2.35			2.35		
I	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 11.5	1.85	1.85				( 2.9 - 9.2 )	2.26			2.63		
I	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 5.15	= 13.1	1.62	1.62	1.62	3.15	8.0	( 2.9 - 9.2 )	2.01	2.01	2.01	3.36	9.4 (	( 3.4 - 9.8 )
I	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 12.3	1.72	1.72				( 2.9 - 9.2 )	2.17			2.53		
I	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 5.15	= 14	1.52	1.52		2.95		( 2.9 - 9.2 )	1.94			3.24		
I												2.44		
I	2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 13.2	1.61	2.13				( 2.9 - 9.2 )	2.09					
	3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 14	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	8.0	( 2.9 - 9.2 )	2.35	2.35	2.35	2.35	9.4 (	3.4 - 9.8 )



# Table 2

								Indoor Unit	Capacity (	kW)				
	Indoor Unit Combination					COOLIN	IG					HEATIN	IG	
	Indoor offic combination		Room	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performance	Room	Room	Room	Room	Total	Performance
			Α	В	С	D	Capacity (	Min Max.)	Α	В	С	D	Capacity	( Min Max. )
Single-room	2.65	= 2.65	2.65				2.65	( 1.5 - 3.2 )	3.60				3.6	( 1.8 - 4.7 )
Operation	3.5	= 3.5	3.50				3.5	1.6 - 3.6 )	4.20				4.2	( 1.9 - 5.1 )
2-room	2.65 + 2.65	= 5.3	2.60	2.60			5.2 (	( 2.0 - 6.0 )	3.50	3.50			7.0	( 2.4 - 8.3 )
Operation	2.65 + 3.5	= 6.15	2.43	3.22			5.65	( 2.0 - 7.0 )	3.44	4.01			7.5	( 2.6 - 8.3 )
Operation	3.5 + 3.5	= 7	3.18	3.18			6.35	2.2 - 8.0 )	3.93	3.93			7.85	( 2.9 - 8.3 )
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 7.95	2.30	2.30	2.30		6.9	( 2.5 - 8.1 )	2.88	2.88	2.88		8.65	( 3.4 - 9.2 )
3-room	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 8.8	2.14	2.14	2.82		7.1 (	( 2.7 - 8.5 )	2.75	2.75	3.21		8.7	( 3.4 - 9.6 )
Operation	2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 9.65	2.02	2.67	2.67		7.35	( 2.7 - 8.5 )	2.64	3.08	3.08		8.8	( 3.4 - 9.6 )
	3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 10.5	2.52	2.52	2.52		7.55 (	( 2.9 - 8.5 )	2.97	2.97	2.97		8.9	( 3.4 - 9.6 )
	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65	= 10.6	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	7.6	( 2.9 - 8.7 )	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	9.2	( 3.4 - 9.6 )
4-room	2.65 + 2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5	= 11.5	1.76	1.76	1.76	2.32	7.6	( 2.9 - 8.7 )	2.21	2.21	2.21	2.58	9.2	( 3.4 - 9.6 )
Operation	2.65 + 2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 12.3	1.64	1.64	2.16	2.16	7.6	( 2.9 - 8.7 )	2.12	2.12	2.48	2.48	9.2	( 3.4 - 9.6 )
Operation	2.65 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 13.2	1.53	2.02	2.02	2.02	7.6	2.9 - 8.7 )	2.04	2.39	2.39	2.39	9.2	( 3.4 - 9.6 )
	3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5 + 3.5	= 14	1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90	7.6	2.9 - 8.7	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.30	9.2	( 3.4 - 9.6 )

- When one or more SAP-KRVxxEHDS indoor units are operated concurrently with one or more SAP-KMRVxxEH indoor units, the performance specifications of the SAP-KRVxxEHDS models will decrease by 5% from those listed in the Table 2.
- The table lists the wall-mounted type of indoor units as representative models.
- For details on the connection of indoor units other than the wall-mounted type, refer to the catalog.



SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. Osaka, Japan Jan. / 2010 Printed in Japan (T)